

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

ARCHITECTURAL R E C O R D



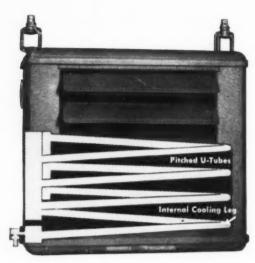


ARCHITECTURE OF THE NORTHWEST

NORTHWEST HOUSES

BUILDING TYPES STUDY NUMBER

197



when buying unit heaters

be sure you get this ...not this! MMMM

With THERMOLIER...

NTINUOUS RATED CAPACITY

the Grinnell Unit Heater . . . you get









Delivery

Textile Velocity Vertical Model Nozzle Delivery

INTERNAL COOLING LEG A Grinnell feature which permits the use of a plain thermostatic trap for draining condensate.

THERMOLIER FEATURES

PITCHED U-TUBES Built-in pitch of U-tubes provides complete drainage of condensate and elimination of destructive water hammer.

CONTINUOUS RATED CAPACITY The combination of Thermolier's internal cooling leg and the built-in pitch of tubes assures continuous rated capacity.

BUILT-IN EXPANSION PROVISIONS Every tube is an expansion bend of the U type to allow for independent expansion and contraction of each tube.

TUBE-TO-HEADER CONSTRUCTION Safety and durability assured by unique tube-to-header construction.

EASE OF ERECTION Exclusive with Thermolier are the adjustable swivel couplings which provide an easy, cost-saving method of hanging the unit.

SIMPLE PIPE CONNECTIONS The supply and return piping connections are on the same side to assure compactness, neatness and economy in installation.

MOTORS Thermolier motors are built specifically for unit heater duty. They give maximum operating efficiency with minimum power cost.

The practical advantages of unit heating, of course, are well known. But in order to get *maximum* economy and efficiency, certain engineering and structural features *must be* present in the unit heater of your choice.

Take provisions for draining off condensate. Failure to provide freedom from collected condensate in the heating element can interfere with heat output and adversely affect capacity.

A Thermolier Unit Heater successfully handles this drainage problem with its pitched U-tubes and internal cooling leg, through which all the condensate passes. In fact, condensate cooling is so efficient with Grinnell Thermoliers that a thermostatic trap—the simplest and least expensive of all traps—can be used with every model. Condensate temperature is lowered to the point where the trap is always draining—giving Thermolier Unit Heaters their continuous rated capacity.

Check Thermolier's advantages at left. For more details, call your local Grinnell distributor — or send for catalog.

GRINNELL

THERMOLIER UNIT HEATERS



Grinnell Company, Inc., Providence, Rhode Island

Coast-to-Coast Network of Branch Warehouses and Distributors

Manufacturer of: pipe fittings • welding fittings • forged steel flanges • steel nipples • engineered pipe hangers and supports
Thermolier unit heaters • Grinnell-Saunders diaphragm valves • prefabricated piping • Grinnell automatic fire protection systems

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD (Vol. 113, No. 4, April, 1953) is published monthly by F. W. Dodge Corp., 10 Ferry Street, Concord, N. H., with editorial and (Regular Edition) executive offices at 119 W. 40th St., New York 18, N. Y. \$4.50 per year; Foreign, \$6.50.

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office, Concord, N. H., March 16, 1946, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

ARCHITECTURAL RECOR

Copyright 1953 by F. W. DODICE CORPORATION, with all rights reserved • Publishing Director, Magazine Divi sion, H. Judd Payne • Business Manager, Robert F Marshall . EDITORS: Executive Editor, Joseph B. Mason Managing Editor, Emerson Goble; Senior asso-ciate Editor, Frank G. Lopez, A.I.A.; Associate Editors James S. Hornbeck, A.J.A., Robert E., Fischer (Engineering), Florence A. van Wyck, Herbert I. Smith, Jr., A.J.A., Jeanne M. Davern (News)
Elisabeth Kendali Thompson (Western), Contributing Editors; Ernest Mickel (Washington), John Caulfield Smith, M.R.A.J.C (Canada) Assistant Editors: Jeanne G. Whitheck (Reader Service), Enid Belding (Books), Carl Sclarenco (News): Editorial Assistant, Patricia O'Dono-van • **DESIGN:** Consultant, M. Peter Piening: Director, Alfred Peter-Assistants: Donald Ervin, Joseph D'Amato: Drafting, Sigman-Ward • CONSULTANTS: Industry Relations Consultant, Thomas S. Holden: atistical Consultant, Clyde Shute; Field Consultant, Clifford Dunnells, In. Public Relations Consultant, Samuel C. Pace.

11

٧.

n

e n

e h 0

h

ems

Alchitectural Record (combined with American Architect and Architectural is published monthly by F. W. Dodge Corporation, 10 Ferry Treef, Concord, N. H., with editorial and executive afficas at 149. West 40th Streef, New York 18, N. Y. Western editorial office, 2877 whisto Road, Berkeley R. Cailli.
Chairman of the board, James McV. Breed, vice chairman of the rard, Paul Abbott; president, Thomas S. Holden; vice president and resurer. Howard Barringer; secretary, Sanford D. Stockton, Jr.; vice residents frying W. Hodsell, Chauncey I. Williams, H. Judd Payne, Oliver Morgan; assistant secretaries: George W. Morgan, Ir., filliam C. Breed, Jr., assistant vice presidents: Clyde Shute, Clifford Dunnells, Jr., Howard M. Thompson, Marc Wayne, Robert F. Burshall; assistant reasurers: Walter F. DeSaix, Edwin H. Freed, and B. Statis; regional vice presidents: Carl S. Bennett, Ralph M. Asson, Julius T. Little, Richard H. Ray, "Inscription rates: United States and possessions, Canada, Cuba, "Statis of the Paynes, S9 for three years, elsewhere, 86.50 a year, \$1.50 for the years, \$15 for three years. Single copy \$2. Circulation manager, Member of Audit Bureau of Circulations and Associated Business declared. The Communications. Architectural Record is indexed in Readers' Guide to Architectural Recor

ry effort will be made to return material submitted for possible Certy effort will be mode to return material submitted for possible publication (if accompanied by stamped, addressed envelope), but the estimated that the corporation will not be responsible for loss or damage. Chier Dodge services: Dodge Reports and Dodge Statistical Re-search Service; Sweet's Files, Home Owners' Catalogs, Chicago Construction News, Daily Pacific Builder, Denver Daily Journal, Real Estate Record & Builders' Guide.

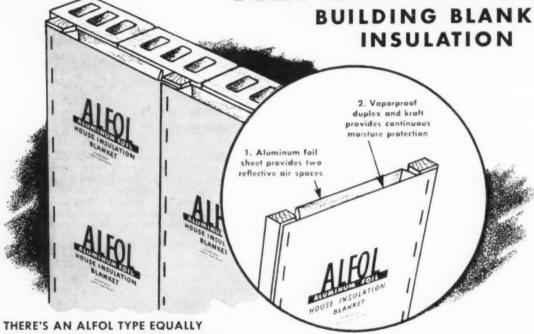
Cover: Right, W. W. Wessinger House, Portland, Ore. Walter Gordon, Architect; photo by Dearborn-Massar. Left, photos by Ray Atkeson

Vol. 113 · No. 4 Apr	il 1	953
THE RECORD REPORTS		9
	9	
Perspectives	24	
News from Washington, By Ernest Mickel	38	
Construction Cost Indexes	42	
Periodical Report	350	
Current Trends in Construction	376	
REQUIRED READING		46
ARCHITECTURE OF THE NORTHWEST		133
THE NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE OF PIETRO BELLUSCHI	134	
HAVE WE AN INDIGENOUS NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE?	140	
A SYMPOSIUM	140	
BUILDING TYPES STUDY NO. 197		
HOUSES OF THE NORTHWEST		147
Paul von Bergen House, Portland, Ore. John Storrs, Designer	147	
Thomas Dixon House, Portland, Ore. Van Evera Bailey, Architect	152	
W. W. Wessinger House, Portland, Ore. Walter Gordon, Architect	156	
Alden Mason House, Seattle, Wash, Victor Steinbrueck, Architect	159	
Jack Wolf House, Mercer Island, Wash. Robert H. Dietz, Architect	164	
Thomas David Stimson House, Seattle, Wash. Paul Thiry, Architect	166	
William J. Bain House, Seattle, Wash. William J. Bain and Harrison Over-		
turf, Architects	170	
Carl Erikson House, Hunts Point, Wash. Young & Richardson; Carleton & Detlie, Architects	173	
David van Brown House, Hilltop Community, Wash. Bassetti & Morse, Architects	176	
ARCHITECTURAL INTERIORS	162	, 169
LEVER BROTHERS' NEW RESEARCH CENTER Edgewater, N. J. Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Architects		179
		104
DRIVE-IN BANK STRESSES ROADSIDE ADVERTISING Six Points Branch, First National Bank of Arizona, Phoenix, Ariz. Edwar Varney Associates, Architects and Engineers	d L.	184
THE SCHOOL AS A DURABLE ASSET		190
Highland Elementary School in Westfield, Mass. James A. Britton, Archite	et	
ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING		
PROGRESS IN HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING		
1 RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION AND PLUMBING (PART 1)		196
I RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION		
1 RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION AND PLUMBING (PART 1)	ALL	
1 RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION AND PLUMBING (PART 1). By Nathan N. Wolpert, Associate Editor, Heating and Ventilating 2 PLANNING FOR YEAR-*ROUND AIR CONDITIONING OF SM BUILDINGS By S. F. Gilman, Research Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineer	ALL ering,	202
1 RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION AND PLUMBING (PART 1). By Nathan N. Wolpert, Associate Editor, Heating and Ventilating 2 PLANNING FOR YEAR-'ROUND AIR CONDITIONING OF SM BUILDINGS By S. F. Gilman, Research Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineer University of Illinois	ALL ering,	202
1 RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION AND PLUMBING (PART 1). By Nathan N. Wolpert, Associate Editor, Heating and Ventilating 2 PLANNING FOR YEAR-'ROUND AIR CONDITIONING OF SM BUILDINGS By S. F. Gilman, Research Assistant Professor of Mechanical Enginee University of Illinois 3 PRODUCTS FOR BETTER BUILDING.	ALL ring,	196 202 206 208 211
RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITION AND PLUMBING (PART 1) By Nathan N. Wolpert, Associate Editor, Heating and Ventilating PLANNING FOR YEAR-'ROUND AIR CONDITIONING OF SM BUILDINGS By S. F. Gilman, Research Assistant Professor of Mechanical Enginee University of Illinois PRODUCTS FOR BETTER BUILDING.	ALL ering,	202 206 208

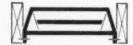
Over an inch of Insulating Efficiency plus a positive vapor barrier—all in the $^{7}/_{8}$ inch space of a furred out Masonry Wall!

ALFOL TYPE 1A

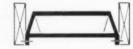
INSULATION



EFFICIENT FOR EVERY INSULATION NEED



ALFOL Type IV-Four reflective air spaces for the utmost in thermal efficiency.



ALFOL Type III-Three reflective air spaces-ideal for crawl spaces, unfinished ceilings.



ALFOL Type II-Three reflective air spaces - designed to be applied across stud faces.



ALFOL Type I-Two reflective air spaces-in mild climates at lowest cost and top efficiency.

Alfol Type 1A Insulation is specially made for standard masonry construction. It is the only insulation that provides over an inch of insulation value plus a positive, continuous vapor barrier in the usual 7/8" clearance available in 1" x 2" furred masonry walls. Refurring expense is eliminated!

Type 1A has proved effective in hundreds of installations in every section of the country. When applied the pure aluminum foil automatically "pops out" to form two reflective air spaces equal in thermal value to more than an inch of insulation. The heavy vaporproof duplex and kraft backing by which Alfol is applied across the face of the furring assures a positive, continuous vapor barrier.

> Write for free literature and complete details - Address Dept. AR-1

"FIRST IN REFLECTIVE INSULATION"

REFLECTAL

A Subsidiary of 155 EAST 44th ST.



CORPORATION

Borg-Warner NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

PERSPECTIVES

NO EAGLE HE: Before it emerged in its present form (see page 20), John Detlie's Siwash Indian Thunderbird design for a "symbol" for the 1953 A.I.A. convention in Seattle provided an example of the perils of symbolism in a politically sensitive age. "Some of the A.I.A. boys," reports Mr. Detlie, "thought they detected a flavor of the NRA eagle" - so the right wing was made horizontal and bipartisan acceptance was achieved. To the best of our recollection, the blue eagle never clutched a salmon either - and Mr. Detlie's Thunderbird is grasping one "to furnish a vicarious thrill for Easterners who may not be so lucky next June." In general the design is described by Mr. Detlie as "a free interpretation of the kind of thing the Haida Indians of Oueen Charlotte Islands might have done" if available to the committee.

On the boards: schools, commercial buildings and industrial buildings, in that order, according to the reports of A.I.A. regional directors at their semiannual meeting in Washington March 3-4. Defense jobs were far down the list percentage-wise, but military-connected projects (schools, housing and community facilities) were keeping architects busy almost everywhere. Activity was reported up in the Northwest and on the Pacific Coast, in the Gulf States and the South Atlantic states; at last year's level in the Western Mountain, Great Lakes, North Central and New York areas; down in the New England, Middle Atlantic and Central States.

NEW AMERICAN STANDARD: Anybody who underrates the impact of the tele-

vision age should be advised of this recent report by W. C. Johnson, vice president in charge of sales for Admiral Corporation: Chicago now has more television sets in use (1,360,000) than home telephones (1,320,000) or bathtubs (1,260,000).

Architecture applied to millinery: that's Sally Victor's description of a certain spring hat of "Derain pink" balibuntal (don't ask us) straw. It's called, with no false scruples about mixed metaphors, "Airwave," and it's right pretty. Looks a little as though the lady had been overawed by some thin-shell concrete structures. The thought keeps occurring that if architecture as architecture got as many free notices as architecture as something it isn't, the A.I.A. could forget its \$100,000 public relations program. In politics, for example, non-architect "architects" are more prominent than politicians these days - the President himself is "the architect of victory in Europe" and his Secretary of State is "the architect of the Japanese peace treaty"; the rest of the Cabinet will no doubt in time turn out to be architects too. With all the provocation, the wonder is that more architects don't turn out to be statesmen.

What's wrong with houses? Only four per cent were classified as "satisfied customers" in a recent sample survey of 1000 home buyers by the Housing and Home Finance Agency. The complaints, and the percentage of home buyers voicing each: rooms too small — 50 per cent; inadequate storage space — 45 per cent; unsatisfactory laundry arrangements —

33½ per cent; inconvenient layout of rooms — 25 per cent; not enough space for furniture in bedrooms — 23 per cent; inadequate working or eating space in the kitchen — 19 per cent.

THAT ELUSIVE SUPERLATIVE: If Time's February 23rd piece about the 1000-ft-long Administration Building of Mexico's University City didn't call it "the longest building in the western hemisphere" it wasn't for lack of trying. Record editors, who are not often consulted by Time Inc., regretfully told an earnest young Time researcher they couldn't guarantee such a superlative; and then, in response to a second telephone call, an hour later, that they didn't even know whether it was "the longest building in Central America.' Well, Time managed to find some superlatives someplace, anyway.

RANDOM NOTES: Nearly a quarter of the nation's 16,500 supermarkets now have "soft goods" (apparel) departments, according to Supermarket Merchandising; as recently as 1946 only one per cent had them. . . . The Pennsylvania State Bankers Association reports more than seven per cent of the state's banks have installed drive-in facilities; another 40 institutions plan to add them. . . . Solution to one traffic problem may be overhead conveyor belt: Cleveland, where the transit authority has already proposed a belt conveyor passenger subway, is considering a four-and-a-half-mile overhead freight belt to relieve a traffic bottleneck on the Cuyahoga River between Cleveland Harbor and the ore mills.

Tommy Weber

Two old friends are honored: Grosvenor Atterbury, F.A.I.A. (far right), was awarded the Medal of Hanor of the New York Chapter, A.I.A., at the chapter's annual dinner. The Medal was accepted for Mr. Atterbury, who is no longer able to leave his house, by his old friend William Adams Delano, F.A.I.A., shown at right (center) with William Lescaze (left) and Chapter President Hugh Ferriss as he received the award. It was later announced that Mr. Delano will receive the 1953 Gold Medal of the American Institute of Architects.





AWARDS OF HONOR

Right: residence for Mr. and Mrs. William Foster in Orinda was one of two buildings which scored awards of honor for their architect, Henry Hill



rley Bae



ynard L. Parke



mest Broun

Above: architect George T. Rockrise won an honor award with his design for this house for Mrs. P. K. Gilman at Kentwoodlands

Above: an honor award winner near Carmel. Residence for Charles G. Sawyer, Anshen & Allen, architects

Near right: "Cargoes" shop in San Francisco won an honor award for Skidmore, Owings & Merrill. Far right; Bay Hill Apartments, second honor award winner by Henry Hill



Roger Sturtevant



Roger Sturtevant

Morley Baer





Far left: leisure house for John Carden Campbell at Mill Valley earned honor award for Campbell & Wong. Near left: Confer & Ostwald scored with house for E. B. Wienand, San Francisco

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA ARCHITECTS HOLD A COMPETITION

Region's First Contest in 20 Years Brings Awards to 43 Buildings

In a competition which so impressed the jury it expressed regret that even more entries could not be premiated, 43 awards have been presented to winning architects. The competition was the 1953 Honor Awards Program conducted jointly by three California chapters of the American Institute of Architects, the Northern California, East Bay and Coast Valleys chapters. On these three pages some of the buildings which won Awards of Honor or Awards of Merit for their architects are shown.

First of its kind to be held in the area since 1932, the program was open to all architects of buildings located within the territory covered by the three chapters, regardless of the architects' places of residence. A total of 151 entries in all categories of work was submitted by 67 different architectural firms. Sixteen Awards of Honor and 27

Awards of Merit were made by a jury which included Pietro Belluschi, dean of the School of Architecture and planning of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Richard Neutra of Los Angeles and Edward D. Stone of New York.

Although buildings dating back as far as 1932—to the last such competition held in the area—were eligible in the program, the majority of the entries were of post World War II vintage. There was only one mid-thirties entry. Two pre-war buildings, a 1940 residence by William Wurster and a 1939 hotel restaurant by the late Timothy Pfleuger, won merit awards. Some of the entries, and winners, were buildings still in the project stage.

Unusual in its own right was the jury's report, which laid particular stress on the humanistic qualities of the region's architecture, "qualities which characterize a situation where rigid tradition has been loosened but not lost." The jury congratulated the architects of the region for "their wonderful accomplishments not only in design but in (their relationships with their clients and the public)" and commented that the exhibition would "open many more eyes and bring happiness to many who, immersed in their daily worries, have perhaps not thought what a carefully designed house, working space or school building can do for the souls of human beings of all ages."

The jury expressed confidence that "the vigorously developing area now reviewed in its past 20 years of architectural evaluation may well lead a golden age of great revitalization in the next 20 years, with the help of . . . well trained architects, conscientious and aware of their responsibility."

AWARDS OF HONOR

Corpus Christi Church, San Francisco, Mario J. Ciampi, Architect.

Red Cross Building, San Francisco, Gardner A. Dailey, Architect.

Building for Schukl & Co., Inc., Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, Architects.

House for Charles G. Sawyer, near Carmel, Anshen & Allen, Architects.

Leisure House for John Carden Campbell, Mill Valley, Campbell and Wong, Architects.

AWARDS OF MERIT

House at Gavello Glen, Anshen & Allen, Architects.

Office Building for Coast Counties Gas & Electric Co., Walnut Creek, Anshen & Allen, Architects. House for Mr. & Mrs. Frank Greene, Sausalito, Campbell & Woon, Architects.

Campbell & Wong, Architects.
House for Mrs. Elmina Underwood, Pebble
Beach, Campbell & Wong, Architects.

Home Economics Building, Davis Campus, University of California, Hervey Parke Clark & John F. Beuttler, Architects; Robert J. Evans, Supervising Architect.

Bank of California, N.A., Mission Branch, San Francisco, Hervey Parke Clark & John F. Beuttler, Architects.

Administration Office Building for the Magna Engineering Corporation, Birge M. Clark and Walter Stromquist, Architects.

House for Mrs. P. K. Gilman, Kentwoodlands, George T. Rockrise, Architect.

House for E. B. Wienand, San Francisco, Confer & Ostwold, Architects.
House for Mr. & Mrs. William Foster, Orinda,

Henry Hill, Architect.

Bay Hill Apartments, San Francisco, Henry Hill,

Bay Hill Apartments, San Francisco, Henry Hill Architect.

"Cargoes" Shop, San Francisco, Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Architects.

American Seed & Nursery Co. Building, San

Blue Cross Building, Oakland, Confer & Willis, Architects.

House for Mr. and Mrs. William Corlett, William Corlett, Architect.

Greenbrae Elementary School, Marin County, William Corlett, Architect.

Holy Innocents' Episcopal Church, Corte Madera, Crawford & Mann, Architects.

Crawford & Mann, Architects.

House for Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Cohen, San
Francisco, Joseph Esherick, Architect.

Richmond Memorial Youth Center, Donald L. Hardison, Architect.

House for Mr. and Mrs. Ellis L. Jacobs, Ellis L. Jacobs, Architect.

Katherine Delmar Burke School, San Francisco, Donald Beach Kirby & Thomas B. Mulvin, Architects. Carwash for Hanna Stations, Francis Joseph McCarthy, Architect.

House for Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd A. Myers, San Rafael, Frank O. Merwin, Architect. Francisco, Francis Joseph McCarthy, Architect.

Mira Vista Elementary School, John Carl Warnecke, Architect.

Roland's Cocktail Lounge, San Francisco, Mario Gaidano, Architect.

Del Monte Laundry, Monterey, Gardner A. Dailey and Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Architects. Allied Arts Guild Sales Building, Menlo Park, Germano Milano, Architect.

Garden House for Mr. & Mrs. Graeme K. Mac-Donald, Germano Milano, Architect.

Pool Lanai for Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ducato, Atherton, Germano Milano, Architect. "Top of the Mark," Mark Hopkins Hotel, San

Francisco, Timothy L. Pfleuger, Architect.
Alhambra Union High School, Martinez, John

Lyon Reid, Architect.
East Bay Telephone Building, Oakland, Harry A.

Thomsen and Aleck L. Wilson, Architects.

Hayward Public Library, John Carl Warnecke,
Architect.

Sunset Community Center, San Francisco, Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, Architects.

Stern Dormitory, University of California, Berkeley, Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, Architects.
House for Mr. and Mrs. Donn Emmons, Tiburon,

Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, Architects.

House for Mr. and Mrs. Albert M. Smith, Stock-

ton, Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, Architects. House for Dr. & Mrs. Saxton Pope, Orinda, Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, Architects.



Above: Office building for Coast Counties Gas & Electric Co. in Walnut Creek won merit award for Anshen & Allen, who also got an honor award



Before and after; Holy Innocents' Episcopal Church, Corte Madera, Crawford & Mann, architects, only remodeling job among winners



Roger Sturtevan



These buildings also won merit awards: Above: Alhambra Union High School, Martinez, John Lyon Reid, architect. Right, Administration Office Building for Magna Engineering Corp., Birge M. Clark and Walter Stromquist, architects





Above: Katherine Delmar Burke School, San Francisco, was a merit award winner. Architects are Donald Beach Kirby and Thomas B. Mulvin. Below: Only library building among the award winners. Hayward Public Library, John Carl Warnecke, architect



Rondal Partridge



Two more merit award winners: Above: Richmond Memorial Youth Center, Donald L. Hardison, architect. Right, Sunset Community Center, San Francisco, Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons, architects



Ernest Braun









Edward M. Allen

Left E. P. Schreier, architect, Floyd Koontz, Rolscreen Company; A. G. Gutterson, architect with U. S. Public Health Service, L. F. Mulqueen, specifications, Veterans Administration; Ralph Sprenger, Chamberlain Company of America; C. J. Poiesz,

architectural engineer, USPHS; Theodore Coe, A.I.A. (Right) Dr. William O. Wilson, U. S. Office of Education; Dr. Robert A. Boyd, research physicist in charge of Daylighting Laboratory, University of Michigan; Carl T. Thye, U. S. Office of Education

INFORMATION FOR ARCHITECTS: PRODUCERS PROVIDE IT

EFFORTS OF THE PRODUCERS' COUNCIL to get complete and accurate information about new building products to architects have been sparked by meetings like the recent joint session of the Washington, D. C., Producers' Council and American Institute of Architects' chapters.

Dr. Robert A. Boyd, research physi-

cist in charge of the Daylighting Laboratory sponsored at the University of Michigan by the Kimble Glass Company, discussed the laboratory and its work and described Kimble's new glass block for skylights now in production. His talk was illustrated with slides.

In another type of meeting with architects currently being sponsored by the

Producers' Council, members of the Pittsburgh chapters of the A.I.A. and the Council recently held a joint session at which a producers' panel discussed trends in baseboard heating. On the panel were representatives of American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp., Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., Bell & Gossett Co. and Detroit Controls Co.

1953 A.I.A. GOLD MEDAL TO WILLIAM ADAMS DELANO

WILLIAM ADAMS DELANO, F.A.I.A., of the New York architectural firm of Delano and Aldrich, has been chosen to receive the 1953 Gold Medal of the American Institute of Architects, highest professional honor the Institute can bestow. In accordance with tradition, the Medal will be presented at the annual convention in June.

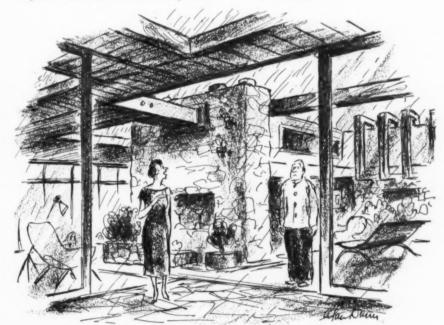
Other annual awards to be made at the convention have been announced as follows: the Fine Arts Medal, highest award the A.I.A. can give in the fine arts outside the field of architecture, to Donald Hord, sculptor, of San Diego; the Craftsmanship Medal, the A.I.A.'s highest award for craftsmanship in the fields of metals, masonry, wood, glass, pottery, textiles and other industrial arts, to Emile Frei, stained glass artisan, of St. Louis; and the Edward C. Kemper Award "for service to the Institute" to Gerrit J. de Gelleke, F.A.I.A., of Milwankee. The Kemper award was established in 1950 in memory of the Institute's executive director 1914-1948.

Honorary Members Named

Two new honorary members will be welcomed by the A.I.A., also at the June convention. They are Gurdon M. Butler, dean emeritus of the University of Ari-

zona's College of Engineering, which he headed from 1940–1952; and Frank R. Creedon, director of installations for the Department of Defense. Honorary mem-

berships are bestowed on persons who have "rendered distinguished service to the profession of architecture or to allied arts or sciences."



-Drawn for the RECORD by Alan Dunn

"Close and secure all primary wall openings, slide the sunlight roof to full closure, fasten down the canvas weather screening and close all secondary ports—it's beginning to rain—"

ALBERT M. COLE BECOMES HHFA ADMINISTRATOR

By Ernest Mickel

Last month the Senate easily confirmed Albert M. Cole as administrator of the Housing and Home Finance Agency. The final approval of the former Congressman from Kansas came following a stormy meeting of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee during which the candidate was submitted to some piercing questioning by the group's chief supporters of government housing programs.

It was plain immediately that Mr. Cole had extensive plans for reorganizing HHFA both as to policy and operation. There were limits set by law, however, beyond which he could not go on the former. His detailed plans for operation changes awaited a "study" of the entire structure which he said the White House had asked him to make with an open mind.



New chief of HHFA: Albert M. Cole, former Representative from Kansas

Foley Manages to Resign

Former Administrator Raymond M. Foley, in leaving the coordinating agency which he nursed into being in 1947, said he had made several recommendations in the proper places for certain changes in HHFA operation, but he refused to divulge what these were.

Mr. Foley did say he had wanted out of the post two years ago but was then talked into staying. He had established some sort of record by resigning, as it were, to three men in a short space of time - Truman, Stevenson and Eisenhower. He told Former Governor Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois, when Mr. Stevenson was the Democratic candidate for President, that he was through as housing administrator. Then, when President Eisenhower was elected, Mr. Foley prepared his resignation all over again and submitted it the day the new President took office. He stayed on, however, till Mr. Cole could be confirmed.

Cole: Where Does He Stand?

Mr. Cole was in the peculiar position of taking over administration of some programs he openly disliked. He opposed the Housing Act of 1949 when he was a member of the House of Representatives, voting against all phases of it. Confronted with this fact during the Senate Banking Committee hearing, he said he took the negative attitude in the fear that enactment of some of the provisions would give Washington bureaucrats a dangerous hold on the American people.

Senator John Sparkman (D-Ala.), who has fathered many housing programs in the past, expressed deep concern over this opposition to the 1949 bill, the one that proved to be the basic legislation for the present operations; but he voted for Mr. Cole in the showdown.

A similar pattern was adopted by Senator Irving Ives (R-N.Y.), who also peppered Mr. Cole with critical questions at the open hearing, then voted to support him for the new position. Senator Paul Douglas (D-Ill.), who delved seriously into the interest rate question when Mr. Cole was on the witness stand, voted against the nominee in the executive committee meeting, as did Senator Herbert H. Lehman (D-N.Y.). Thirteen members of the group supported him.

No Little Job

If there was any doubt as to the magnitude of Cole's new undertaking, Senator Burnet Maybank (D-S.C.) gave it at least its due with his comment: "You have the biggest job in this government to my way of thinking."

Senator Maybank, who is ranking member of the Senate committee, said he did not know of any position as important as that of the housing administrator. He added by way of hopeful observation: "If you can get these housing matters together, if you can cut out the waste and extravagance, such as in the Army and the Navy housing that we have heard of (in the Canal Zone, for instance, and in Alaska), you can be of great service to this country."

Getting Under Way

Mr. Cole immediately set himself to the task of carrying out the White House mandate. Even before Mr. Foley left the office, Mr. Cole was established at a desk across the hall. Thus he settled down to his "study" of the agency; and with an open mind.

Housing for low-income families was placed first among the problems confronting the new administrator. Avoiding at every turn use of the words "public housing," Mr. Cole said repeatedly he wanted to study the question of housing the indigent and the nearindigent. He made a point of the fact that a plan for private enterprise to do the job completely had never been tried.

At one point, Mr. Cole said this:
"... I am not opposed to public housing as such; or I shall put it another way: I am not opposed to the assistance of low-income people to obtain low-rental units. This assistance, if it should come through the federal government, that is fine. I would like to localize it as much as possible, however. I think loo much of it has been centered in Washington."

(Continued on page 304)

keep office space efficient...

at Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.



Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. Home Office Building New York, N. Y.

Architects: Reinhard, Hofmeister & Walquist

Builders: George A. Fuller Co.



ou nt

iid 111-

ful 18ut in at OF of

ft

d

)-

0 11

T

d

Mills Walls require no maintenance other than an occasional washing to keep them looking attractive and new.



Wiring for light, phone and air conditioning controls is easily installed in base, cornice and panel connections.



There will be no dust or debris when these semi-private offices are rearranged. Whole sections of Mills Walls may be moved intact, all parts used over and over again.



Mills exclusive all-welded panel construction provides maximum structural stability, dignified, modern, architectural design.



The Mills Movable Walls Catalog is a practical 48-page workbook on Space Control. We'll gladly send you a copy upon request.



ALBERTA: OIL BOOM ARCHITECTURE

Building and Planning in the Province

Are Surveyed by the R.A.I.C.'s Journal

A PHENOMENAL NUMBER of buildings have been added to a wild and beautiful landscape since Alberta's oil boom started in 1947. The architecture which has emerged is examined in essay and photograph in the February issue of the Journal of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada.

A number of the new buildings presented in the issue, which devotes its entire contents to the province, are reproduced here. Besides these, the issue includes several articles on aspects of art and architecture in the province, together with a foreword by the Hon. Ernest C. Manning, the Premier of Alberta, and an editorial by Cecil Burgess of Edmonton, a member of the Journal's editorial board.

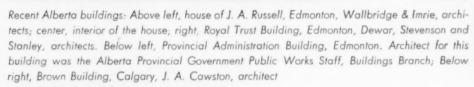
Among the articles in the issue is a discussion of Alberta's resources and developments, contributed by the Hon. Alfred J. Hooke, who analyses in detail the assets of the province. Mr. Hooke is currently Alberta's Minister of Economic Affairs and Minister of Public Works.

Brahm Wiesman, assistant town planner for the city of Edmonton writes on the concentrated town and rural planning which has taken place in the province during the last four years. Mr. Wiesman surveys the history of planning in the area since the province's founding and analyses recent developments in terms of the evolved principles which are the basic guide for planning in the province today.

Other articles include a report on the activities of the Calgary Allied Arts Council by Maxwell Bates, a discussion of art in Alberta by Ira Young, and an article on arts and handicrafts in the province by Blake MacKenzie, Coordinator of Cultural Activities for Alberta.















In commercial buildings, institutions, homes Pella WOOD FOLDING DOORS

- · SAVE SPACE
- DIVIDE ROOMS
- GIVE FULL ACCES-SIBILITY TO CLOSETS
- INSTALL EASILY
- FINISHED OR UNFINISHED

Only **Pella** offers the natural beauty of WOOD in a quality folding door of lasting construction. Individual panels, $\frac{3}{8}$ " thick and $\frac{35}{8}$ " wide, joined by continuous spring hinging, stack to 6" for the average interior door opening. Track with concealing wood mould, all attaching hardware and latch are supplied as standard items. Pella doors are prefitted to install quickly and easily in any prepared opening. Fashioned from

pine, oak, mahogany or birch. Specify painted, clear varnished or unfinished. Custom-built to your specifications or available in stock sizes. For complete details, write Dept. E-19,

Rolscreen Company, Pella, Iowa.





PLAN WITH Pella PRODUCTS MADE BY ROLSCREEN COMPANY, PELLA, IOWA



79000



Parke WOOD CASEMENTS



Beth



PARE LITE-PROOF SHADES



PME VENETIAN BLINDS

APRIL 1953

CANADA (Continued from page 24)

Right: This farmers' market will form part of the \$2,000,000 Crang Plaza Shopping Center in North York Township, Ont. It will include vending facilities for 40 farmers. Stores in the building will be designed to open onto the market floor. Architect is Maurice D. Klein, with Crang & Booke, Associate Architects, all of Toronto





Toronto Architect is Head of Assembly Arrangements

Leonard E. Shore, Toronto architect, has been named chairman of the committee on arrangements for the 46th annual assembly of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada, to be held at Toronto's Royal York Hotel, April 23–25.

Sir Hugh Casson, British architect responsible for all street decorations for the forthcoming Coronation, will be one of the principal program participants. Several architectural exhibitions have been planned for the assembly, including the winning entries for the 1952 Massey Medal Awards and some of the entries in the recent National Gallery competition.

Level of Architects' Incomes Revealed by Census Figures

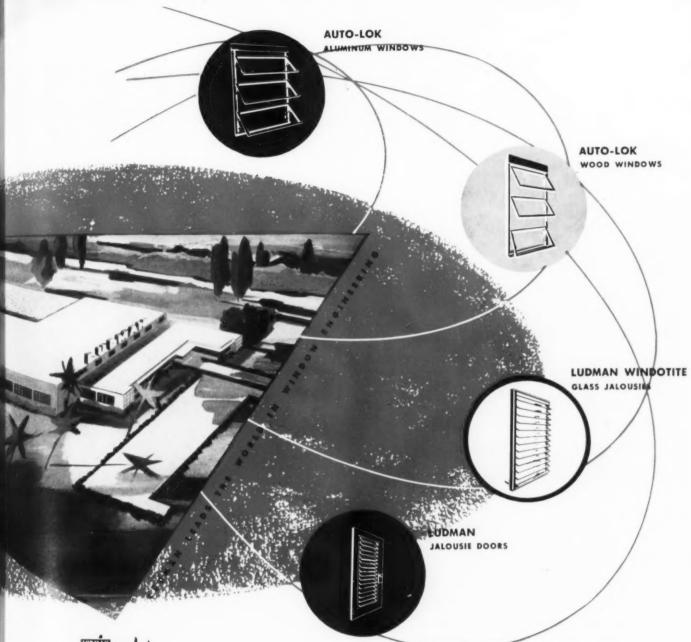
Results of the 1951 census, now beginning to appear, reveal that the proportion of architects who earn \$4000 or more annually is higher than the general average for managerial and professional groups, but not as high as the proportions for dentists, lawyers and physicians. Here are the comparative figures:

	Total	Earning \$4000	% of total earning ever \$4000
All Occupations	3,011,322	164,228	5.5
Managerial	161,929	62,598	38.6
Professional:	178,467	37,376	20.9
Architects	1070	443	41.4
Dentists:	321	180	56.1
Lawyers	2327	1118	47.0
Physicians	4197	2006	47.8

John Wade Elected to Head British Columbia Architects

At the 33rd annual meeting of the Architectural Institute of British Columbia, held recently at Victoria's Em-(Continued on page 30)

AT





WINDOWS ALUMINUM OR WOOD

The greatest advance in window design in over 50 years. Acclaimed by architects for versatility... by builders for economy and ease of installation... by users for light, ventilation, cleaning ease and lifetime trouble-free operation.

The tightest closing windows ever made!

JALOUSIES

AND JALOUSIE DOORS

Immediate acceptance...now INSISTENCE, as all America remodels or builds with jalousies.

Only Ludman WindoTite Jalousies and Jalousie Doors have tension grip louver clips*, adjustable mullions, and finger-tip control which locks in all positions...yet they cost no more.

*patent applied for

ATLANTA . SAN FRANCISCO



CANADA

(Continued from page 26)

press Hotel, John H. Wade of Victoria was elected president. He succeeds P. M. Thornton, who headed the Institute for two years.

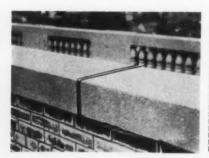
Other new officers include: J. L. Davies, Vancouver, first vice president;





WEATHERCAP

The masonry joints of The New York Public Library are permanently protected by Minwax Weathercap, embedded in Minwax Caulking Compound. Since Weathercap is a strip of pure lead, its neutral grey color harmonizes beautifully with the stone—and it will never discolor or stain the surface. Easily cut to size on the job, Weathercap seals in the compound—keeps it elastic and weathertight for the life of the structure. Write today for complete information.



MINWAX CO., INC. 11 West 42nd Street, New York 34 Please send A.I.A. File No. 7D, with complete specifications on Minwax Weathercap.

ADDRESS

TY STATE

Above: YMCA-YWCA building in Etobicoke Township, Ont., near Toronto, is typical of combined "Y" structures being constructed in growing communities. Architects: Craig & Madill, Toronto

R.A.D. Berwick, Vancouver, re-elected treasurer; F. W. Nicolls, Victoria, honorary secretary; and R. B. Deacon, Vancouver, executive secretary. K. B. Davison, D. S. McNab, and H. N. Semmens, all of Vancouver, were elected Council members to serve two years. Mr. Wade, Mr. Davies and Jocelyn Davidson, Vancouver, all have another year to serve on the council.

New Brunswick Architects Elect Stanley W. Emmerson

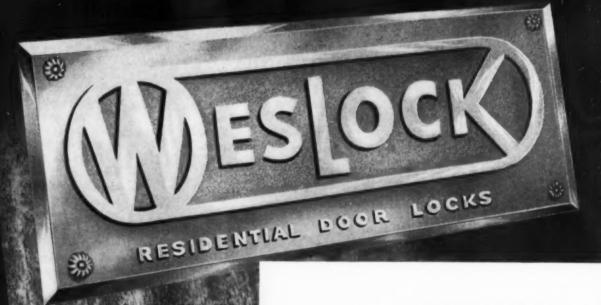
The Architects' Association of New Brunswick met in the Royal York Hotel in Saint John and elected Stanley W. Emmerson of Lancaster as its president for 1953. He succeeds Douglas Jonsson of Fredericton.

Other new officers: Neil M. Stewart, Fredericton, vice president; H. Clair Mott, Saint John, re-elected secretary-treasurer and registrar. Mr. Jonsson, John R. Myles and three members of the executive form the Council. Mr. Jonsson and Mr. Mott will represent the Association at the annual assembly of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada.

Housing Outlook Bright — Starts Double 1952 Level

January figures released by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics give promise that the pace in housing will not slacken. Throughout the country in centers of 5000 or more population, housing starts for the month numbered 2693, a 100 per cent increase of the 1345 registered in January 1952.

(Continued on page 32)



specify WESLOCKS FOR MODERN OR PERIOD DESIGNS

Traditionally, WESLOCKS add that extra decorative touch...for fine residences or budget homes... yet they are attractively priced.

Their originality, distinctive designs and elegance all have earned builder acceptance... millions in use. Beautifully designed escutcheons and handles give you the trim effect you want. Specify WESLOCKS...the Best Lock Buy.

WESTWOOL

MFG. CO.
P. O. BOX 2261, TERM. ANNE



MANUFACTURERS OF RESIDENTIAL DOOR LOCKS
BATH ACCESSORIES • CABINET HARDWARE

CANADA

(Continued from page 30)

Even more significant as a harbinger for housing this year is the carryover of 55,689 uncompleted houses and apartments from 1952. This figure is 21 per cent higher than the volume of residential work underway at the same time a year ago. If the rate of housing starts es-

tablished during the latter half of 1952 continues through this year as predicted, completion of 90,000 houses and apartments may be accomplished in 1953. This would equal the production record set in 1950, the best in Canadian history to date.

Finance Minister Sees '53 As Big Year for Canada

In the current fiscal year Canada should reach new heights in production, consumption, investment and trade, according to a prediction made by Finance Minister Abbott.

His forecast is that the gross national product will approximate \$24 billion. This would represent a gain of four per cent over 1952, which in turn, with a gross national product of \$23 billion, gained seven per cent over 1951.

Mr. Abbott described 1952 as "a year of prosperity without inflation," and declared that Canadians were beginning to "reap the benefits of enormous investments in new plants and equipment." There was a 12 per cent rise in salaries and wages which, combined with a decline in prices, meant that "in 1952 most Canadians experienced a substantial improvement in real income."

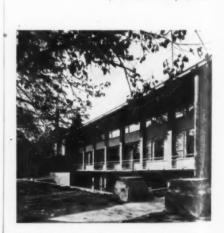
An expansion in physical output of goods and services is not to be wondered at, Mr. Abbott continued. The past decade, he noted, has seen such remarkable growth in Canada that "each year our people set their sights a little higher; we expect almost as a matter of course that we will do better than we did the year before."

Plant Equipment, Housing Investment Up in 1952

Investment in plant, equipment and housing last year increased by \$328 million over 1951, according to a White Paper recently tabled in the House of Commons by Finance Minister Abbott. The estimated 1952 figure was \$4,138,000,000, compared with the previous year's total of \$3,810,000,000.

The largest portion of the 1952 investment, \$1,859,000,000, went for new machinery and equipment. New residential

(Continued on page 36)



Above: Students' Union, Victoria College, University of Toronto, serves as a social center for students at the university's second largest arts college. Fleury & Arthur, Toronto, are architects



... the very best in

PLASTIC LAMINATES

Whatever the job — residential, commercial, or industrial — you (and your clients) will be better satisfied if you specify FARLITE when you plan new construction or remodel present facilities. It's the very best in plastic laminates for partitions and paneling . . . for counter, table, desk, bar, and soda fountain tops . . . for decorative interior treatments . . . for a host of other uses. Its glass-smooth, non-porous surface is sanitary, easy to clean, permanently beautiful . . . resists heat and burning cigarettes . . . is not affected by alcohol, grease, fruit acids, mild cleaning solutions . . . will not chip or fade.



SUPERIOR CONSTRUCTION . . . FULL RANGE OF COLORS AND DESIGNS

Farlite's superior 5-ply construction means extra smoothness and warp resistance. Over 50 new standard colors and patterns give you full decorative range...edges can be supplied with metal trim or natural wood finish. Also available in standard sheet stock or can be made up to your specifications.

Write for descriptive folder and name of nearest distributor.

PLASTICS DIVISION
FARLEY & LOETSCHER MFG. CO., DUBUQUE, IOWA



it Attendant

SPEEDS NORMAL CLOSING



The passenger is seldom aware of door movement



PREVENTS DELAYS AT LANDINGS

Autotronic-WITHOUT ATTENDANT-Elevatoring closes elevator doors automatically with "electronic politeness". A zone of detection extends along, across and a short distance in front of the leading edges of both car and hoistway doors. The presence of passengers within the zone is detected electronically. This three-dimensional zone extends only a few inches in advance of the doors. Doors are stopped and reversed only when there is the possibility of interfering with passengers as they enter or leave the car. Door closing is speeded. The closing action is so smooth, silent, and automatic that passengers are seldom aware of door movement,

If a talkative passenger delays door closing too long, the doors gently, but firmly, nudge him out of the doorway.

Autotronic-WITHOUT ATTENDANT-Elevatoring saves up to \$7,000 a car, each year. It is suitable for office buildings, department stores, hotels, and hospitals. Why not visit a new or modernized installation? Ask any of our 266 offices for details. Otis Elevator Company, 260 11th Avenue, New York 1, N. Y.

One of a series of papers prepared by leading authorities on air conditioning. The opinions and methods presented are those of the author and are not necessarily endorsed by the Du Pont Company. Reprints of this article, and others in the series, may be had free upon request.

AIR CONDITIONING FOR THE MODERN RESIDENCE

by C. Warren Cheatham



Mr. Cheatham received his B.S. in Electrical Engineering at Georgia Tech in 1925. Since that year he has been associated with the Alabama Power Company in Birmingham. His interests have been with air conditioning activities. He is engineering consultant for a group of southern power companies and has authored material on trends in residential heating and air conditioning.

Although most residences have some form of winter heating, relatively few have summer air conditioning. But since a great many people have become accustomed to the comfort of air conditioned offices, stores, theaters and other places of business, there has been a steadily growing demand for the same comfortable conditions at home and for equipment to provide them.

Many manufacturers, anticipating this demand for residential air conditioning, have introduced package units. These range in size from small, window-type coolers for single rooms, to larger units that provide adequate air conditioning for entire houses.

ADVANTAGES

In recent years, trends in architecture have reflected desire on the part of home owners for maximum comfort, convenience, utility and livability in the home. More attention is now given to features that increase home enjoyment. It would appear that a modern air conditioning system adds just about the final touch of comfort that home owners want.

With comfortable, conditioned air within the house, windows and doors may be kept closed and other measures taken to eliminate outside noise. But air conditioning is more than cooling. It provides better ventilation . . . constant circulation of fresh air . . . control of humidity . . . clean air filtered to keep out dust and dirt . . . and properly conditioned air that is, in itself, a safeguard to health.

INFLUENCE OF RESIDENTIAL DESIGN

Home design and construction today tend toward compactness and elimination of space that doesn't contribute to the livability, convenience or utility of the home. The compactness of the package unit and its automatic operation add to the convenience of its use. It is a machine that takes up little space and requires little attention.

Even the larger air conditioning units require comparatively little space and may be installed in a utility room or other convenient location easily provided for in original plans. This often means that basements may be omitted. There will be more freedom in sizing, insulating and placing window areas; and little need for breezeways, door, window or porch screens. These modifications frequently save building costs.



A typical southern home featuring year-round air conditioning.

ENGINEERING DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Each home installation is an individual case that requires proper consideration to assure that cooling requirements are accurately determined. Tonnage capacity must be correctly calculated. Ductwork and all other components of the air conditioning system should be adequately designed and installed.

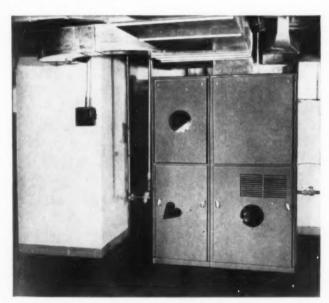
Reasonable means should be employed to reduce cooling-load requirements to a practical minimum. This can be accomplished by use of insulation above ceilings and in outside walls, and by various other modern design and construction techniques. For example: orientation of the building and design of roof overhang to exclude solar radiation, use of fixed, insulated windows and of materials that retard the flow of heat.

Thermostatic controls are installed, and zone control as well, when there is need for the latter. Extra grilles

and ducts are installed when required for adequate cooling where large groups of people may gather, such as in living rooms.

While there is no easy rule of thumb for determining residential cooling-load requirements, consideration of existing conditions and use of dependable tables of heatgain factors and formulas for calculating cooling loads should aid in estimating the size of unit needed.

It has been estimated that from 400 to 500 sq. ft. of floor area requires one ton of refrigeration for cooling. However, where one ton may adequately cool a single room, two tons may suffice in an entire small home that has been designed with air conditioning in mind. Of course, such variables as type of construction, equipment used and location of the building must also be taken into consideration.



Compact, clean, convenient and efficient 3-ton-capacity package air conditioning unit installed in basement of modern home.

TYPES OF SYSTEMS AVAILABLE

Conventional air conditioning systems are generally of two types: fractional-tonnage units, air-cooled, for limited areas of space; or larger units of either air-cooled or water-cooled types for conditioning entire houses. Although air-cooled units require less equipment, the watercooled types usually have about twice the capacity of those that are air-cooled.

For example: A 3-ton unit serving from 1000 to 1300 sq. ft. of floor area (depending upon type of construction) will have a 3-h.p. motor-driven compressor; a condenser, usually water-cooled; and a motor-driven blower. Compressor and fan will use an average of about 3.6 kwh.

In many homes cooling and heating are combined into a single system using one set of ducts that are properly designed for the purpose. The most recent development of this type is the heat pump . . . a single, compact unit providing either heating or cooling. The pump operates with little or no attention, and requires no combustible fuel for its heating function. As a cooling unit it operates the same as any conventional air conditioning unit. In heating, it extracts heat from a source such as outside air or ground water and transmits it to the inside air.

It uses the same compressor, refrigerants and mechanism to produce either warm or cool air.

COSTS AND FINANCING

Residential air conditioning is no longer in the luxury class for many home owners. The saving that often results from the elimination or modification of various other features when air conditioning is utilized frequently helps offset the cost of the installation itself.

While the cost of operating a system for cooling varies with the duration and intensity of hot weather, it has been proven reasonable in almost all sections of the country. Of course, too many factors enter into the cost picture to arrive at a figure applicable for the entire nation, but it has been estimated that in an average hot, humid district, a 3-ton unit operating 60 per cent of the time, with a fan motor in operation 100 per cent of the time that cooling is required, would run about 2000 hours at an approximate cost of \$120. Automatic operation of the system would help adjust the cost and keep maintenance and repairs at a nominal level.

Then there are additional savings in cleaning and redecorating costs. Because the home is cool, comfortable and more inviting during hot weather, it may be assumed that the family will be more inclined to stay at home . . . spend less for outside meals, entertainment, vacations. And they'll feel better . . . enjoy home life more.

As Mr. Cheatham has pointed out . . . there are many advantages and benefits to be derived from residential air conditioning. More and more home owners and prospective owners now want the comfort of air conditioning in their homes . . . just as many have experienced it in stores, theaters, offices, restaurants and other places. It has become a home feature . . . and one that the majority of home owners would like to have.

In discussing air conditioning systems for the homes of your own clients, you can render them helpful service by recommending equipment designed to operate with "Freon" refrigerants. There are many excellent and dependable machines available, and these refrigerants are ideal for residential installations.

"Freon" refrigerants are safe . . . nonflammable, non-explosive, virtually nontoxic. Their exceptional purity and uniformity are insured by scientific, laboratory-controlled methods of manufacture, and these qualities of the product further contribute to the economical operation of the system over a long period of time. Also important is the fact that "Freon" refrigerants fully comply with building-code requirements everywhere. E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.), "Kinetic" Chemicals Division, Wilmington 98, Delaware.



"FREON" SAFE REFRIGERANTS



"Freon" is Du Pont's registered trade-mark for its fluorinated hydrocarbon refrigerants

DIESEL Standby GENERATOR SETS



WJR—Detroit, Michigan, uses 200 kw. GM Diesel generator set as stand-by power for 50,000-watt transmitter. Compactness of unit permitted installation in garage adjoining transmitter building—eliminating cost of a specially designed building.



WKTV—UTICA, N. Y., uses a 100 kw. General Motors Diesel generator set for stand-by power. Set can be started remotely from the control room. Low vibration characteristic of engine permitted installation in room adjacent to transmitter and within 30 feet of studio.

If you are planning stand-by power, be sure to check the advantages of General Motors Diesel generator sets, listed briefly below. GM Diesel generators are meeting the exacting requirements of military service in all parts of the world. They supply emergency power for more than 1100 telephone and telegraph exchanges—for microwave relay stations, for hospitals, government buildings, banks, airports. There is a GM Diesel distributor near you who will analyze your power requirements and make his recommendations without obligation. Look in the yellow pages of your phone book for his listing, or write direct to us.

- Wide range of models—12½ to 200 kw., 220 or 440 volts, single or threephase current.
- Excellent frequency and voltage regulation for the most exacting requirements.
- Powered by General Motors Diesel engines — dependable, smooth 2-cycle operation—low cost maintenance easy to service.
- Built by one manufacturer—one warranty, one responsibility for both engine and power generator.
- Instant push-button power starting on safe Diesel fuel—or fully automatic starting. Immediate power, no "warmup" period.
- Dependable starting—no sparkignition system to fail because of dampness or corrosion—always ready to stort.
- Easy to install—compact—lightweight
 —requires no special building, no special
 base. Complete instrumentation pro vided
- Distributors and Dealers throughout the country.

DETROIT DIESEL ENGINE DIVISION

GENERAL MOTORS . DETROIT 28, MICHIGAN

SINGLE ENGINES ... 16 to 275 H.P. MULTIPLE UNITS ... Up to 840 H.P.

It pays to Standardize on Write for Generator Set Catalog 6 SA 20.

GENERAL MOTORS
DIESEL
POWER

GM GENERAL MOTORS

THE RECORD REPORTS

CANADA

(Continued from page 32)

construction amounted to \$803,000,000, while other construction investment registered \$1,476,000,000. The largest increase was in nonresidential construction, which rose 17 per cent in value and 10 per cent in volume.

Housing rose by about three per cent in value, but volume was virtually unchanged. In the latter half of the year, the White Paper said, housing starts were running at the rate of 90,000 a year, compared with 70,000 in 1951.

The White Paper listed public and private capital expenditure in 1952 as \$5,122,000,000, compared with expenditures of \$4,577,000,000 in 1951. The biggest item was \$942,000,000 in manufacturing, compared with \$793,000,000 in the previous year. Housing had been the main expenditure in 1951, with a figure of \$821,000,000.

Construction Labor Force Swollen by Immigration

Immigration of skilled construction workers in 1952 will probably prove to have made it the second highest postwar year in this respect, according to the Financial Post. During the first six months, the number of building tradesmen admitted to the country was greater than in any corresponding postwar period.

The tremendous surge of newcomers started in 1951, pushing the total 478 per cent above the previous year, to a figure of 9574. The latest 18 months for which an occupation breakdown is available totals more than the entire previous postwar period.

By

lar

COI

the

air

are

of

4275 Immigrants a Year

Immigration of skilled construction workers has averaged 4275 a year in the postwar period, while apprentices graduating in eight provinces have averaged 1397. The number of graduates might be double this figure however, when Quebec, which has a special apprentice plan, is included. The eight provinces are now graduating only about half their postwar peak for any one year, and apprentices are not filling in adequate numbers the vacancies caused by deaths of skilled laborers.

FUAM GLAS

on this Sears Roebyck

5 Concrete Traffic Slab One Layer Waterproof Paper Four-ply built up Roofing Z'FOAMGLAS Mopped in Place 5 Plies 15" Felt Mopped in Place 1 9" Concrete Roof Deck SECTION OF FOAMGLAS APPLICATION

Sears, Roebuck retail store with parking lot on roof.

11 1

11

id

li-

u-00 m

10

ar

he six

er ar

78

1 3 for is ire

on

he

lu-

red

be.

ue-

m.

OW

var

ces the led

RD

Architect: Shutze & Armistead, Atlanta, Ga. General Contractor: Wm. Muirhead Construction Company, Durham, N.C. Roofer Guaranteed Waterproofing Company, Greensboro, N.C.



By putting the parking lot on the roof Sears, Roebuck and Co. cut land needed in half, but it took FOAMGLAS insulation to make it practical for their new Winston-Salem store. Other insulations lack compressive strength enough to withstand such a load, while each 2" x 12" x 18" block of FOAMGLAS used theoretically could support the weight of nine Sears' customers' cars.

During the past four years, their FOAMGLAS roof has meant lower air conditioning costs for Sears because FOAMGLAS sealed glass cells are impervious to the moisture that impairs so much the effectiveness of other insulations. Sears sure got a lot more with FOAMGLAS!

To find out how this remarkable insulation can benefit your client, please use the coupon right away.

PITTSBURGH CORNING CORPORATION PITTSBURGH 22, PA.



Pittsburgh Corning Corporation, Dept. B-43 Pittsburgh 22, Pa.

Please send me free sample and booklets on use of POAMGLAS for:

- Normal Temperature Buildings
- Refrigerated Structures
- Piping and Equipment Advise nearest source of supply

Send engineer to discuss specific problem

A-BLAST EFFECT TESTED ON TWO "TYPICAL" HOUSES

Two typical American frame houses, without utilities, were subjected to "moderate" A-bomb pressures in the recent tests held at the Las Vegas, N. M., proving grounds of the Atomic Energy Commission. Each of these structures was equipped with a homestyle bomb-shelter placed in its basement area.

This was the first time that shelters so placed have been put under test by AEC. The now-familiar backyard-type shelters were tested at earlier South Pacific experiments and the effects observed in those previous runs were incorporated in preparations for the Las Vegas test held March 17.

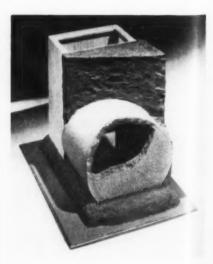
Effects of the explosions on the shelters could not be made known immediately.

(Continued on page 294)

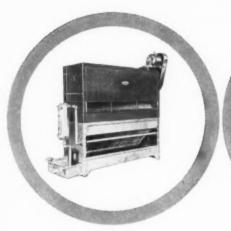


Above: crude, inexpensive lean-to basement shelter was among those tested; below: another was a built-in corner room, a six-ft cube, bottom: large concrete pipe buried in ground, also tested







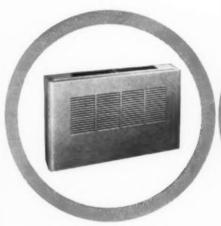




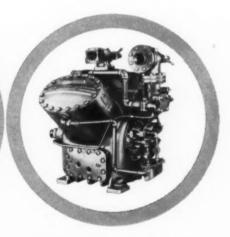


Industrial Weathermakers—Single unit spraycoil air conditioner for central cooling and heating systems using remote sources of refrigeration and heat. Cools, dehumidifies, heats, humidifies, filters and circulates air. Five sizes, up to 90 tons. **Evaporative Condensers**—For heat disposal where water supply and drainage are problems, this fan-coil type refrigerant condenser takes the place of water-cooled condensers and cooling towers. Capacities to go tons.

System Weathermakers—Fan-coil type air conditioner for central cooling and heating systems using remote refrigeration and heat. Seven basic fan and coil section sizes used with any one of four cooling coil capacities make 28 different sizes.



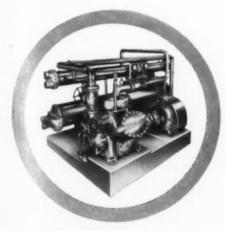




Duct-type Weathermasters—Low-pressure air distribution room units—ideal for hospitals, hotels, office buildings, apartment buildings, laboratories, banks and schools that have a remote source of refrigeration and heat.

2 to 125 hp Freon Refrigerating Compressors and Condensers—Heavy-duty reciprocating type for air conditioning and refrigeration applications. Uses Freon-12, Freon-22 or Carrene 7. Direct or belt drive. Used with water-cooled or evaporative condensers.

75 to 200 hp Reciprocating Compressors—For large commercial and industrial applications like freezing and processing. For industrial and comfort air conditioning. Heavyduty V and W types, single-acting, enclosed. Direct, gear or belt driven.



100 and 150 hp Refrigerating Machines—Complete reciprocating systems for cooling water or brines for air conditioning and industrial process applications. Driven by electric motor, gas or Diesel engine, or steam turbine. This complete line of equipment is available to architects through Carrier Branch Offices, Dealers and Distributors. Your Classified Telephone Directory will put you in touch with the one nearest you. Carrier Corporation, Syracuse, New York.



AIR CONDITIONING - REFRIGERATION INDUSTRIAL HEATING

RD

CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES

Labor and Materials

United States average 1926-1929 = 100

Presented by Clyde Shute, manager, Statistical and Research Division, F. W. Dodge Corp., from data compiled by E. H. Boeckh & Assocs., Inc.

NEW YORK

ATLANTA

Period	Residential Brick Frame		Apts., Hotels Office Bldgs. Brick and Concr.	Commercial and Factory Bldgs. Brick Brick and and Concr. Steel		Residential Brick Frame		Apts., Hotels Office Bldgs. Brick and Concr.	Commercial a Factory Bldg Brick Bri and an Concr. Sta	
1930	127.0	126.7	124.1	128.0	123.6	82.1	80.9	84.0	86.1	83.6
1935	93.8	91.3	104.7	108.5	105.5	72.3	67.9	95.1	87.1	85.1
1939	123.5	122.4	130.7	133.4	130.1	86.3	83.1	96.9	97.4	94.7
1940	126.3	125.1	132.2	135.1	131.4	91.0	89.0	136.8	98.5	97.5
1946	181.8	182.4	177.2	179.0	174.8	148.1	149.2	158.1	136.4	135.1
1947	219.3	222.0	207.6	207.5	203.8	180.4	184.0	178.8	157.1	158.0
1948	250.1	251.6	239.4	242.2	235.6	199.2	202.5	180.6	178.8	178.8
1949	243.7	240.8	242.8	246.4	240.0	189.3	189.9	185.4	180.8	177.5
1950	256.2	254.5	249.5	251.5	248.0	194.3	196.2	204.2	183.7	185.0
1951	273.2	271.3	263.7	265.2	262.2	212.8	214.6	88.6	202.8	205.0
lan. 1953	278.4	275.0	274.0	277.6	273.8	220,4	222.7	215.9	214.3	217.9
1952	278.2	274.8	271.9	274.9	271.8	218.8	221.0	212.8	210.1	214.3
Nov. 1952	277.9	274.3	274.1	276.3	273.8	220.4	222.8	216.1	212.6	217.8
Dec. 1952	277.7	274.1	273.8	276.1	273.6	220.3	222.6	215.7	212.7	217.8
Jan. 1953	125.4	124.7	increase over 19 109.6	039 108.1	110.5	155.4	% increase over 19 168.0 127.0		939 120.0	130.1

ST. LOUIS

SAN FRANCISCO

Jan. 1953	136.1	136.6	114.7	117.6	113.3	138.7	148.2	113.0	1 108.4	118.5
Dec. 1952	259.5	252.3	253.7 acrease over	259.5	253.6	249.9	244.4	248.0 ncrease over	251.2	252.4
Nov. 1952	259.5	252.3	253.7	259.5	253.6	249.9	244.4	248.0	251.2	252.4
1952	259.1	253.2	249.7	255.0	249.6	250.2	245.0	245.6	248.7	249.6
Jan. 1953	260.2	253.2	253.4	260.7	253.8	252.1	246.5	250.1	254.1	254.6
1951	252.0	248.3	238.5	240.9	239.0	245.2	240.4	239.6	243.1	243.1
1950	232.8	230.7	221.9	225.3	222.8	227.0	223.1	222.4	224.5	222.6
1949	221.4	220.7	212.8	215.7	213.6	213.0	207.1	214.0	219.8	216.1
1948	227.9	231.2	207.7	210.0	208.1	218.9	216.6	208.3	214.7	211.1
1947	202.4	203.8	183.9	184.2	184.0	193.1	191.6	183.7	186.8	186.9
1946	167.1	167.4	159.1	161.1	158.1	159.7	157.5	157.9	159.3	160.0
1940	112.6	110.1	119.3	120.3	119.4	106.4	101.2	116.3	120.1	115.5
1939	110.2	107.0	118.7	119.8	119.0	105.6	99.3	117.4	121.9	116.5
1935	95.1	90.1	104.1	108.3	105.4	89.5	84.5	96.4	103.7	99.7
1930	108.9	108.3	112.4	115.3	111.3	90.8	86.8	100.4	104.9	100.4

The index numbers shown are for combined material and labor costs. The indexes for each separate type of construction relate to the United States average for 1926–29 for that particular type — considered 100.

Cost comparisons, as percentage differences for any particular type of construction, are possible between localities, or periods of time within the same city, by dividing the difference between the two index numbers by one of them; i.e.: index for city A = 110 index for city B = 95

(both indexes must be for the same type of construction).

Then: costs in A are approximately 16 per cent higher than in B.

$$\frac{110-95}{95} = 0.158$$

Conversely: costs in B are approximately 14 per cent lower than in A.

$$110-95 = 0.136$$

Cost comparisons cannot be made between different types of construction because the index numbers for each type relate to a different U. S. average for 1926–29.

Material prices and wage rates used in the current indexes make no allowance for payments in excess of published list prices, thus indexes reflect minimum costs and not necessarily actual costs.

These index numbers will appear regularly on this page.

For low-cost suspended ceilings... Fiberglas* Ceiling Board

The distinctive beauty of Fiberglas Ceiling Board makes it ideal for large-area suspended ceilings. Flexibility of patterns and lighting units to conform with floor plan arrangements is an important feature. High acoustical value. Fire safe. Installation fast, low in cost. Many vital corollary advantages. For latest design data, contact your Fiberglas Acoustical Contractor, the nearest Fiberglas Branch Office, or write Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation, Dept. 67-C, Toledo 1, Ohio

FIBERGLAS

SOUND CONTROL PRODUCTS

FIBERGLAS TEXTURED, PERFORATED & SONDFACED ACQUISTICAL THE FIBERGLAS TEXTURED & SONOFACED CEILING BOARD - FIBERGLAS SONOCOR* ACQUISTICAL PADS FOR METAL PAN - FIBERGLAS SOISE-STOP* BAFFLES

*Fibergia's (Reg. U. S. Lat. Off.) Scholaced. Sonocor and Nobe Stop are trade-marks of Owens-Corning Fibergias Corporation

owest cost non-combustible acoustical materials available

REQUIRED READING

STABILIZING CONSTRUCTION:

The Record and Potential

Chase News Photo



Robinson Newcomb

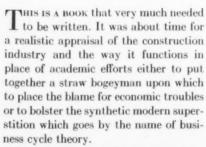
Harris & Ewing



Miles L. Colean

Stabilizing Construction: The Record and Potential. By Miles L. Colean and Robinson Newcomb. A research study for the Committee for Economic Development, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. (330 W. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.) 1952. 6 by 9 in. 340 pp. \$6.00.

REVIEWED BY THOMAS S. HOLDEN



That a realistic study was wanted by the Committee for Economic Development, which sponsored this study, is indicated by the Committee's selection of the two economists who conducted the research and wrote the book. Both Miles L. Colean and Robinson Newcomb have, in their years of statistical and research activities kept in the closest possible contact with the men, the organizations and the day-by-day activities of the industry itself.

This is not primarily a debunking study, although it naturally destroys fallacious theories about construction which have been current during the last 20 years or so. It is principally an exploration of the question as to how far it may be possible in the future to program construction activities so that they will tend toward stabilizing the economy.

The authors find it necessary to show, first, that, although construction activity is of great importance in the nation's total economy, it does not by any means govern the fluctuations of the economy. On the contrary, construction demands arise out of the various growth needs of the total economy and fluctuations in construction activity arise principally from variations in the flow of private and public investment. Construction is at the heart of the capital-formation process, but its function is to serve economic growth, not to control fluctuations.

The authors also conclude, on the basis of critical review of previously published statistical estimates of construction activities of earlier years, that the case for the supposed 18-year cycle of STABILIZING CONSTRUCTION

The Record and Potential

The Record of Poten

construction activity is not proved.

Nevertheless, the authors believe that practical efforts to reduce construction activity fluctuations would be beneficial to the industry itself and would contribute toward stability in the general economy. Indicated means to the desired end include maintenance of a steady flow of private investment funds, reasonable credit restraint on private activities in boom times, long-range programming of federal, state and local public works and reasonable coordination of public works at various governmental levels with private activities.

A number of appendices supply factual data of considerable importance. This book is a vital contribution to the growing understanding of the dynamic American economy. It should be extremely useful to professional and business men connected directly and indirectly with construction activity and it should also find wide use as a college textbook.

(Reviews continued on page 18)

THE WALLS

for INDUSTRIAL and COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS

ALUMINUM, STAINLESS or GALVANIZED STEEL

ALUMIN AL

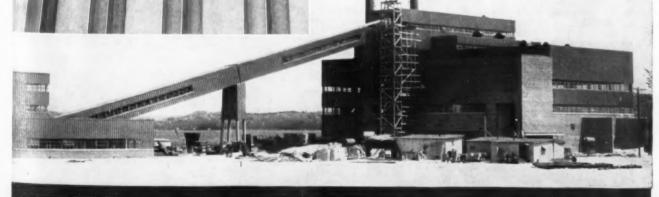
FLUSH, RIBBED, or FLUTED
Over-all "U" Factor of Various Types is Equivalent
to or Better than Conventional 16" Masonry Wall

Today, Insulated Metal Walls are saving construction dollars in both material and labor costs . . . they are reducing construction time through rapid erection—even in periods of extremely low temperature. This amazingly light weight construction, with an over-all "U" Factor superior to a conventional masonry wall, permits further economies in the building frame or supporting structure. Architects, as well as owners and management groups throughout the country are revising their concept of permanent exterior wall construction. In the powerhouse illustrated below, Mahon Fluted Type, Field Constructed Insulated Metal Walls with galvanized steel exterior plates were employed to good advantage for virtually all exterior walls. Mahon Insulated Metal Walls are available in the three exterior patterns shown at left . . . each lends itself to individual architectural expression in building design. The Mahon "Field Constructed" Fluted or Ribbed Wall can be erected up to sixty feet in height without horizontal joints—a feature of Mahon Walls which is particularly desirable in powerhouses, steam plants, warehouses, auditoriums, or other buildings where high expanses of unbroken wall surface are common. See Sweet's Files for complete information including Specifications, or write for Catalog No. B-53-B.

THE R. C. MAHON COMPANY

Detroit 34, Mich. • Chicago 4, III. • Representatives in all Principal Cities

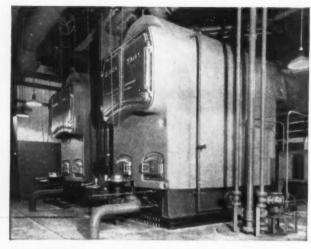
Manufacturers of Insulated Metal Walls; Steel Deck for Roofs, Partitions, and Permanent Concrete Floor Forms; Rolling Steel Doors, Grilles and Underwriters' Labeled Rolling Steel Doors and Fire Shutters,



MAHON

MORE ENGINEERING MORE MATERIAL MORE EXPERIENCE MAKE THE

MAKE THE DIFFERENCE



KEWANEE

Kewanee Boilers have led their field for more than 85 years because Architects, Engineers, Contractors and owners know they get more from them . . . and that is true because Kewanee puts more into them.

Check the measurements and specifications shown in every Kewanee catalog. You'll find more of all the features which make a boiler efficient and dependable . . . large, high fireboxes; generous heating surfaces; unimpeded water ways; unobstructed steam release areas; plenty of space for reserve steam. That's why one finds Kewanee Boilers "on the job" providing heat or power or process steam in America's finest buildings and industrial plants.

KEWANEE-ROSS CORPORATION



REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 46)

GERMAN CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND DETAILS

Bau Konstruktions Lehre. By Martin Mittag, C. Bertelsmann (Gatersloh, Germany) 1952, 8½ by 12 in, 332 pp., illus.

This book is based on the theory that the major factor in the development of building construction is the knowledge of building materials, uses and their combinations. Through 8000 details and tables, the material is arranged with unusual clarity, covering the subjects of modular coordination, building materials, construction systems, and building types, with particular attention given to German din-normen (modular coordination) and technical building laws. Accepted and theoretically correct details are worked out with particular regard to normen, while faulty examples to be avoided are pointed out. The book presents its collected and tabulated data on building materials and details much in the manner of the RECORD's Time Saver Standards

"Bau Konstruktions Lehre" should be of special interest to those building in Germany since much of it is devoted to German building law, as well as to materials available in Germany today.

An extensive index, provided in the back of the book, is followed by an excellent series of color photographs of materials for surface treatments — natural wood, marble, concrete and terrazzo aggregates, and brick. M. P. P.

POWER TOOLS AT HOME

Power Tools for the Home Craftsman. By Edwin G. Hamilton. McGraw-Hill Book Co. (330 W. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.) 1953, 6 by 9 in. 277 pp., illus.

Here is a practical book that should be valuable not only to the uninitiated in mysteries of home craftsmanship, but also to the established practitioners of the art. For while Mr. Hamilton deals in fundamentals, he also offers a collection of tips and tricks that make profitable reading for the experienced power tool enthusiast.

The best feature of the book is its organization. Too often books on such a subject throw the reader into the middle of the problem, then leave him without reasonable conclusion. "Power Tools for the Home Craftsman" is characterized by a logical sequence. A note of

(Continued on page 372)

AP

RECORD

ARCHITECTURE OF THE NORTHWEST

It may be true, as some architects assert, that the Pacific Northwest is exerting a new influence upon the development of modern architecture. Other Northwest architects say that would be overstating it (symposium, page 140). All agree that the rugged country, the weather and the independence of the people are strong design influences, and that architects take them quite seriously.

The Record presents here a long look at representative Northwest architecture. Architects attending the A.I.A. convention in Seattle next June will have an opportunity of seeing it in its own setting, and discussing its evaluation with their fellows, for the convention theme is "New Country — New Architecture."

A significant fact is that "modern" architecture was quickly accepted in the Northwest. Freedom to build for the conditions at hand, lack of obeisance to styles of the past, relating of indoor to outdoor space, natural use of materials — these had strong appeal. The people of the Northwest take a genuine hobby interest in their homes; they spend their weekends working on either their houses or their boats. They listen eagerly to their architects. They accept new ideas more readily than people in regions already steeped in styles, but not because the new things come in prepared packages.

In a sense, then, modern philosophies have enjoyed a more general trial, perhaps more experimentation. And

at the same time there has been a quicker rejection of any earthly gods that might seem false. The earthly gods of the Northwest are the seas and straits, the lakes, the mountains, the mist and rain, the winds, the sunsets, the forests and flowers, all of which come in vast quantities. Any international influences or cultural doctrines must compete with nature, and nature speaks with authority.

This is not to suggest that this is an isolated land of cowboys and Indians. Most of the people came, still come, from the East. Many of the architects went east to school; some of them never saw the Northwest until they were graduated. But the Northwest has always attracted (still does) people who respond to the lush and rugged country with a pioneering spirit. And, like evergreens, individuality seems to flourish here.

This is, of course, the land that Pietro Belluschi knows so well, where most of his work was done, before he went to teach architecture at M.I.T. Though it is slightly out of context, this quotation from one of his speeches serves to introduce the Record's presentation of the architecture of the Northwest: "... the West Coast, with the pioneering heritage of its people, with definite natural characteristics of its own, and with less binding ties to the past — has been able to advance more visibly toward the realization of valid contemporary forms."

— E.G.



THE NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE OF PIETRO BELLUSCHI......134

HAVE WE AN INDIGENOUS
NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE?.....140

Paul Thiry
Robert H. Dietz
Perry B. Johanson
John S. Detlie
Victor Steinbrueck
John M. Morse

HOUSES IN THE NORTHWEST
Building Types Study......147



This concept of modern, therefore, will not lead us to expect it to be just another style. It cannot be labeled international style, although certain characteristics are universal; not modernistic. It should not even be called modern, because it goes back to fundamentals. It goes back to nature, if the owner's life is one of response to it. Therefore, we may deduce that a region with similar natural and human attributes may have an architecture harmonious to them. The people are neighbors, their interests are alike, they respond the same way to life, they have the same materials at hand, they have similar landscape, the same climate. So "regionalism" really has a meaning, which internationalism does not quite have.

- Pietro Belluschi, Portland Art Museum, 1941

THE NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE OF

Fisho Belluschi

Preview of a forthcoming Architectural Record book, edited by Jo Stubblebine, comprising photographs of his work and significant quotations from his speeches

I BELIEVE that the next generation will make us really proud; from the lessons we have learned I hope they will acquire a new discipline of the mind to take the place of the discipline of the "styles," and that they will have enough feeling and integrity of purpose to make their work of lasting significance.

And now that most of the battles against dogmas have been won, I hope they may also gain a certain amount of tolerance for all the human symbols and forms of the past, because people need them and live by them to a greater extent than is realized, because they furnish a feeling of continuity which gives them faith in their evolution. This fact the architects must understand if they want to be the leaders.

- Reed College, 1951

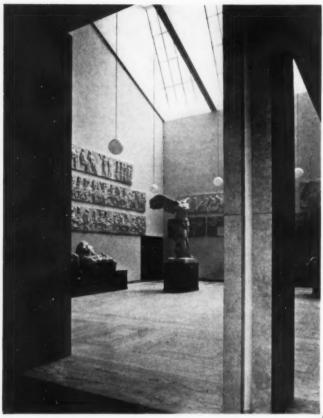
A house or a butterfly roof, continuous vertical spandrels, or horizontal spandrels, lally columns, or plastic bubbles, but rather because it has recognized the meaning of space in relation to its purpose, and to its setting; because, I repeat again, it has solved in a free, and creative way all the many social, economic, regional,

An early house by Belluschi (1938), quite representative of the Northwest



anchorn hancone

Roger Sturtevant



emotional and practical limitations peculiar to the problem at hand. I want to make clear at this point that I do not minimize the importance of using fresh and original details in carrying through architectural works. They are the touchstone of competence, but just as literary works should be judged by their content and the depth of ideas expressed, rather than by the choice of words, so must the value of architecture be gaged by its deeper meaning, which can then be expressed with "fantasy and imagination."

— University of Illinois, October, 1951

To what extent have we succeeded up to now? We readily admit that our accomplishments are very modest, and our successes mostly on the negative side. What little we have to show for our efforts has not been easily achieved, not so much because of the doubters among clients and public, but mostly because of our own conflicts and limitations. We had to find our way among the great many technical advances, and distinguish the basic from the superficial; we had to develop the inner discipline which alone could prevent us from being seduced by the many transitory forms offered for daily consumption. It is also apparent that we have succeeded in designing good factories but have failed to create beautiful monuments. Today we are more

K. E. Richardson

Above: sculpture court, Portland Art Museum. Below and right: Exterior and interior of Zion Lutheran Church, in Portland, one of the most typical of Belluschi's famous churches

Roger Sturtevant





ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

honest, more practical, and quite functional, but it has been at the expense of grace and gentility. We have taken away many of the established forms, so cherished by our ancestors, and have replaced them with stark utilitarian ones, which give little nourishment to the senses. We have taken away from the man in the street all the stereotyped little ornaments, cornices, cartouches and green fake shutters, but we have not been capable of giving him back the equivalent in emotional value. The fact is, that after three decades of rather cold functionalism, we have come to the realization that emotion is a great force in our everyday world; it pervades our actions, our political motives, our very happiness - yet emotions have not been given the guidance they deserve, although they are the very soil in which both architects and public may grow to creativeness and understanding.

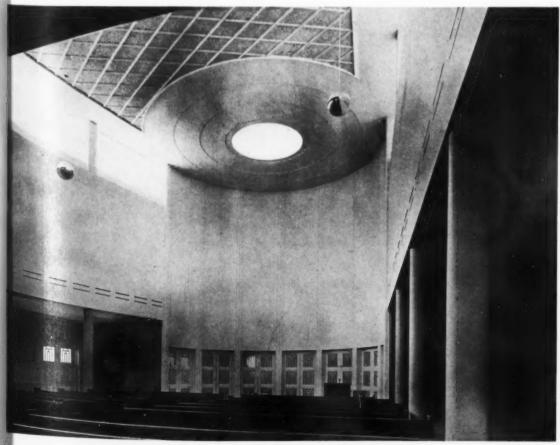
- Reed College, 1951 (Architectural Record, Feb. 1951)

Beauty is yet our greatest motivating ideal, and the search for it our greatest source of strength. A plane in flight, the great suspension bridges, a high dam, a network of throughways cutting the landscape, the shopping centers, the green-belt cities — certainly these are new aspects of beauty more significant, more convincing to us than the old styles could ever be, because they belong to us, they are the symbols of our achievements.





Erven Jourdan



Above: logic will be plainly evident in the forms used by Belluschi, but it will never rule out the warmth of natural materials and textures: First Presbyterian Church, Cattage Grove, Ore. Left: Morninglight Chapel, Finley's Mortuary, Portland



In eastern Oregon the land is different, and so is the house



The Yamhill house responds to the verdure of western Oregon

red Stoller



This open courtyard might fit nicely in any locality, any climate, but is especially good in Oregon's windy weather

They also show promise that as we mature we may turn to other aspects of beauty equally fresh and equally ours. . . . By that token we architects, of the common working variety, who must be front-line men, facing frustration and compromise; we, who must understand, absorb and give visual form to so many of the forces which make our world move, must not be ashamed to listen nor to understand what lives around us, ever mindful that each one of us can give more in a creative way by being part of the great mass of people, sharing their loves and enthusiasms, guiding them in the realization of their obscure ideals . . .

— Journal of The A.I.A., September, 1951

To see the magnitude of the task still ahead of us we have only to cast our eyes about us. It would be easy to become discouraged by the outward manifestations of a society which places little premium on culture; yet, we may also sense all around us a great vitality, a desire for expression, a stubborn search for ideals and a thirst for beauty and sensuous satisfaction. It is up to the architects to give them form and fulfillment and to prove that the great powers of production of which our nation is so proud can be used to satisfy their spiritual as well as their physical needs — a balance which is so much needed for a happier society.

— University of Illinois, October, 1951

The sunlit, sheltered terrace, for a climate that is always mild but frequently rainy, where the sunlight is highly prized



Danielan



HAVE WE AN INDIGENOUS NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE!

Six architects of the Puget Sound area say: 1. we have; 2. we haven't; 3. we could have; 4. we like our rugged country and we do design for it

"A New Architecture"

By Paul Thiry

Over the years that followed the "Great Fire" of 1889, many architects came to design buildings, many stayed. These men for the most part were skillful and well educated but they designed in the manner of the Eastern cities, reminiscent of Europe.

There were a few who saw it otherwise

— a few who looked out over the hills
and the waterways and saw that they

were beautiful and different — those who in the sensitivity of their spirit looked to ways synonymous with their surroundings, who stamped a hardly visible trail. Prominent among these was Kirtland Cutter, whose name appears in the establishment of the Washington State Chapter of the American Institute of Architects in 1894; Ellsworth Storey who came to Seattle in 1903; Carl Gould who founded the School of Architecture at the University of Washington in 1913.

But through the years from 1889 to 1930, despite modulations in architec-

tural concepts, one could pick few buildings from the myriad structures that could be described as indigenous.

Came the crash of 1929, and with the crash came time for thought — time to listen to the voice of Corbusier from across the sea; to Eliel Saarinen and his basic philosophy; to Frank Lloyd Wright and others. Time was taken to review the wonderful things Antonin Raymond was doing in Japan. With all came a reaction against things as they were generally being done and the desire to design for the country — maybe not a "machine for living" as expressed

by Corbusier but rather a building that would better fit a way of life, that would fit the land, exploit the vast panoramas of waterways and mountains that make the Northwest, that would enliven the gray days of the winter and share the exterior country in summer: buildings that would be flexible and adaptable to an infinite variety of situations; buildings that would shed the rain, take it away from the walls, vet permit the sun to infiltrate the interior. And with the passing days and as the tempo of construction increased there came to light a new architecture, something peculiar to the Northwest Country, a way of thinking and of designing that has reflected its influence over the entire country.

The mild but moody climated Northwest, the cosmopolitan people, the desire for high standards of living, the materials at hand—these are the problems, and in their solution those increasingly numerous and aware architects of the region are developing and molding an indigenous architecture borrowing from the high primitive arts and structures of the Indians of the northwest coast; conscious of the simple mill sheds that were built in open span determined by timber size; aware of the world that is daily paraded in Puget

Sound waterways by tramp, freighter and passenger liner bringing products from over the earth. Particularly conscious of the faraway land of Japan whose topography is similar to our own—whose people have developed a post and lintel architecture free in its adaptability of form, modular in its application, high in its quality of relationship with nature. From the ships has been gained a simplicity of design.

To the south, in Oregon, Pietro Belluschi recognized and accepted the challenge early, expertly, followed by John Yeon, Van Evera Bailey and others.

Following in the deviating path established by Kirtland Cutter, Ellsworth Storey and Carl Gould came a new era of architects conscious of new problems; many of whom were schooled at the University of Washington: R. C. Reimer, John T. Jacobsen, Walter Wurdemann, J. Lister Holmes, George Nakashima, J. R. Sproule, the teacher-architect Lionel Pries, to be followed by Paul Kirk, James Chiaralli, Perry Johanson, Bliss Moore, until now the timbered and rugged country boasts of many architects who in their own right have added to the vocabulary of the Northwest: Frederick Bassetti, John Morse, Victor Steinbrueck, Robert Dietz, Harrison Overturf, Stephen Richardson,

John Detlie, Benjamin McAdoo, Roger Gotteland, Ralph Burkhard, Bert Tucker, Robert Shields, Roland Terry, John Ridley, to name only a few. Knowingly or unknowingly these men are applying the old principles. Times and people change, but the discerning eye can see in many of the new forms the ghost of the "Old Man House." Chief Sealth, or Chief Seattle as he is commonly known, may have been prophetic when he said . . . "even the White Man whose God walked and talked with him as friend with friend, cannot be exempt from the common destiny."

"I am not convinced"

By Robert H. Dietz

I AM NOT CONVINCED that we in this area — that is the people and the architects — have developed any particular indigenous architecture within the last few years, or for that matter in the past. If we had such an architecture, I am of the opinion that it has, for the most part, been lost by what may be referred to as a "leveling out" process.

The residences of this area might in part be more advanced in design than many other parts of the nation, but I certainly question whether one can say

Gaffney's Resort, Lake Wilderness; Young & Richardson; Carleton & Detlie, architects and engineers



Chas. R. Pearson





Recent work: left, reaching for a view; Tucker, Shields and Terry, architects. Right, interiors of wood, Paul Kirk, architect

that we work in wood in preference to other materials. The area is no longer isolated from the rest of the nation, and, consequently, we are economically just as close to all products as, say, Chicago. This is producing here, as elsewhere, a standardization that exists in all other products and living habits.

However, we have a distinct climatic and terrain condition that hardly exists in any other part of the country. On these conditions, I am convinced we could develop an indigenous architecture. This could result in a different form of architecture than found elsewhere because it would result from a real cause and one that cannot be satisfied by materials alone, but must be satisfied by design and due consideration for all the factors concerned.

There are examples of residential architecture in the Puget Sound area that do satisfy these prerequisites, but they are few and far between. The persistent rain fall, the lack of heavy snow fall, the indomitable fog, the low sun angle because of our latitude and the changing winds result in design characteristics that should and would not ordinarily be found elsewhere in the United States. Coupled with these physical characteristics is the driving spirit of the pioneers of this area and the recent immigrants who find this such a pleasant place to live. These people, when moving into this area, soon sense the spirit of the place — "do it yourself." The idea quickly catches fire. We find that those of means take a "do it yourself" attitude very readily and put their true spirit into whatever they build. . . .

All of these factors are bound to produce an architecture for this area that is unlike anything elsewhere, if the people and the architects will place a little effort in looking at the situation from a truly analytical point of view.

"Free . . . easy . . . progressive . . . "

By Perry B. Johanson

The character of the architecture of the Pacific Northwest is rather elusive to describe. There are perhaps few, if any forms that are not common to contemporary architecture in other areas. The materials used are no different from other areas.

Perhaps the lack of self-conscious forms and the lack of extremes in design are the result of several factors:

- There was no indigenous architecture that made an impression on the first settlers 100 years ago.
- There was no single dominant cultural background of the people who settled here.
- 3) The type of people attracted to this area, even to the present day, are those with something of a pioneer spirit. People are more interested in the possibilities of a development of a land than in the enjoyment of an old settled community. The people as a whole are naturally independent in their attitudes and accept or demand architecture that is fairly direct and uncomplicated. This is perhaps in contrast with many areas where the average person is content with the status quo in architecture.

4) The growth of the area has been

strong, without the boom type of development with its accompanying excesses.

- 5) Materials have affected the architecture. In the early days, everything was wood. The material was so plentiful it was used to imitate stone and other materials. Even today it is the first material we think of using in domestic architecture, both for structure and finish.
- 6) Another factor in the development of architecture in the Puget Sound area is that during the past fifteen to twenty years, the architects here are those who in the main were born, raised and educated here. They are men who reflect the free and easy approach as well as the progressive approach of the majority of the people. By the same token, the architects who have been attracted to this area are attracted, not by a tremendous work potential, but by the attitudes and the type of living possible here. The existence, not only of many architects, but of many small architectural offices has resulted in architects doing a great deal of smaller work which might not otherwise have the benefit of an architect.
- 7) Some of the external influences should be mentioned: the design approach, common to the rest of the country, stemming from Harvard, M.I.T., Illinois Tech, Cranbrook and Frank Ll. Wright; the oriental influence due to trade and a feeling of nearness as well as a common heritage in the use of wood; the Indian influence which is minor but which is rich in design and structural forms.

"It is in the people . . ."

By John S. Detlie

Definite and distinct characteristics of the region generally known as Puget Sound country do not come readily to mind, as one considers the profession of architecture. The modern movement in architecture has been gathering momentum during these last decades and has flowed with varying degrees of receptivity and clarity through most of

are alien and must be re-evaluated and re-stated here. And under the overpowering presence of influences here much of the contention of other intellectual centers does not seem of great importance.

First among local influences is the majestic setting of Puget Sound itself with its incomparable variety of ocean, sound and strait, inlet, river and lake; of plains and plateaus rising to snow-capped mountains and ranges; of trees and forests and shores of salt bleached driftwood, all seen revealed in shrouds

of mist or spread in broad panorama. Most building sites in this region can boast of at least one view of lake, mountain, sound and in the urban areas the foreground often contains portions of the city disposed on many foothills. . . . Site as a problem of intimate relation of building to plant material is generally solved by a close wedding of architectural and landscape designed effects, but site in the larger sense of the setting of the region presents a problem of magnitude which does not suggest a solution so much as it suggests a humble-

Chas. R. Pearson





the regions of civilization and in some areas has become marked by specific regional characteristics. Within these United States the modern movement has emerged from constant reinforcement from parallel movements and influences from Europe and South America and the tendency for regional conditions to differentiate the movement has been matched and balanced by the integrating force of continual cross fertilization from other regions.

While the modern movement in archilecture is quite in evidence in the Northwest with clear indications of the inlinence of most of the better known
national and international architects,
the influence is not so clearly felt nor
so insistent as in other regions. For there
is here a natural barrier of mountains
and ocean and distance which subtly
suggests that influences from elsewhere

Earlier work: left, Ellsworth Storey's own house, 1904. Right, a group of his cottages, 1913, which were almost prophetic. Below: a painting by Raphael Coombs of construction of Chief Seattle's "Old Man House," 1000 ft long, with 7-ft timbers



ness of approach and a vigorous statement of form and texture to bring rapport with the majesty of the region.

Here there is little of the nervous drive of the upper eastern seaboard or of Los Angeles . . . rather than stimulate to competitiveness the climate engenders a more philosophical attitude and reduces the flurries and flutterings to a directness and forthrightness of approach. While architectural fads are not absent here they do not readily flourish

The region is too young to have developed any architectural style and in its short time none was imported and stamped upon the region of Puget Sound. The growth of the cities was so rapid that there was no time for architectural evaluation; even today there is no definite focal point of architectural criticism in the Northwest. The marvelous native art of the northwest Indian was not made a part of the tradition of the white man here and unlike the Southwest no architectural tradition existed upon which to build or modify. And each current style imported from the Midwest was so quickly overrun with the mushrooming cities that no importation developed roots. . . . It has been in the period following the great depression, accelerated after World War II, that the emergence of regional differences timidly began.

It is in the people themselves that

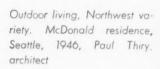
any impetus for definite architectural characteristics must spring if the potentials of the setting, the climate and history are to be energized. . . . The people of the Northwest cause the creation of the architecture of the Northwest; it is for them, reflects their tastes, their manner of living, and in whatever measure they aspire, their aspirations. Some basic characteristics are common to both people and architecture. A straightforwardness, not too full of pretense, at home in the nature of the region, an appreciation and fondness for the sophisticated and polished and at the same time, a liking of the rustic natural textural rough hewn wood and stone. In addition there is here a close identification with the world of horticulture that is born from a deep appreciation of wilderness of forest that is as natural as the daily appreciation of the changing panorama of the scenery of Puget Sound.

Neither in the architecture nor in the people is there a sense of urgency, of sureness or of mission in the matter of creative art. There is a definite sense of quiet introspection and an attitude of prophetic vision that in the realm of painting has given rise to an important school of Northwest painting. One of the outstanding characteristics of this Northwest school is the unmistakable poetic overtone, with color so restrained in hue and intensity as to only suggest the natural world of prismatic color. The definitive nature of the artistic expression of the region is in the process of formulation and has not yet emerged into a clear graphical, well-grasped symbolism.

But signs of the affirmation and emergence are at hand. There is little part here of the great intellectualism of the East and although most of the architects of the Puget Sound region have received postgraduate training in the East and all are acquainted with the modern movement in architecture, what with the current examples being constantly published, yet the architects are consciously engaged in expressing themselves through the emerging language of this region. It is with awakened enthusiasm that a certain elemental directness of approach and simplicity of geometry is established as a definite characteristic. The use of the natural materials of wood, stone, plant material in contrast to the mannered machine-ordered substances of metals, glass, ceramic, plastics, is fast becoming the recognizable distinguishing mark of the best.

With the new vocabulary of expression is a guard against the hurry to formalize anything into a set design ritual and a note of capricious humor is often used as a talisman against rigidity. And above all is a new, deep-felt appreciation of the majestic setting of Puget Sound as a great creation.

Chas, R. Pearson







A Northwest version of relationship with out-doors. Roger Gotteland, architect

"A matter of degree only"

By Victor Steinbrueck

After due consideration, I find myself rather unsympathetic to the spirit of developing "regionalism" in architecture, if I understand the meaning of the term. I certainly feel that architecture must provide for natural conditions of climate and material availability and provide a good environment for living, wherever it may be. However, our situation is not unique.

In discussing the regional character of people of the Northwest and the Puget Sound with sociologists, there seems to be very little difference in the pattern of living here from elsewhere. People of the United States are pretty much the same. Differences appear only in a matter of degree not in real quality. Therefore, a house based on good northwestern living would fit in Tennessee or Maine.

I think the differences in architecture in this region (if there are any) are based on a closer relation of the architect to the people and a consistent effort to do good work which will serve our situation. Many architects here do small houses for average income families, and feel a real alliance and sympathy with their client, because of the architect's own background.

There is no cultural tradition of good architecture here. The area was de-

veloped in a rough and tumble manner for exploitation of natural resources mainly lumber. Architecture followed the typical eclectic pattern of the country. Now, we are just trying to do good architecture for the people. It seems to me that any apparent differences come from this effort, mainly. Attempts to develop a "style" are always false and insincere. Perhaps there is relatively more effort toward good design here, because of the lack of tradition to inhibit us - but I feel it is a matter of degree only. . . . I think the realization that architecture is for the people is certainly inspirational enough, and I am in complete sympathy with having our constructions make this a happier world in which to live!

"There must be a sympathy"

By John M. Morse

I came to the Northwest — and selected the Seattle area — in search of space, new communities, and an invigorating climate. I found these, plus also many alert and independent minds. Seattle has enough people and area for a big city but to me it looks and acts still like a small town. The individual is strong. Individual enterprise is strong.

Most of us live in houses on small lots. Much of our evenings and weekends are spent in fixing up or finishing our house or planting and growing things in this fast-growing climate. Probably there are more real and unreal jacks-of-all-trades and amateur plumbers in this area than almost anywhere else. And to me as an architect, this means clients who irk because "a little learning is a dangerous thing," quite often clients who make me do a better job.

My approach is to get down to fundamentals of how people live, of local site and weather, of how structures go together. I try to give a design a strong character of consistency and unity and tend toward a simplicity of form and of means. The overall effect is to predomi-

nate — the details should contribute unobtrusively — restfulness and a nonpreoccupation with minute detail and studied emphasis of detail in structure or furnishings is the aim.

Parenthetically, I welcome the experimentation with structure and the analytical approach to design of many of the younger architects and I only ask that they develop honest self-criticism and a judgment of their work based on a broad historical view and consideration of how their specific design fits the people, the site, and the way people live. It is not enough to be different, bold or revolutionary. There must be a sympathy.

Japanese influence. right, sliding screens covered with glass fibre cloth (shoji), in office of Paul Thiry. Right, below, shoji in the office of Paul Kirk



Chas, R. Pearson

Huessy residence, 1909, by Kirtland Cutter, borrowed from the Alps qualities to fit a similar terrain. Alpine influence now seen only in railroad stations





HOUSES OF THE NORTHWEST

The houses in this study were deliberately chosen to illustrate several points about domestic architecture in the Northwest. One is the persistence of an early cottage form, which with its pitched roof, wide overhang and large window areas is well suited to the climate. Another is skill in the use of wood; wood is used naturally, but boldly too, delicately also, and, yes, lovingly, for the great timber here was the first attraction of this country, and brought Scandinavians and their skills and habits. These houses also show plainly the acceptance and digestion of contemporary international currents of thought. They show too the Northwest willingness to experiment, as using flat roofs occasionally in spite of the ubiquitous shingles and shakes. Interiors in these houses are especially interesting, sometimes for conflicting reasons. First, the architects generally have more control over interiors than is usual with small houses. On the other hand, it seems a rare instance where the architect can dictate strictly modern furniture. The independence of the typical family with respect to faddish notions is plainly evident in the mixtures of furnishings, urns and Indian and Japanese art objects. Thus does the individuality of this country assert itself.

A HOUSE THAT TYPIFIES NORTHWEST ARCHITECTURE

Paul Von Bergen House, Portland, Ore.

John Storrs, Designer

Here is a house that typical view (30 miles toward Mt. Jefferson). The cottage form is evident, though it just happens that Mr. Storrs did not grow up with it—he came from an eastern university and adopted the Northwest country on his first trip there. Here he had favorable clients, a young couple with educated tastes and (as the interior photographs will show) an enthusiasm for Japanese art. There is no attempt here at a Japanese house, but rather for a proper use of the site. The trees come close, both to give a near focus for the views and to form a shield against the rain-filled winds from the southwest.

The house is of standard frame construction. The three cased beams supporting the roof are exposed throughout, and form the head details for glass and doors. The two outside beams are 7 ft from the floor, and a horizontal line is carried around the interior at this level, marking door heads and the top of walls between rooms; thus the ceilings are continuous planes extending over the diverse room activities. As a princi-

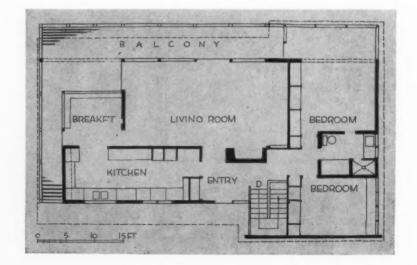
ple, instead of throwing open the whole to the outside, the designer sought a visual change of pace, emphasizing interior and near exterior views as well as framing the distant view toward the mountain.



Chas, R. Pearson



 ${\it ``. ... some basic characteristics common to people and architecture.}\ A straightforwardness not$



too



Von Bergen house has garage at upper level, joined to house by covered walk; covered balcony on two sides, toward the view. Bedroom has store front window construction to open it fully (below), is screened on this side by trees close to house



too full of pretense, an appreciation and fondness for the sophisticated and polished . . .

Chas. R. Pearson

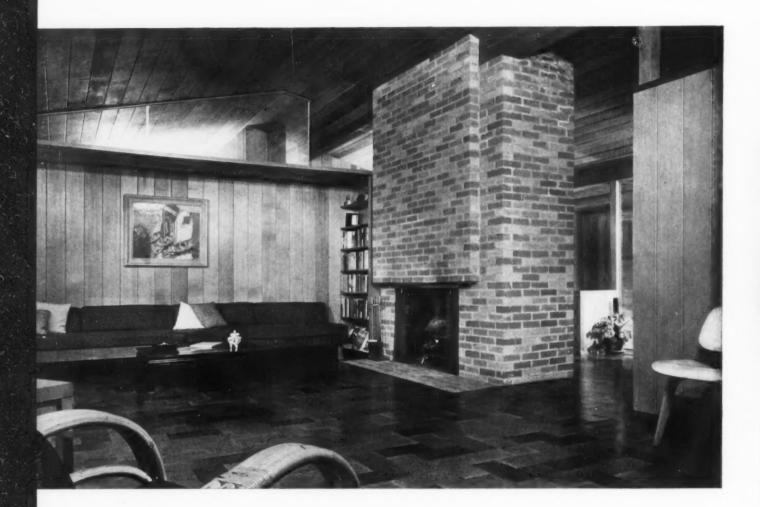


iot

ARCHITECTURAL INTERIORS

Design | Details | Materials | Equipment

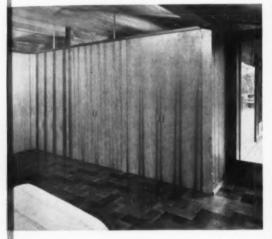
7-ft



". . . at the same time a liking for the rustic natural texture of rough hewn wood and stone"



Interiors of Von Bergen house maintain a 7-fit line, the level of cased beams and height of solid partitions, for continuity. Glass is used above partitions, to close off certain areas but maintain one ceiling







Chas. R. Pearson

. . came a reaction against things as they were and a desire to design for the country . . .

Kitchen maintains same woods used through rest of interiors, though birch was used for the cabinets. Kitchen is closed off from entry and from living room by 7-ft partition, is open to breakfast room



ıe"

". . . maybe not a 'machine for living' but a building that would fit a better way of life . . . tha





A HOUSE WITHOUT STAIRS

Thomas Dixon House, Portland, Ore.

Van Evera Bailey, Architect

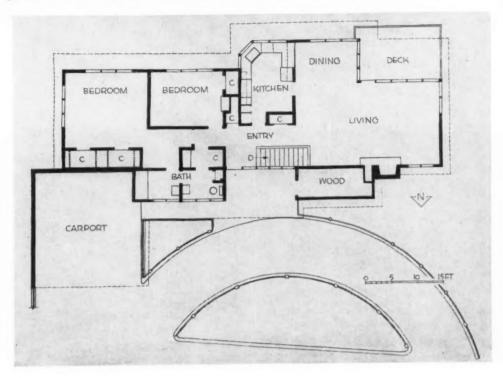
Robert E. Kremers, Structural Engineer

01



une & Pentron

that would fit the land, exploit the vast panoramas of waterways and mountains . . .

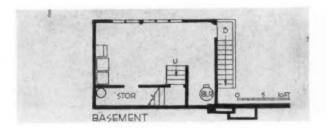


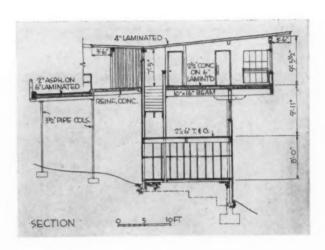
ON A VERY STEEP SITE

RS

Thus house could scarcely be called typical of its Larchitect's work, but does seem to emphasize the daring with which Northwest architects tackle their sites and their buildings. Basic objective was a house to obviate the scrambling up and down steps, and analysis proved the soundness of the idea. Preliminary designs were done with the usual steep drives and steps, but the grade would make winter driving hazardous. Also heavy retaining walls would be necessary, and a foundation heavy enough to resist pressure of road backfilling. Costs would equal those for steel pipe supports. The circular driveway is in fact a structural necessity to give the house on stilts lateral stiffness. The arch of the driveway, with supporting beams running into the house, transfers horizontal stresses to the curb retaining wall on city right of way. The building line of the house could not encroach on the street, but the driveway could. The family has no children, otherwise the house on stilts would be unthinkable.

In plan, all living areas are located to take advantage of the sweeping views and the sunshine to the south. The roof slopes upward on this side to permit the sun to enter in winter months, though the architect comments frankly that this might have been overdone, as "actually there is too much sun on winter days, when there is any."





Floor is built up of 2-by-6's on edge, covered with $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. of concrete. Floor is supported by solid 10-by-16 wood beams, on $3\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pipe columns. Driveway is also laminated with 2-by-6's on edge, with 2-in. asphalt

ARCHITECTURAL INTERIORS

Design | Details | Materials | Equipment



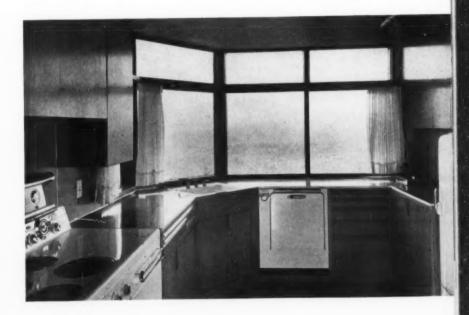
". . . that would enliven the gray days of winter and share the exterior country in summer . . .





. . buildings that would shed the rain and yet permit the sun to infiltrate the interior"

Onen and airy feeling of the Dixon house is heightened by the use of painted plaster walls and light asphalt tile flooring, also light-colored drapes and furniture. Ceiling is exposed edges of 1-by-2 and 3-by-4 rough-sawn for boards laminated to form structural roof





A HOUSE WITH LARGE SPACES, LONG VISTAS

W. W. Wessinger House, Portland, Ore. Walter Gordon, Architect

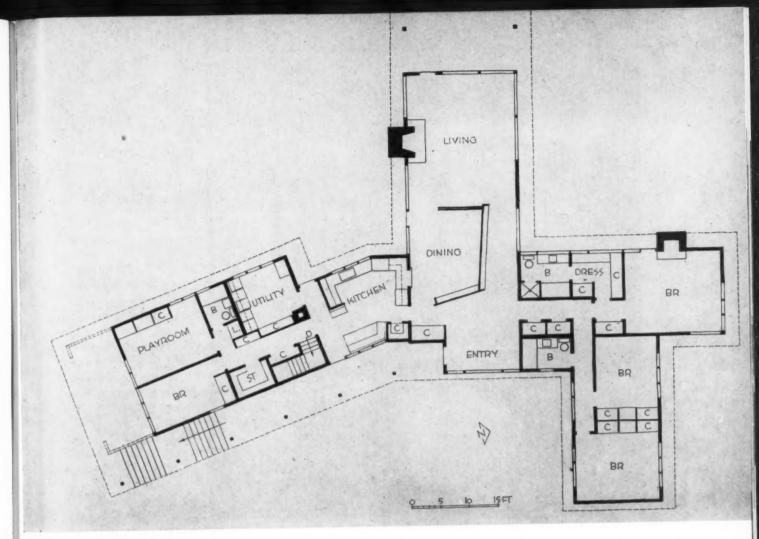
A UNUSUAL AMOUNT of client conference went into this house, extending over two years. The owners, a young couple, three children, one maid, wanted an "uninhibited space sense" which here clearly means a great big house with great big views both inside and out. The outside views nature provided lavishly—two rivers to the north, sunsets to the west, at an elevation of 1000 ft above Portland's downtown. So there are large panes of glass on virtually all sides. The family also wanted activity separations—dead-end living room, shielded sleeping rooms, separated kitchen and play wing, in a house they could add onto or subtract from. They wanted terrific storage cabinets, and they

wanted natural woods, "large and varied amounts of it." This would seem to be a clear invitation to the architect to let himself go, so the house has some fairly dramatic touches. The huge living-dining room (more than 40 ft long) is open, except for a screen, to the glazed entry. A continuous ceiling of longitudinal, natural hemlock takes the slope of the roof and emphasizes the length and openness of the room. The lines of the house give a strong feeling of serenity, though as one poetic observer said, "a contemporary home with long sweeping planes which lift with the rise of the land, finally cresting, like a wave, into a sharp-pitched roof." Anyway, it's a consistent roof line, with accents.

". . . Puget Sound with its incomparable variety of ocean, sound and strait, inlet, river and

Dearborn-Massar



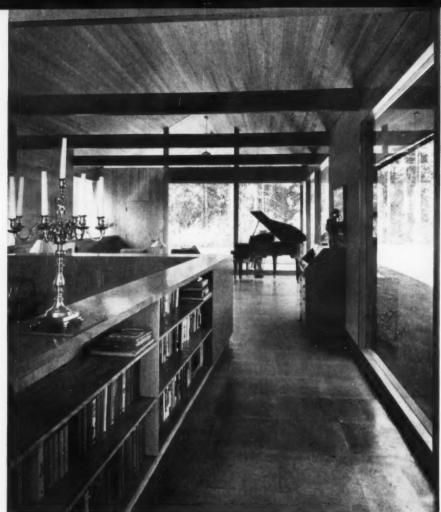


lake, of plains rising to snow-capped mountains, forests and shore of salt-bleached driftwood."



The long, low roof lines are strongly favored in Northwest designs; this house is actually larger than it appears, and uses space with a lavish hand

and



Market M.



While some of the interiors are of plaster, this house shows its Northwest heritage with extensive use of wood — sloped ceiling of long hemlock boards, birch for cabinets and screens. Exterior of resawn vertical T & G Western Red Cedar



"The region is too young to have developed any architectural style . . . none was imported"

COMPACT HOUSE WITH A SENSE OF SPACIOUSNESS

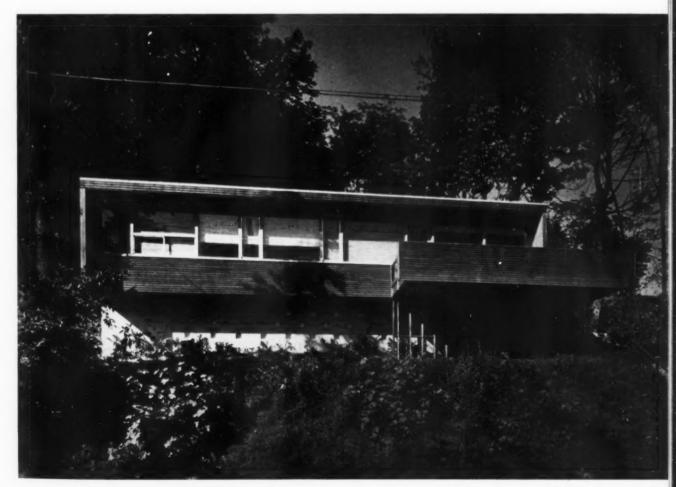
Alden Mason House, Seattle, Wash.

Victor Steinbrueck, Architect

Not all houses in the Northwest are as big as the outdoors; this one is a model of compactness. Propped up on the side of its lot, its basement exposed to the front, its porch cantilevered toward the sidewalk. it still manages to look imposing as well as interesting. Commentary on the Northwest: you seldom see monotonous rows of dinky houses - the sites absolutely prevent monotony and the architects (builders too) lean strongly to a quality of individuality. This house uses its space effectively: the porch, serving as a screen for living and dining room windows, permits full and open glass toward the street. The living room, though small. has very usable space since there is no traffic through it. The progressively open plan from living room to dining room to kitchen adds spaciousness but still screens kitchen. Altogether the house seems much larger than it actually is.

The architect found many ways to develop the sense of size. That is, by the way, the purpose of the wing walls extending out at the ends. These were used to complete the form of the house and to extend the interior spaces outward. The narrow exterior siding (½ by 4 in., bevel, Western Red Cedar) tends to scale the house, and is much cheaper than wide boards. Also the siding was colored with tile red stain, which has an assertive quality. Inside the ceiling and soffits are all 1-by-4, T & G, V-joint cedar, and floors are in one-color dark asphalt tile, the uniformity tending to add to apparent spaciousness.

If all that seems a great deal of design for a house that cost (1949) the owner \$9000 (he painted it himself), take it as an added commentary on the Northwest: there it is not strange for architects to work on such small houses, and give them studied care.



"Neither in the architecture nor the people is there a sense of urgency, or of mission"

ed"

The Mason house, though small, has many devices that give it a strong individuality, an assertive quality. The extended end walls are useful in this respect, especially on the interior, where they have the effect of extending the interior spaces





Dearborn-Massar

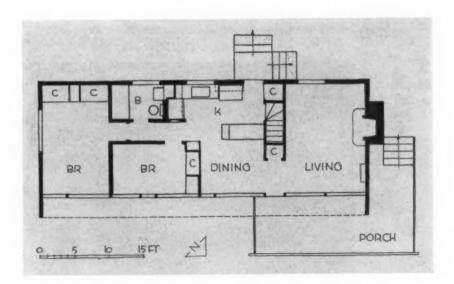
The plan utilizes its areas effectively; the living room loses no space for circulation purposes, though there is possibly a small sacrifice in this, in making it necessary for guests to walk past the living room windows. Openness of living, dining, kitchen makes space efficient

 \ldots with awakened enthusiasm a certain elemental directness and simplicity is established \ldots "

ARCHITECTURAL INTERIORS

Design | Details | Materials | Equipment





 $``\cdot\cdot wood, stone, plant\ material\ in\ contrast\ to\ the\ mannered\ machine-ordered\ substances\ .\ .\ .$

ARCHITECTURAL INTERIORS

Design | Details | Materials | Equipment





All ceilings and soffits are 1-by-4 T & G, V-joint Western Red Cedar, finished only with a clear preservative sealer. Floors are all in a single color, dark asphalt tile, this uniformity being calculated to add apparent spaciousness

"With the new vocabulary of expression is a guard against the hurry to formalize anything into



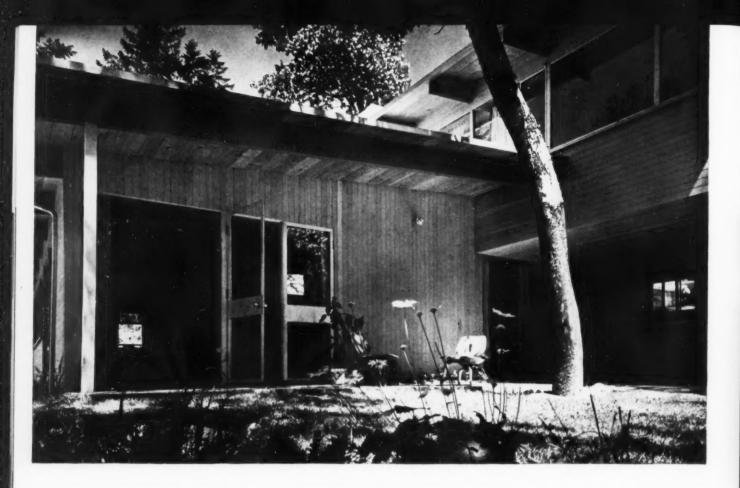
Plywood walls were stained by adding pigment to a clear preservative sealer: blue in dining room, light yellow in the child's room, white in the hall, light olive green on kitchen cabinets. Cabinets and doors were varnished in addition. Kitchen counter tops are crimson red vinyl, with hardwood nosings



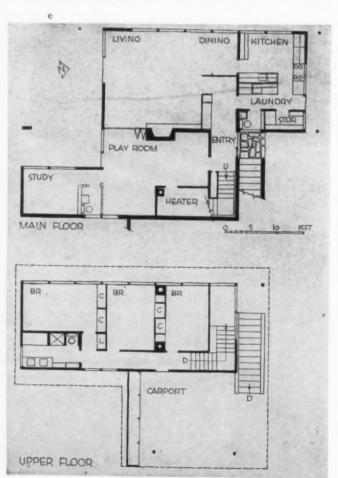
into a set design ritual . . . and a note of capricious humor is often used . . ."



ing



PLANNED FOR OUTDOOR LIVING ON A HILLSIDE



Jack Wolf House, Mercer Island, Wash.

Robert H. Dietz, Architect

In the puget sound area it doesn't seem odd that an architect would help his clients choose a site so steep that the house goes downhill in steps — it would be difficult not to select such a site. At any rate the architect did help select it, and designed the house as a sort of grandstand facing the view of Lake Washington and the floating bridge; all principal rooms face the lake. The owners wanted easy access to outdoors from living rooms; this was easy to arrange by making this part of the house the lower level — main entrance is at bedroom level.

The clients gave the architect no trouble about style, wanting only that the house exemplify good architecture for the Northwest and satisfy their needs and desires. It won a local A.I.A. honor award in 1950 for the best contemporary house.

The entire house is of wood. Interior finish is primarily hemlock and vertical grain fir and fir plywood. Fireplace is of local Wilkeson stone.

 $``The \ area \ is \ no \ longer \ isolated \ from \ the \ rest \ of \ the \ nation, \ and \ consequently \ we \ are \ economically$

just

Dearborn-Massar





The living room below is a good example of contemporary design in the Northwest, a post and beam house of local materials and largely wood interiors, wood ceiling and beams



just as close to all products as, say, Chicago. This is producing here a standardization . . ." APRIL 1953

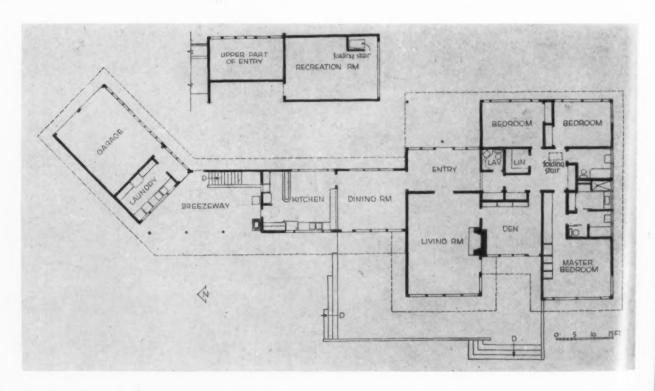
ally



A LARGE HOUSE WITH A PUGET SOUND APPROACH

Thomas David Stimson House, Seattle, Wash.

Paul Thiry, Architect



"This could result in a different form of architecture than found elsewhere \cdots



LARGE HOUSE, self sufficient in its mannerisms, this A one provides an interesting commentary on Northwest domestic architecture. It certainly shows an acceptance and assimilation of the modern approach, but there is no evidence of effort to assert any stylistic doctrine. It is true that, knowing the architect and his clients here, one might find touches that would establish a sympathy for Japanese forms and furnishings, but there is nothing very insistent about it. In the main the distinguishing forms of this house come from the problem at hand, a problem frequently encountered in the Puget Sound area. The house, high on a promontory, faces west, toward the views of the Sound and the Olympic Mountains, also toward the afternoon sun and the glare from the water. There is also wind and rain from the southwest. Roof overhangs, plantings around the terrace, but at the same time the huge glass areas, illustrate the efforts commonly made to enjoy the views and the sun but exercise some control when the weather turns unpleasant. The house is of frame construction, conventional stud wall and rafters. Exterior is vertical T & G cedar, left to weather naturally: roof, hand split shakes. Window frames are wood, soffits and gables are fir painted in color (Chinese red and yellow).

Chas R Pearson



**ecause it would result from a real cause . . . that cannot be satisfied by materials alone."



Entrance hall, dining room and library are walled with walnut plywood, though most interior walls are of plaster. Floors are mostly carpeted, though in entrance hall and dining room the flooring is travertine slabs in random pattern. Colors throughout are subdued browns, tans and mistletoe. Furnishings mostly Oriental

Living room, den and master bedroom face the views, the western sun and the weather. The overhangs at the gable ends, the glass wind screen, the plantings, are all designed to take advantage of the views and the sun but control the glare and the winds



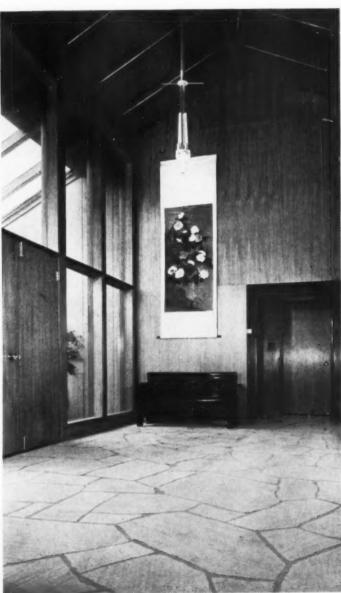
". . . an indigenous architecture borrowing from the high primitive arts and structures of the

ARCHITECTURAL INTERIORS

Design | Details | Materials | Equipment

Chas. R. Pearson





f the Indians; conscious of the simple mill sheds that were built in open span for timber sizes . . .



A HOUSE NOT FOR A VIEW, BUT FOR A FAMILY

William J. Bain House, Seattle, Wash.
William J. Bain and Harrison Overturf, Architects



SETTING OUT, like the previous one, with no very pro-nounced stylistic mission, this house did have a definite objective, having nothing to do with a view or a weather problem. Here the view is a landscaped creation, and the objective to suit the fairly lavish desires of a large family. A detailed explanation of all features would involve a rather personal acquaintance with the family, down to their menus. Briefly, their wants here involve a great deal of entertaining, by adults and by young people too; anticipation of entertaining married sons and daughters and possibly small fry. Music here and there, for dancing or just for listening. Cooking here and there, too, notably barbecues in the recreation room. Many of these activities are calculated to flow outward to either front or rear terraces, hence the heavy screening by plantings, and the extensive paving and stone work. Though large, the house and the landscaping are planned for easy management without servants lawn areas are small, planting is mainly hardy shrubs. flower beds are limited, could be dispensed with entirely.

". . . conscious of the faraway land of Japan whose topography is similar to our own — whose

peo

From the barbecue fireplace in the recreation room to the furnishings of the living room, the interiors were designed, like the house itself, for very comfortable living, its expression one of exuberance





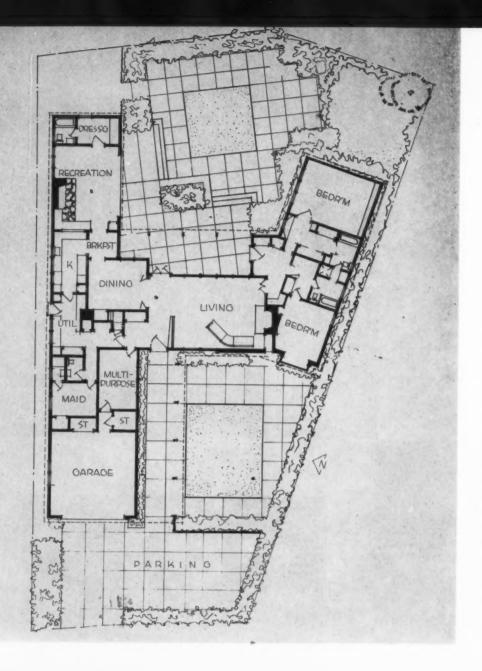
Chas, R. Pearson





 $people\ have\ developed\ a\ post\ and\ lintel\ architecture\ free\ in\ adaptability\ of\ form\ .\ .\ .$

iose



Though the emphasis of the Bain house is on family, there are but two bedrooms. This is explained by the fact that the two sons have left the household and no longer require permanent rooms The closet space, though, was designed to store their things, and the recreation room works nicely as a bedroom, for times when they come home, with or without wife and other impedimenta. This room is mainly useful, however, as a center for entertaining, it connects to kitchen via sliding door over counters





 $\lq\lq$. . . setting of the region presents a problem of magnitude which does not suggest a solution

THE CLIENT SPECIFIED HOSPITALITY

Carl Erickson House, Hunts Point, Wash.

Young & Richardson; Carleton & Detlie, Architects

It was the desire of the owners," reports the architect, "to have a home which would take full advantage of Lake Washington and a panoramic view of Seattle on the horizon and at the same time yield itself gracefully to the general terrain and character of Hunts Point. The character of the architecture was to suggest formality and dignity with a warm sense of hospitality, and yet achieve in appropriate areas complete infor-

mality." The house presents its dark side to the visitor, hence the intricate arrangement of planes, beginning with the carport and taking the eye downward past a landscaped entrance rookery to the entrance. On the side facing the lake the house is much more restrained; here the house aligns its rooms and opens itself toward the lake. The all-glass room jutting out is the kitchen, designed as an informal entertaining center.



Chas. R. Pearson



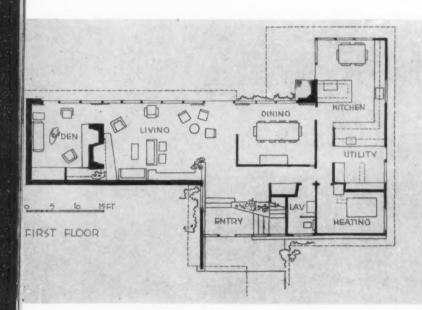
so much as a humbleness of approach and a vigorous statement of form and texture."

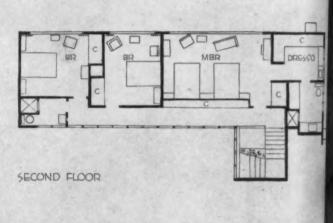
tion



Except for its generosity in the matter of space the plan accommodates fairly normal requirements. A special item is the large kitchen facing the lake, conceived as an informal center for the family or for close friends at cocktail time.

"The definitive nature of the artistic expression of the region is in the process of formulation and







The more formal dining space is only partially closed off from the living room but is completely walled off from the entrance. In the bake ground of this picture the den is handled in a similar way

This kitchen center features—and that is the word for it—an indoor barbecue fireplace. There is one outside too, in fact it adjoins the one inside. Cook inside or outside and eat either place that suits your fancy best



o p pageson

ion and has not yet emerged into a clear, graphical well grasped symbolism.

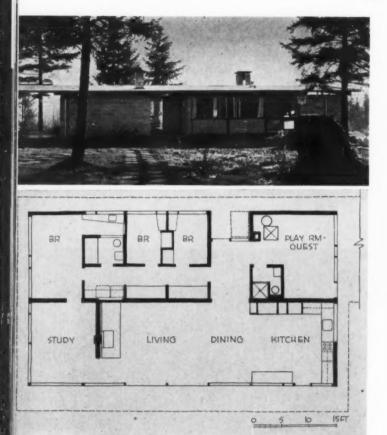




THE CLIENTS SENT A QUOTATION FROM THOREAU

David Van Brown House, Hilltop Community, Wash.

Bassetti & Morse, Architects

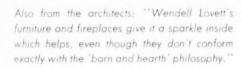


It would be interesting to quote at length from the architects' remarks about this house. But the quoting started with the clients, who sent the architects a long quote from Thoreau, starting: "I sometimes dream of a larger and more populous house, standing in a golden age, of enduring materials, and without gingerbread work, which shall consist of only one room . . . " Well, as the plan shows, the house could not exactly be vast, and ended up with three bedrooms, study, guest room. But the philosophy shows in the open cooking, eating, living space. It shows, too, in the materials. It is well known, around Puget Sound, that these architects have done much with the open space idea, and with the new materials. And now for the quotes from the architects: "We feel that this is one of the most difficult problems - this conflict between the use of new materials and, rarely, new forms and the avoidance of a self-conscious 'modernism' . . . Still I think that the Brown house is more successful than some others where we may have tried too hard."

"It is in the people themselves that any impetus for definite architecture characteristics







tics



Chas, R. Pearso

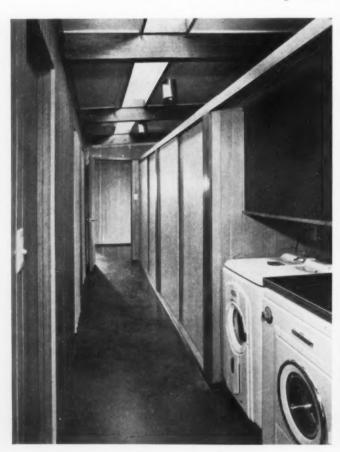
must spring, if the potentials of the setting, the climate and history are to be energized."

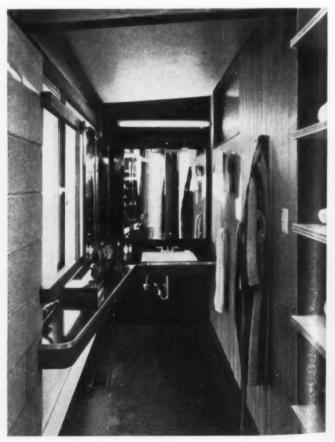




". . . above all is a new, deep-felt appreciation of the majestic setting of Puget Sound."

In contrast with the openness of the living area, the bedroom space is on the efficient side, the corridor lined with huge closets and serving also as laundry, and where quite as convenient?







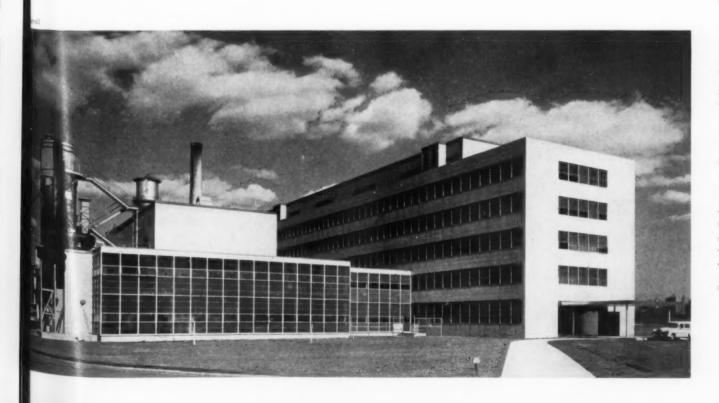
LEVER BROTHERS' NEW RESEARCH CENTER

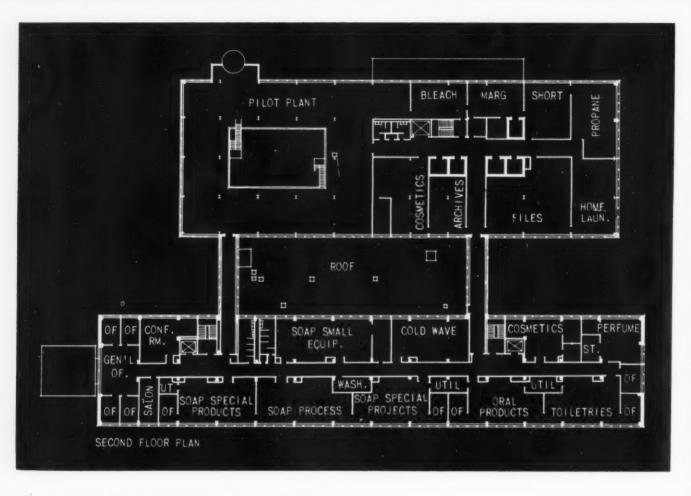
Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Architects

In the wake of the tremendous publicity wave attracted by its glittering tower in Manhattan, Lever Brothers Company has announced the opening of another crisp new building designed for them by Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Located across the Hudson in Edgewater, N. J., the new Research Center houses the consolidated development and improvement facilities for the company's many cleansing, health and beauty-

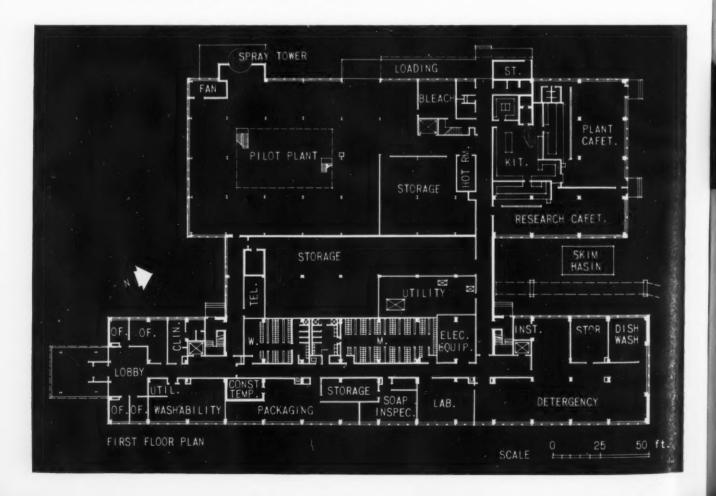
aid products. Due to the relative remoteness of the site, which adjoins the company's Spry plant, it was not intended to have the same public visiting appeal of the famous office building.

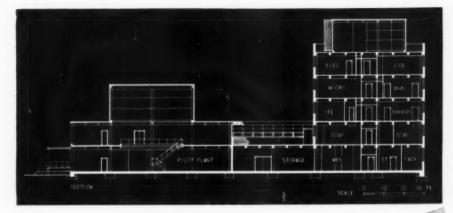
The Center consists of two connecting buildings: a steel and glass pilot plant for study of manufacturing processes; and a brick, reinforced concrete and glass laboratory for research and testing of products.





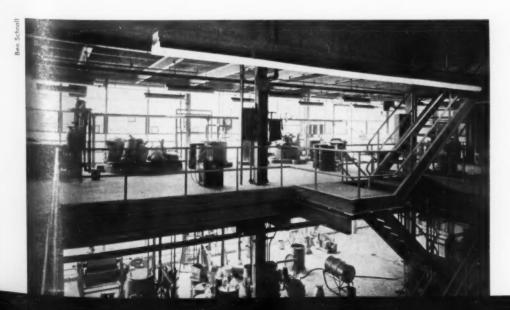
Flexibility for experiments is afforded by open planning in pilot plant, movable cinder block partitions and corridor pipe ducts in five-story lab



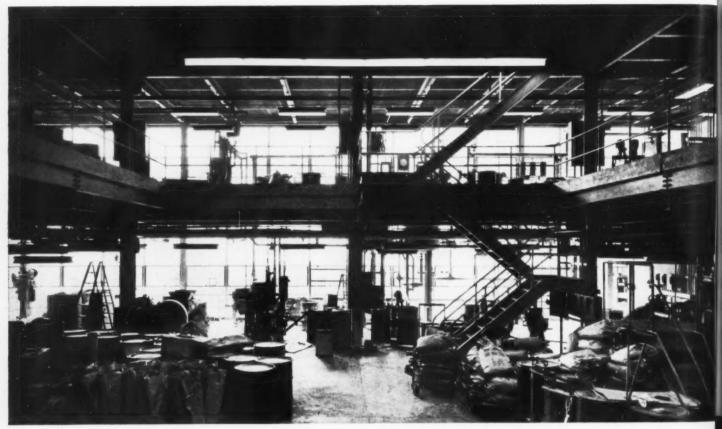


LEVER BROTHERS'
RESEARCH CENTER





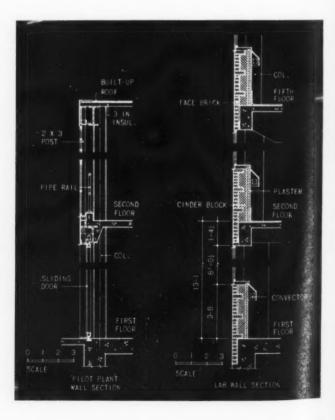
Heat-absorbing strip windows and glass walls daylight all research areas. The building is fireproof, air conditioned throughout. Interiors are simple, functional: walls are painted or plastered; ceilings are concrete or acoustic tile, have painted exposed pipes; floors are concrete or asphalt tile. Steam is supplied from adjoining Spry plant; one cafeteria serves Spry employes



The pilot plant labovel has great flexibility for setting up experimental equipment, Below: cafeteria section for the 300 research employes



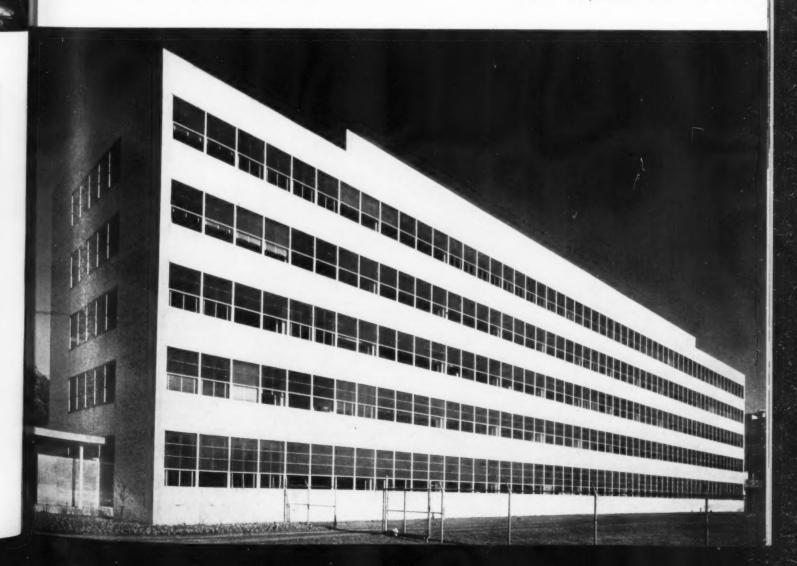
Sections at right compare the structures of the two buildings. Both were originally planned with steel structure, lab design changed due to shortages





Typical rooms: top row, lobby, office; bottom row, research lab, library, all are in lab building

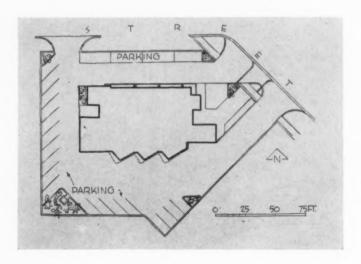
Below: buff brick lab exterior seen from river. Adjacent Spry plant is in background, far right





Edward L. Varney, Associates Architects and Engineers

DRIVE-IN BANK STRESSES ROADSIDE ADVERTISING



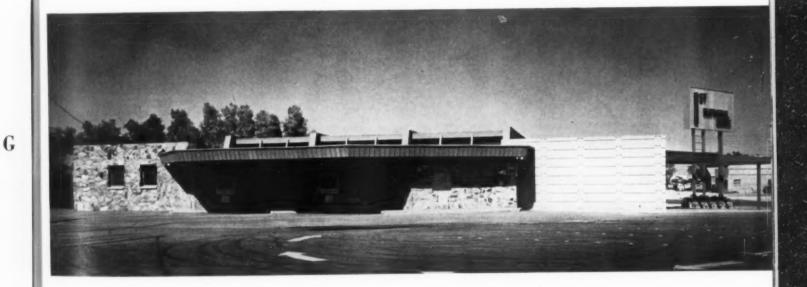
Six Points Branch
First National Bank of Arizona

DRIVE-IN BANKS are still in the experimental stage, as the architect of this one in Phoenix points out. Like the motel and the retail store, they require a site on an important traffic artery and a plot large enough to accommodate driveways and parking areas; unlike their predecessors, however, they need special security facilities and must overcome the traditional conservatism of their owners if they are to be successful.

This new bank in Phoenix was planned to serve an expanding industrial district on the edge of the city. The site is on the principal East-West highway, well

suited to a silent advertising campaign stemming from an attention-calling building. The exterior was designed with this advertising potential in mind: hence the bold canopies over the entrances, the towering un-bank-like sign, the native field stone, redwood and precast concrete selected to reflect a "desert feeling."

A saw-tooth arrangement of three drive-in windows was adopted to permit quick servicing at all hours; the windows were placed on the south side of the building at a 90 deg angle to the main thoroughfare in anticipation of the probable traffic flow.



APRIL 1953



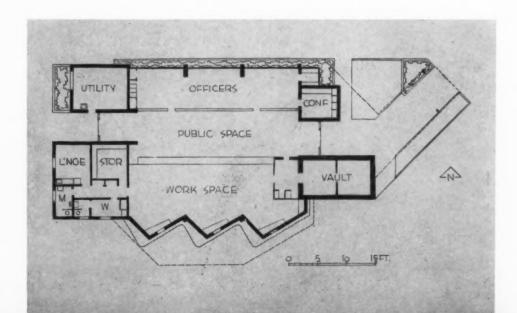
Stuart A. Weiner



Main entrance loppositel, at eastern end of building, is marked by huge sign typical of drive-ins; night depository is at right of doors. Public space runs straight through building from east to west, with an entrance at each end, tellers' "windows" along one side and officers' platform along other. Owner's requirement that no glass be used on either side wall resulted in clerestory; main banking area was kept free of columns by use of rigid steel frames for clerestory, carrying moment over to the outside walls. All materials used on exterior are repeated on interior: redwood in ceiling over public area, field stone and precast concrete in walls. Clerestory windows are heat-absorbing









Officers' platform (left and below) is separate; from public space by long counter containing storage cabinets. Ceiling here and in work area on opposite side is acoustic tile; lighting is fluorescent



Stuart A. Weiner

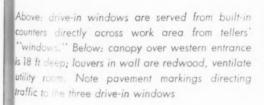


At one end of officers' platform is wall of class's and cabinets, plus built-in steel filing cabinets. A other end (above) doors lead to small strage room and staff conference room

eparate: g storage opposite









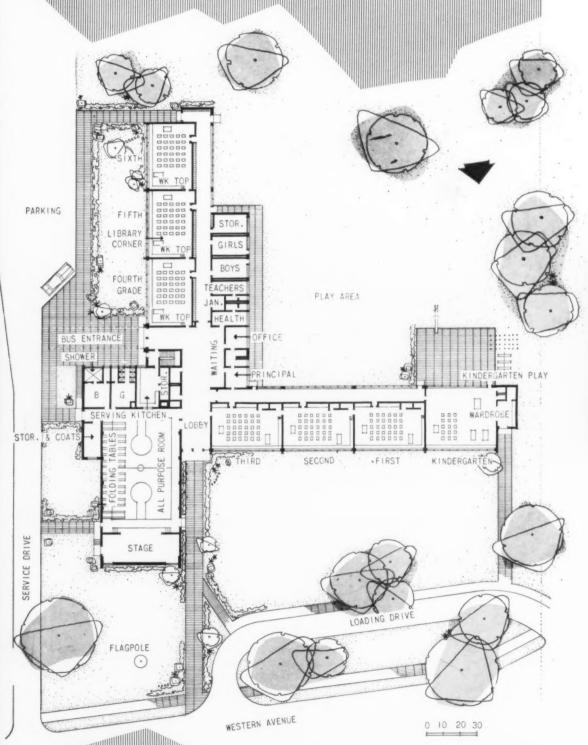




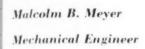
of closets inets. At age room

THE SCHOOL AS A DURABLE ASSET

James A. Britton
Architect







ton

lect



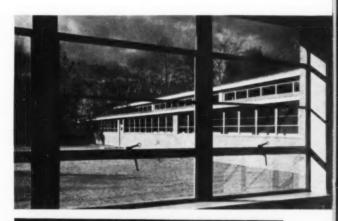
HIGHLAND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL in Westfield, Mass., is interesting as the result of an unusual planning procedure as well as in relation to the community it serves. Westfield, like many American cities, is fundamentally conservative and rightly so. Its citizens recognize that, however we may speak of change and obsolescence, a school building is almost certain to be used for many, many years. It has to be well built. Both as an investment and as an environment for children, it is evident that Westfield's school building committee and board of education have demanded as sound construction as the budget would permit. This has not prohibited the advances in structural design or use of pleasant color which we associate with good modern school buildings; but it has meant that such materials as concrete block become a back-up for face brick, a subsurface to be plastered, and not the entire wall; that corridors have full walls of ceramic tile rather than less durable materials. At the same time, the design concept is the result of an informal competition held in the architect's own office: the winning scheme, modified only as competition winners are usually developed, is the school shown here.



Joseph W. Molitor

Highland Elementary is the first school in West-field, Mass, to be designed as an entirely contemporary structure. In many respects the city is far advanced in its administration of public schools; for instance, its school lunch program has a central kitchen for the entire city, with food distributed by truck to individual schools. This means that, in each school, only a serving kitchen is needed. Above: views from play-

field. Right: bicycle racks at east entrance













Corridors and toilets have full ceramic tiled walls; acoustic ceilings are used throughout. Above, corridor leading to lower grades, through door at end, one enters the large Kindergarten room shown on the facing page. In this room, corridor width is added to room dimension, while the clerestory windows are uninterrupted. Below, main lobby, from which are reached upper grades and administrative offices; lower grades; and multipurpose room.







Above, Kindergarten looking towards toilets and wardrobe; below, toward entrance from corridor. Floors are asphalt tile; walls, plaster, cork board or chalk board





WESTFIELD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL





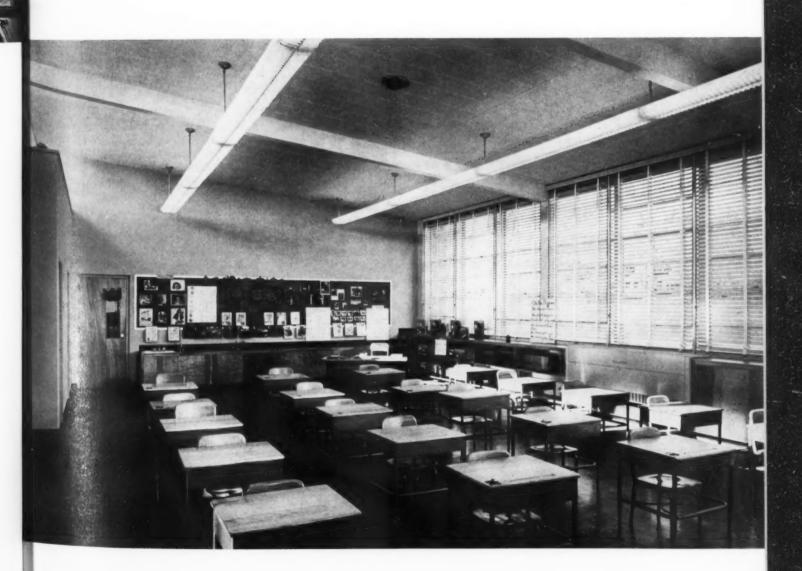
Typical classroom, shown on this page and at bottom of facing page, is approximately the same for all grades; only real difference is inclusion of toilets (photo above) for lower grades. At left, storage cabinets built in along corridor wall of lower grade rooms. Below, work counter, sink and tackboard common to all rooms



Joseph W. Nofflor

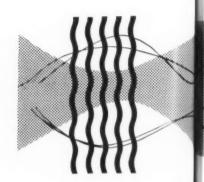


Above, corridor in wing devoted to upper grades. Here lockers are used, compare with wardrobes for lower grades. This wing can be extended as needed



PROGRESS IN

HEATING AND



Articles on the trends in heating and air conditioning equipment and systems are not new in Architectural Engineering. But for the first time in a single issue all of the articles, together with Products for Better Building, are devoted to this subject. The reason for such expansion is the widening interest in year-round residential air conditioning, which has shown a marked upswing in the last two years. While Section 1 covers developments for all types of buildings in both heating and air conditioning, Section 2 takes up in general terms the design aspects of year-round air conditioning for residences and small buildings, and Section 3 describes the new packaged conditioners and window units. Manufacturers' equipment shown in these articles has been selected for its typicality, and such selection does not imply an endorsement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS in Heating, Air Conditioning and Plumbing (Part 1), by Nathan N. Wolpert, Associate Editor, Heating and Ventilating: A review over the past few years and up to the present of products and systems for all types of buildings. Part 2, on ventilation and plumbing, will appear next month.



RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITIONING AND PLUMBING

By Nathan N. Wolpert, Associate Editor, Heating and Ventilating

(PART 1)

Many important economic factors and engineering advances have had decided influences on developments in the fields of heating, ventilating, air conditioning and plumbing in houses and multistory buildings. Construction costs have risen so sharply that every possible means for holding them down must be considered in both building design and in the production of new equipment and products. This becomes clearly defined when one reviews developments of the past few years.

Fuels

While there has been no drastic fuel shortage within the past few years, attention has been directed to the problem of getting the most from our natural resources and in the production of synthetic fuels from coal reserves. Solar heat, which once was but a dream of popular science writers, is considerably nearer fulfillment.

Gas. At the end of 1952, the gas utilities were serving about 27,000,000 customers including about 325,000 liquified petroleum (LP) gas users served directly by gas utility companies. Of this number about 20,000,000 were receiving natural gas, a gain of 25 per cent over the natural gas users for 1950.

There are 24,900,000 residential gas customers and when we add to this the 6,300,000 that are served with LP gas in areas not served by gas utilities, it means that more than 31,000,000 homes are served with either utility or bottled gas.

In 1951, the Federal Power Commission authorized the construction of more than 12,000 miles of pipeline and during the same year natural gas reached New England. There are now 42 states served by natural gas. The Pacific Northwest is the only heavily populated area that does not receive this fuel.

It has been estimated that this industry will spend more than 100 million dollars during the next few years on underground storage facilities so that there will be proper storage to maintain adequate supply during the winter

months.

Oil. To the extensive pipe-line network in the United States that transports tremendous quantities of crude and refined petroleum products, will be added a large number of new pipe lines now under construction.

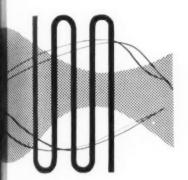
A look at the world picture of oil supply shows that the United States has a large stake in European refining capacity, since it was paid for largely by funds from the ECA. If Middle East crude is available, demands will be less-ened on the Western Hemisphere supply. While this information comes from a study made largely for military purposes, it closely ties in with what may be ahead for oil as a fuel for home heating.

There appears to be some interest in the Swedish method of storing oil and products underground in natural or man-made caves. Remarkable progress has been made in the building up of Canadian crude production, and it is expected that within the near future the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan will have a combined daily output of 250,000 bbl.

Coal. This fuel is now being mined at the rate of one half billion tons per year. It is finding growing use as a basis for synthetic fuel and as an ingredient for industrial processes.

Considerable money has been spent to find efficient methods of burning coal for house heating that would be attractive to the home owner. There have been two important developments.

As the result of research at Battelle Memorial Institute, a stoker boiler has been designed which feeds coal to the top of the fuel bed automatically; ashes



AIR CONDITIONING

2

PLANNING for Year-Round Air Conditioning of Small Buildings, by S. F. Gilman, Research Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering, University of Illinois: A general discussion of how the design of air conditioning systems differs from that of heating for residences and small buildings. Also, reasons why design should start with the structure itself.

3

ROUND-UP of equipment for residential air conditioning. This month's Products for Better Building shows many of the new units being offered by manufacturers, including both the new, complete systems for year-round use and the latest in room air conditioners, equipment which architects actually have to choose from in designing new homes.

are collected in a sealed container for later removal.

The Bureau of Mines has completed tests in a home on coal burning equipment, called the Anthratube, which was introduced several years ago. When buckwheat size anthracite was burned, the efficiency was 84 per cent, and when pea size coal was burned, the efficiency was 81.6 per cent. The equipment operated under complete automatic control—coal was fed from a bin and the ashes were deposited in a container.

Synthetic Fuels. An estimate has been made that refined oil products could be produced from oil shale and coul at actual costs averaging, respectively, 7.3 and 10.8 cents a gallon for products selling wholesale at 9 and 14.5 cent a gallon. But the basic cost of building such a plant is high. While such a plant would primarily produce jet and diesel fuel, it would also turn out had oil.

Nuclear Energy

Although the use of nuclear energy for heat and power for buildings still appears remote, it is interesting to note that heat generated by nuclear reaction was successfully used for space heating at the Atomic Energy Research Establishment located at Harwell, England.

Solar Heat

Houses have been constructed at both Cambridge and Dover, Mass. (see Architectural Record, March 1949, pp. 136-7 and April 1949, pp. 135-8), to show the practicability of solar heat for house heating but costs are still too high to make it attractive for general adoption.

The use of solar heat that is collected through solar heat traps to be stored in containers filled with chemical crystals holds great promise in providing still higher coefficients of performance for the heat pump. (See Architectural Record, July 1952, pp. 179–184.) It

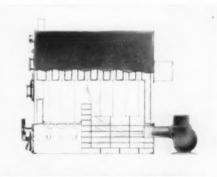
may even provide a good auxiliary for hot water space heating, although this has not been tested up to the present.

Heating

Multi-fuel Units. Costly inconvenience resulting when one source of fuel supply fails has prompted the design of boilers and furnaces capable of burning more than one type of fuel. The switch from one type of fuel to the other has been made simple with little loss of time during the change-over.

An interesting boiler for residences has grates at the front end for burning coal and a combustion chamber at the rear for an oil or gas burner. During normal operations, the grates are covered with an insulation board. In case

House boiler burns coal, also oil or gas



The H. B. Smith Company Inc

Combination gas and oil burner



Eclipse Fuel Engineering Company



RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITIONING AND PLUMBING (PART 1)

of power failure, or when it is desired to burn coal, the board is removed and a fire built on the grate. The oil-firing rate is from 2.4 to 6.4 gpm.

Another two-fuel design for commercial applications burns either gas or oil. Use of one fuel is entirely independent of the other and fuel changeover requires about 80 seconds.

Where there are restrictions regarding gas for house heating, the answer may be a boiler which burns both utility and bottled LP gas. It can also be used in areas not yet served by gas but which may have such service soon. Switch from one type gas to the other is controlled by an outside thermostat so that too great a gas demand is not placed on the utility during severely cold days.

For commercial and industrial use, there is a burner which burns both oil and gas. Change-over from one fuel to the other is made instantly by the flick of a switch. It has an electronic flame failure control whether gas or oil is used. Either gas or oil can be burned without induced secondary air. The unit comes as a self-contained package without any extras to buy.

Space-saving Equipment. Builders and architects have literally cut all conceivable corners in houses to reduce building costs. Heating equipment manufacturers have cooperated by producing furnaces and boilers that require less floor space. This was done by making up in unit height what was saved in floor space.

There are a number of oil-fired suspended units which clear floor space for other needs. Elongated units, either oil- or gas-fired, require little floor space and can fit into a closet.

One gas-fired hot water boiler for heating individual apartments measures 13 in. wide, 26 in. deep and 17 in. high. It can be suspended from the ceiling or mounted on a shelf, and is large enough to supply 188 sq ft of standing radiation.

A gas-fired panel heater for installation in a wall of standard 2 by 4 in. construction stands 60 in. high and can heat two rooms. It has two burners with individual controls.

A table-top type boiler occupies a floor space 25 by 30 in. One model, designed specifically for radiant heating, has space within its cabinet for all controls, including an expansion tank.

Electric Heating. With the present power rates in most areas, it may not be practical to heat an entire house by electricity; but electricity does provide an ideal means for heating rooms that are normally difficult to heat, such as isolated or exposed room, or a normally cold bathroom. As each room has its own means of heat regulation, electric heating requires no zone controls. An electrical radiant heating panel consists of a sheet of conductive rubber (rubber capable of conveying electricity) sandwiched between layers of thin plastic and aluminum foil to form a panel 1/16 in. thick. This panel weighs only 6 ounces per sq ft and is pasted to the ceiling like wallpaper. Where electricity is available at 114 cents or less per kwhr, cost of operation is comparable with other fuels.

Heating cables operating on low voltage current may be installed in floors, walls or ceilings. Heating panels using nickel-chrome wires can be installed in walls and in ceilings of normal or high height.

For persons who have to stand on cold floors, or remain for long periods behind counters or in ticket booths, there are electrically heated mats. One is made from a metallic resistance element embedded in neoprene rubber. Another is made of conductive rubber and is recommended for use in theaters to serve persons who are seated near exits. It has a normal operating temperature of 35 F above ambient.

A special electric wall heater supplies reflected infra red rays and fits in a stud space of 14 in. The heating element is made of a sintered carbide compound formed into rods.

For a single room there is a **ceiling unit** which supplies overhead illumination and heating. Diffused light comes through a white opal center lens while the outer portion consists of a panel of shatter-proof glass in which the heating element is fused.

While heating cable is not new for radiant heating, there are novel applications. A nickel-chrome resistance wire covered by an insulating shield is wrapped around pipe to prevent it from freezing, placed so as to protect roofs, gutters and downspout from ice damage, and to melt snow from walks. It comes in 80- and 160-ft lengths.

Tests that were conducted by the National Bureau of Standards show that electrically heated radiant glass panels provide a satisfactory method to heat a basementless house from the standpoint of temperature gradients in both vertical and horizontal directions, floor temperatures, and general comfort. With this type of system, heat is transmitted from glass in heating panels by radiation and convection. When the panel is heated above the temperature of the air in the room, heated air passes upward over the face of the panel, through the space between the glass and the reflective shield, and between the shield and the frame of panel assembly. At the same time, radiant heat is emitted outward from the face of the panel. Passage of air through the spaces back of the glass keeps the temperature at the rear of the assembly cool enough to be in contact with combustible material.

The Bureau stressed that while electric heating has advantages of cleanliness, flexibility and ease of control, the houses in which this type of heating is used should be thoroughly insulated. Where the rate for electric heating exceeds 1½ cents per kwhr, the cost of heating an insulated house can be expected to be more than that of coal or gas for the same house uninsulated.



Table top boile

Electric radiant heating panel



ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

Ducts and Warm Air. In apartment and commercial installations there has been a trend toward the use of high velocity air in warm air systems. Use of air at velocities up to 4000 fpm permits running 4-in. diameter ducts and results in considerable savings, both in dollars and space required, when compared with systems using large rectangular ducts. With this high velocity air system, sound dampers or boxes are placed before the air outlet fixture is reached to cut down on the sound generated by the air.

Several new materials have been introduced for duct construction. A reinforced, chemically treated, corrugated asbestos paper, which is water repellent and is fabricated into ducts, has both strength and sound deadening properties. Lengths are fitted together by a simple collar joint of the same material and sealed by an adhesive. For radial and perimeter warm air systems there is a fiber duct, embedded in the concrete floor, to serve as supply or return lines. With such ducts, there are metal fittings for bends, elbows and tees. Flexible ducts can be snaked through floors of existing houses as easily as BX cable. These tubes are made of a glass fiber product, cemented to a continuous steel spring and bonded together.

Small diameter ducts are used with warm air systems in low cost houses. A special line of fittings and plenum chambers are available. Another system for small homes combines radiant and perimeter heating. Small ducts and standard blower speeds are used, and warm air outlets or distributors are placed along outside walls. The air distributors come in widths of 3, 4 and 5 ft and the ducts in diameters of 4, 5 and 6 ins.

A warm air furnace capable of growing with the house has a heating unit for gas or oil. Component packages can be added to provide additional furnace capacity.

Radiant Heating. Although research is still going on in the field of radiant heating, and there are still many things to be learned, we are not as alarmed as we once were whether comfortable conditions will result. Not only is circulating hot water used but warm air has become an important development. Warm air can be used through a circuit of underground ducts or flues, or in a perimeter system where part of the warm air, flowing through embedded ducts, is discharged into the room to heat-wipe windows and cold walls.

In warm air perimeter heating, air from the furnace is delivered by a blower through ducts which are embedded in a concrete floor or through special types of concrete blocks or ordinary cellular clay tile which, when laid end to end, form a continuous flue. Warm air is discharged through registers connected to the perimeter duct and placed under windows. One or more grills located high on inside walls provide for the return air back to the furnace.

A special building block or brick has been produced to provide inexpensive radiant warm air heating systems. It can be made of concrete, clay or plastic material and it has a double set of canals. When laid as part of a building wall, the canal becomes a continuous passage through which warm air can be blown; an insulating compound is placed in the other canal. (Climabrick. See Heating and Ventilating, February 1950, p. 110.)

Another system of floor blocks can provide a closed forced warm air radiant heating system. The blocks are made of fire clay or shale tile and measure 5 in. deep by 113% in. sq. Each block has three channels. When laid end to end, they provide continuous channels across the room. A supply duct, made of 2-ft lengths, leads from the furnace to feed the channels. The return duct, also made in 2-ft lengths, returns the air to the furnace for reheating.

To promote better heat transfer through the concrete in which floor coils are embedded, a **concrete densifier** is mixed with the cement.

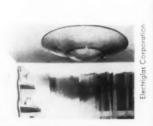
Baseboard Heating. Baseboard radiators or baseboard convectors were originally designed for house heating to eliminate the conspicuous free-standing radiator and to provide better heat distribution. It has progressed far from its original application and baseboard heating is now being installed in large buildings.

A baseboard system for either steam or hot water is so planned that the contractor can do all his cutting and fitting on the job and thereby eliminate the need for close measurement when ordering baseboards.

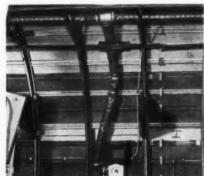
A new type baseboard heating is available in a standard size and in a capacity model where larger heat output is desired. Both models have been designed for ease of installation. In each package are all the component parts for installation. A back piece is nailed onto the wall. Brackets are secured, the heating elements are hung from brackets and then sweated or connected with a minimum number of sweat fittings on the pipes. With the snapping in place of the front enclosure, and the adding of trim, the unit is fully installed. The damper that is used with the unit is a magnesium extrusion, light in weight and easily operated. It closes tight with less than one-fourth turn of the operating handle.

A forced warm air baseboard has a shutter control panel to supply a regulated amount of air along an entire wall. An operating lever on the shutter permits panel openings to be locked in any selected position. It comes in 4- and 8-ft lengths and is designed for forced warm air perimeter heating with 4-, 4½- and 5-in. diameter ducts.

As a means of cutting installation time for baseboard convectors, one model arrives assembled with the heating element mounted on the back of the

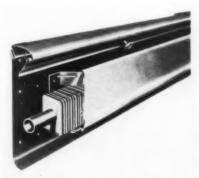


Ceiling electric heater and light



Flexible air ducts (in an airplane cabin)

exible Tubing Corporation



Baseboard convector has rubber dust stop

rane Company

The

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN HEATING, AIR CONDITIONING AND PLUMBING (PART 1)

cabinet. The back and top of the cabinet are formed in one piece and the front is snapped into place. It has a full-length back-to-wall rubber seal to prevent dirt streaks forming on the wall.

To absorb line expansion of finned convectors and horizontal supply lines, there is a bellow-type expansion joint for hot water lines. One expansion joint is sufficient for 30 ft of copper pipe at 140 F.

Oil Preheaters. Apartment houses and office buildings that burn heavy fuel oil can use an oil preheater to make it flow easily. One design uses an automatically controlled gas flame to generate a supply of low pressure steam in the lower section of the unit which passes to the oil heating circuit. Another device consists of a heating element immersed in water which in turn heats the heavy oil on its way to the burner.

Air Conditioning

Nothing has so excited the imagination of the home builder as air conditioning. Two factors have tended to promote this: (1) an exceptionally warm summer last year in most parts of the United States and (2) a wider use of individual room coolers due to the increasing emphasis given to air conditioning in the home.

Home air conditioning may be obtained through the use of the heat pump (discussed later in this section) and by the use of electrically powered compressor units with refrigerants, or an absorptive type system. They have become a part of a gas-fired or oil-fired forced warm air heating system with a common air supply system to serve both the heating and cooling components. In the older installations, it is common to place both units side by side in separate cabinets. The new models are more compact and both parts are housed in one cabinet.

In selling home air conditioning, the tendency is to charge the expenditure for ducts and blower to the heating system and to consider the cost of the mechanical cooling unit as the additional price for summer comfort.

Before air conditioning was favored for low cost housing, it was common practice to install a 1- or 2-ton cooling unit so arranged that the downstairs rooms would be cooled during the day and only the bedrooms or the upstairs rooms at night. We are moving away from the 2-ton unit and are going to systems of larger capacity. Incidentally, few people realize that the basic difference between a 2-ton and a 3-ton unit is the refrigerant used.

In a report presented to the American Gas Association, it was stated that there are now more than 10,000 installations where gas is used for both heating and for operating air cooling systems. Most of these air conditioning units use the absorption cycle and are in sizes from 3 to 10 tons. This study found that a complete year-round 5-ton system with cooling tower for the water supply to serve a 6- to 8-room residence is between \$4000 to \$5000 (1951 figures). This represents 15 to 20 per cent of the owner's total investment in building and land. If the city does not require the installation of an evaporative cooler to save water, then \$500 may be deducted from the total cost.

Ratio of gas required for cooling and heating is around three-to-one in the South and in the North it is one-to-four or even lower. For residential installations, gas usage by all-year air conditioning systems is between four and five times that used by the three major gas-using appliances - cooking range, water heater and refrigerator. Electric consumption of a 5-ton residential gas air conditioning installation with cooling tower is 3000 to 4000 kwhr annually in the South and around 2500 kwhr in the North. The cooling tower contributes slightly over one-half of the electric consumption in the South and less than one-third of this annual power demand in the North.

To tie in with the existing home warm air system, there is a unit which consists of two 1-hp compressor units. When the load is light, one compressor is used and when the load becomes heavy, the other is added. This company makes five other sizes for larger installations.

The absorption principle is also used in an oil-operated year-round unit which has a heating capacity of 96,000 Btu per hr and cooling capacity of 5.4 tons or enough to serve a 7- or 8-room house. The low pressure burner has an adjustable oil input from 0.6 to 3.0 gph.

In sizes too large for the average home, but suitable for commercial loads. there is a self-contained unit with an integral evaporative condenser to meet municipal regulations for water conservation. It is shipped completely wired and piped. Moisture condensed from the air is added to the spray water in the condenser. It is available in 15and 20-ton sizes. In addition to the evaporative condenser, another model of 10-ton size has dual circuits so that one compressor can be used to operate at one-half capacity and to provide effectively dehumidification at this reduced operation. A time delay prevents the two compressors from starting simultaneously under full load conditions.

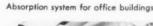
A special self-contained air conditioning unit for hospital operating rooms is used where the atmosphere contains hazardous gas. It has an explosion-proof motor and special fans, belts and switches.

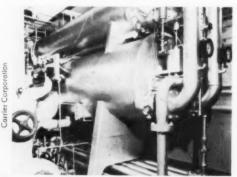
There is an absorption system for office buildings using water as the refrigerant. It is available in sizes from 100 to 350 tons. One way to air condition existing office buildings was indicated by the system now used in the 25-story Herald Square Building in New York City. The chilled water risers were run on the outside of the building inside stainless steel jackets which also serve as a vertical decorative scheme.

A ceiling mounted cooling system in an attractive cabinet is so quiet



10-ton conditioner features
dual circuits





Self-contained unit has integral evaporative condenser



ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

in operation that it is recommended for installation in hospitals and hotels. Ordinarily, it is equipped for use with a chilled water supply for summer operation and a hot water supply for winter months. However, the unit can be provided with direct expansion coils using Freon. Adjustment of the unit in one room has no effect on the operation of the unit next door. This unit ventilates, filters and recirculates the room air. The entire fan assembly in the cabinet can be replaced as a unit.

For those who may object to window blocking by a window air conditioning unit, there is a ³/₄-hp console type room air conditioner that will cool the average size room or office. The unit is mounted on wheels to permit easy storage during off seasons when cooling is not needed. A three-way control permits operation of the unit as an air conditioner or as a fan. The console can circulate up to 250 cfm and can extract up to 3 pints of water per hr from the room air.

Window Units. At one time there were but 24 companies manufacturing individual window type room coolers; now the number is closer to 60. When compared to early models, the new window units are more pleasing in appearance and are more compact. They come in 13-, 12-, 34- and 1-hp sizes. While at one time the primary function was to cool and filter the incoming air, now, in addition, they are used to supply clean outside air when straight ventilation is desired, and to heat the air supply when necessary. A new trend is to supply heaters in the window units. One model has a heating element and a special switch that controls seven deg of comfort from cool to warm.

Power companies are very much interested in this trend to change the window unit from summer to year-round operation, for not only does this provide a better power utilization factor, but the unit is easier to sell. The public would rather buy equipment for year-round use than for a special season.

Manufacturers of the early models of window air conditioning units veered away from types for casement windows. Now it is possible to purchase a window type air conditioner that will fit in a window opening as small as 14½ in. wide. The unit does not require any special wing adapters and comes in sizes of ½-, ½- and 1-hp.

Evaporative Cooling. In most areas where the air is normally dry, cooling can be obtained through the use of units which function by the dry air absorbing moisture from the equipment to create a cooling effect. An evaporative cooler depends on areas in the unit which are automatically wetted for changes in cooling comfort. These areas are wetted one by one as the dry bulb temperature increases.

Heat Pump

Seven companies are now engaged in the promotion and sale of the heat pump as a device which will provide warm or cool air, as needed, with the same equipment. The heat pump has gone through an extensive research and test period, and from it has emerged a standard selfcontained unit for use in residences, and standard component parts such as coils, compressor and blower to be assembled into a system of special design. For the home, most manufacturers are producing a unit which uses air as the heat source. The coefficient of performance (ratio of heat delivered to the heat equivalent of the electrical energy used) is from 2.1 to 2.3 with the standard home-type unit, and about 3.3 for a system of special design. Replacement of expensive expansion valves with capillary tubes has reduced costs and has eliminated some mechanical problems.

The geographical location where a heat pump will give the best results is one where the heating load and the cooling load are about equal. This excludes some northern areas where the heat pump is not suitable because of the vast difference in summer and winter operating loads. Because of the original

cost, the heat pump must at present be ruled out for the low-priced house.

A small size heat pump has been used successfully to produce service hot water at low cost. Of three designs tested, the most promising is one in which a hermetically sealed unit is mounted in a water tank. A coefficient of performance between two and three is possible. When this unit is placed in the basement, there results as a byproduct a dry, cool basement during the summer months so that it is possible to use this space for storage or a recreation room. When this heat pump is installed in a utility room, it is feasible to air condition an adjoining room with the discharged cool air.

The newest use of the reverse cycle is the ³/₄-hp window unit room air conditioner.

For home use, heat pump sizes range from 2- to 5-hp. This apparatus has been installed to serve schools in Florida. As far as operating costs are concerned, one authority claims that the heat pump provides heating at one-third the cost of conventional heating of the home by electrical means.

Recently marketed is a heat pump designed to fit between the wall studs, although it does extend from the wall into the room. Each unit is designed to serve one room.

Still in the development state is the use of a solar heat trap on the roof of a house to augment the heat drawn from the air. Heat from the sun would be trapped and then stored in cans through the melting of crystals such as glauber salt. This heat could be drawn on as required.

Refrigeration

It is not often that there is news regarding a new refrigerant, particularly since the Freon group of refrigerants have been so popular. However there is a new refrigerant which is non-toxic, non-inflammable and non-explosive, and particularly suitable for small size, low temperature equipment.

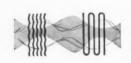


Ceiling mounted cooling system





4-hp heat pump for window installation



PLANNING FOR YEAR-ROUND AIR CONDITIONING OF SMALL BUILDINGS

by S. F. Gilman, Research Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering, University of Illinois*

Presumably you will agree that you have to plan on heating residences and small buildings, but you may be wondering if you, as architects, really do need to plan on year-round air conditioning. Has year-round air conditioning arrived? Is it here to stay? Is it really a necessity or is it some fly-by-night luxury? As for me, I share the opinion with many others that it has arrived, that it is here to stay.

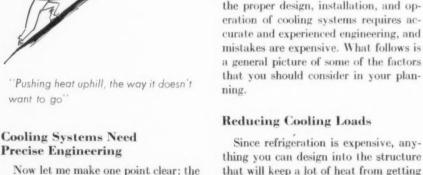
From my side of the fence, all buildings should be planned for year-round air conditioning, or at least so planned that cooling equipment can be added to the heating equipment at a later date without extensive modifications. If you fail to plan now for year-round air conditioning, you will be designing structures that in a few short years may very well be obsolete.



want to go"

Cooling Systems Need

Now let me make one point clear: the design of the summer cooling part of year-round systems requires precise engineering. Heating systems can be overdesigned and misdesigned by quite a little, and they will still perform satisfactorily enough to be accepted.

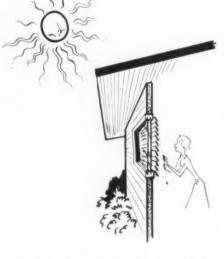


Since refrigeration is expensive, anything you can design into the structure that will keep a lot of heat from getting in will be well worthwhile. Roof overhangs, awnings, double glass, insulation - all these help. But even with these, your own original ideas can be a big factor in reducing the cooling load. For example, awnings and roof overhangs do not shield glass areas from direct sunlight on the west side from about 4 P.M. on when the sun is getting low on the horizon. If you can plan the building

so there are no glass areas on the west wall, or if you can dream up some architectural scheme so the sun cannot shine in, then you will save yourselves a big cooling load.

There may be large sources of heat inside the building, as in a kitchen in a restaurant. The heat from the stoves, coffee urns, etc., should be prevented from getting into the room and becoming part of the cooling load. This heat can be picked up at its source by hoods and exhaust fans, and discharged outdoors. Of course some outside air will have to be brought in to make up the deficiency, but it will be a lot cooler than the air exhausted, so you will still be ahead in the game.

The essential point is that every possible means of reducing the cooling load should be used in planning the building. It is not possible to design the structure first and then design the air conditioning. If you try, you may find the equipment is so big that the owner cannot afford to buy it, much less operate it. Furthermore, large reductions in the cooling load will reduce the size of the conditioner, which in turn will reduce initial and operating costs as well as save valuable space.



Anything designed into the structure to keep heat out will help

However, refrigeration is pushing heat

uphill, the way it does not want to go.

of a building is more difficult than the

heating load, principally because the

effect of the always changing position

of the sun in the sky must be taken into

account. Also, draftless distribution of cooled air in the conditioned spaces

poses many problems. As a consequence,

The calculation of the cooling load

Types of Year-Round Systems

Year-round air conditioning systems can be broadly classified as either "packaged" or "built-up." The packaged system has its principal components enclosed in a single cabinet from which conditioned air is discharged either directly into the space or into ducts leading to one or more spaces. The built-up system is used primarily in large buildings and often has its principal components located in one central space and its other components located in several other spaces. Since packaged systems are frequently used in residences and small buildings, we shall devote most of our attention to these.

A representative year-round air conditioner is shown in Fig 1. This packaged unit is about 6-ft long, 2-ft wide, and 5-ft tall. As a very rough figure, it has sufficient heating and cooling capacity for an insulated residence of about

^{*}From a paper given at the University of Il-linois Short Course, "Planning for Heating and Air Conditioning of Small Buildings."

1200 sq ft of floor area.

We speak of refrigeration capacity in terms of "tons" — the unit in the figure has a capacity of 3 tons. In your residential planning, you can estimate (very roughly) that every 400 sq ft of floor area will require one so-called ton of refrigeration. Since the relationship between sq ft of floor area and tons of refrigeration varies all over the map in commercial buildings, not even a very rough figure can be given to help you in planning for other small buildings.

In planning residences and small buildings, you will be interested in conditioners having capacities ranging from about 2 to about 10 tons; hence the 3-ton conditioner shown in Fig 1 is one of the smaller units. However, larger packaged units look essentially the same. The location of such conditioners in a building is fixed by the location of the chimney or flue, since the heating unit is included and should be within about 10 ft of the chimney. If the location of the chimney is immaterial, conditioners should be located such that the duct-work required is a minimum.

Components of a Year-Round System

Referring to Fig 1, air being returned from the conditioned spaces enters at the top right, passes through the filter (5) which cleans it, and through the cooling coil located under the filter which may or may not be in operation. The fan (7) then pushes the air through the gas-fired heater (1) and out at the top and into the ducts leading to the conditioned spaces.

Now most of you are familiar with forced warm-air heating systems or socalled "winter air conditioning" systems. Let's pick out the components that make up the heating system and see what remains. The heating system

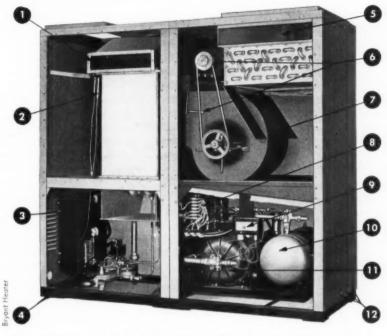


Fig 1. 3-ton year-round air conditioner, 6 ft long, 2 ft wide, has sufficient capacity for a residence of about 1200 sq ft. Conditioner consists of: 1. heat exchanger; 2. gas burners; 3. control box; 4. gas controls; 5. air filter; 6. blower motor; 7. blower; 8. incoming voltage for cooling; 9. pressure switch; 10. condenser; 11. compressor; 12. connections for cooling water and condensate

includes the filter (5) and fan (7), the gas burners (2) and the heat exchanger (1). Thus, the principal equipment which has to be added to the heating equipment to make a year-round conditioner is the cooling coil plus the equipment located in the lower right section of the unit. The principal components here are a 3-hp electric motor which drives a refrigerant compressor (11) and a water-cooled condenser (10).

Added Planning Problems

There is one other significant fact that is not obvious from the figure, and that is that the fan (7) and fan motor (6) are larger than they would be if there were just a winter air conditioner. The reason is that the minimum quantity of air that must be circulated during cooling is generally larger than that required during heating.

This brings out two points. First, the electric power consumption for winter air conditioners is small compared with the power consumption of year-round air conditioners that use larger fan motors plus electrically driven compressors. Therefore, wiring sizes must be larger if a year-round system is to be installed initially or added later. Second, as a consequence of this increased power consumption, 110-volt a-c goes out of the picture with year-round air conditioners of this type, and you must plan on 220-volt a-c.

All-gas year-round conditioners are available which utilize the absorption principle of refrigeration, and with this type the only electric power required is for the fan; consequently, 110-volt a-c can still be used with these. This difference in required electrical characteristics is not important in planning commercial buildings, since 220-volt a-c is ordinarily available, but it is in residential applications.

It should be noted that the additional equipment necessary for year-round air conditioning — namely, cooling coil, compressor and condenser — occupies about a third of the total space. Although equipment made by numerous

Heat from stoves, coffee ums should be picked up by hoods and exhoust fans



PLANNING FOR YEAR-ROUND AIR CONDITIONING OF SMALL BUILDINGS

manufacturers comes in various sizes and shapes, in your planning you can estimate that a year-round conditioner will be about one-third larger than the usual winter heating equipment. However, if you are going to plan a building now for only winter air conditioning (that is, heating only, and consider that cooling will be added later) then you need more space, and you should leave room for equipment of about the same size as the heating equipment. These are very rough figures just to give you some ideas to use in your initial planning.

Refrigeration Requires Cooling Water

In the preceding discussion, it was pointed out that power requirements of year-round conditioners are greater than those of winter conditioners. In addition, year-round conditioners require cooling water. The condensers of year-round units usually require 90 to 150 gal per hr per ton of refrigeration. The Fig 1 unit uses 90 gal per hr per ton, or, since it is a 3-ton unit, 270 gal of water an hr. If you like your water in cubic ft, and that is how you pay for it, 270 gal is slightly more than 36 cu ft. In 12 hrs of operation this condenser uses 400 cu ft, which is not cheap.

Nevertheless, there are localities where a cheap and ample supply of water exists and where it is economically sound to dump the used water into the sewer. However, many localities require that a water saving device, a cooling tower or an evaporative condenser, be used with air conditioners larger than a certain size, usually 3 tons. As the number of air conditioning installations increases, more and more localities will adopt similar restrictions on the wasting of water. So now we have added a piece of equipment that we didn't have with winter air conditioning alone, and this

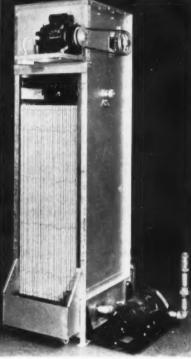
has to be considered in planning the building.

How does a cooling tower save water? Water continuously enters the condenser, picks up heat, and warms up. The cooling tower simply cools down this warm water and sends it back to the condenser to be used over and over again. As a consequence, it saves at least 95 per cent of the water which would otherwise be dumped down the sewer.

Cooling Tower Operation and Installation

A representative cooling tower is shown in Fig 2. This tower is used with a year-round air conditioner having a cooling capacity of 5 tons, which is 2 tons more than the capacity of the unit in Fig 1. However, the difference in the size of cooling towers for 3- and 5-ton conditioners is small. The one illustrated is about 5-ft long, 2-ft wide, and 7-ft tall. The fan at the top pulls air through the intakes near the bottom, up through the tower, and discharges it at the top. Warm water coming from the conditioner enters just below the fans and is sprayed downward over numerous wooden slats. Cooling of the water takes place by the process of evaporation; hence, cooling towers are often also called "evaporative" water coolers. The cooled water collects in the bottom and is pumped back to the condenser to be used over again.

Consider what has to be planned for cooling towers. Piping to and from the condenser is required. In addition, a certain amount of water needs to be added all the time, so a connection must be made with a line carrying city water. It is general practice to have the collecting chamber at the bottom overflowing a little at all times so that mineral impurities do not build up to too high a concentration; therefore a



Servel, Inc.

b

al

SD

wa

eitl

or

in t

ten

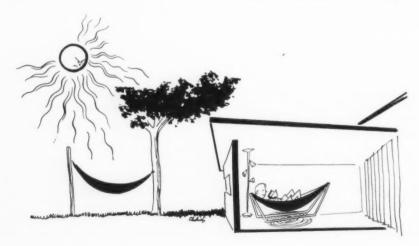
Fig 2. Mechanical-draft cooling tower for use with 5-ton year-round air conditioner.

drain is needed. Finally, wiring for the fan and pump must be considered.

Since the tower of Fig 2 has fans, it is called a *mechanical-draft tower*. There is another type, called the atmospheric cooling tower, that instead of fans utilizes the natural outdoor wind currents.

As to the locations for cooling towers, the one in the figure, as well as most mechanical-draft towers, can be located either indoors or outdoors. A cooling tower has a pump and fan, as well as water being sprayed around inside. So whether it is indoors or outdoors, noise is a very definite consideration in the planning process.

For indoor locations, the tower must be isolated from the conditioned spaces and should be in a separate room of its own. The manufacturer of the tower illustrated in Fig 2 recommends that it be located in the corner of an unconditioned space such as a basement, and enclosed by walls of 1-in, insulating wall board which can be removed for maintenance. The insulating wall board serves to prevent heat from the tower escaping into the surrounding space and also to reduce the noise somewhat. The recommended size of the enclosure is 3½ by 5½ ft or nearly 20 sq ft. M reover, screens and louvers must be located in the two outside walls; those in one wall serve to let air into the space



and through the tower, and the air discharged by the fans is exhausted to the outdoors through the other wall.

For an outdoor location, no special provisions are required, and towers can be located almost anywhere providing the air flow through them is not restricted. However, for most buildings, since a cooling tower is somewhat unsightly in the architectural sense, its location outside the structure should be planned so that it is concealed, or if this is not practicable, a semi-enclosure should be designed for it. In residential applications, cooling towers are being installed in such places as basements, garages or enclosures attached to garages, and in breezeways. Because of noise considerations, they should not be placed close to sleeping rooms.

Planning the Duct System for Year-Round Use

So far, the factors discussed have been related to the air conditioning equipment. But also of major importance are the factors which must be considered in planning the duct system which distributes conditioned air to the various spaces in the building.

First of all, consider the heating operation. When it is cold outside, just enough heat has to be added to each space to replace the heat being lost to the outdoors. Now you all know that when you are taking a bath and the water is a little too cool, you only have to add a small amount of scalding hot water to get it to the temperature you



You can add a small amount of hot water or a lot of lukewarm water to accomplish the same purpose

want. But if the tap water is only lukewarm, you know you have to add a lot of water to accomplish the same purpose. So it is with heating a space: either a small quantity of very hot air or a large quantity of lukewarm air can be used to get the same amount of heat in the room and maintain a desired room temperature. Consequently, the ducts for the heating operation can be very small if very hot air is used. One such

heating system uses 300 F air and 2½-in, diameter ducts. In this case, the air is heated 230 F above room temperature.

Now consider the cooling operation. Using the same principle as heating, could a very small amount of very cold air be used to do the cooling? For example, could a small amount of air cooled to, say, 150 deg below zero be used? The answer is, "Yes, it could be done, but it would be neither economical nor satisfactory." In the first place, air at 150 deg below zero entering a space would instantly freeze the moisture existing in the room air. All of a sudden in July it would be snowing in your living room.

Of course this does not rule out small ducts for cooling; they are being used right today. The limiting factor, as far as the occupied space is concerned, is the temperature of the room air supply.

For practical applications, we have very little flexibility in cooling compared with what we have in heating. For comfort cooling, air leaving the conditioner is generally only 20 to 40 F below room temperature, and usually closer to 20 than 40 F. Fortunately, the cooling loads are often considerably less than the heating loads, so that the winter and summer air quantities are often not radically different. But in most cases, the ductwork sizes for year-round air conditioning systems can be expected to be larger than those of equivalent winter air conditioning systems. This should be considered in your planning. If a building is being planned now for winter conditioning, but the eventual addition of cooling is anticipated, the air ducts should be designed now for both heating and cooling. If this is not practicable, try to plan the ducts and structure so that additional ducts can be added later without extensive modifications.

In discussing air ducts, it should be noted that it is often desirable to introduce some outside air into the building for the purpose of ventilation and odor dilution. This requires a duct from an opening in the outside surface of the building to some point in the ductwork bringing air back from the conditioned spaces to the conditioner.

No doubt you have all seen water dripping from pipes, such as water pipes, in the summer, especially on humid days. This is also a problem with the ducts carrying chilled air to the conditioned spaces. Water can condense on these ducts and cause trouble unless the ducts are insulated. The colder the air in the ducts, the greater is the

need for insulation; however, insulation is not always needed — you will need to discuss this with an engineer.

Since refrigeration is expensive, provisions must be made to prevent the cool air in the ducts from being warmed up too much in passing through unconditioned spaces. If the ductwork runs



"All of a sudden in July it would be snowing in your living room"

through normally hot spaces, like attics, you should definitely plan on insulating them in these spaces.

Panel Cooling

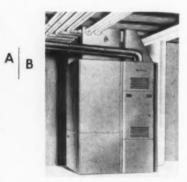
Since it is a relatively new development, the panel type of year-round air conditioning deserves mention. One way of doing it is to install small tubes in or near the ceiling and run either hot or chilled water through them, depending on the season. When chilled water is used during cooling, its temperature must not be below what is called the "dew point;" otherwise, condensation of water will occur on the panel.

Remote Room Air Conditioners

I hope I haven't given you the impression that some sort of duct system is required for every year-round air conditioning system. Many packaged and built-up systems do not use ducts at all. One example will suffice: suppose cooling is to be added to an existing hot water heating system. The first thing is to add equipment to the central heating plant so a supply of cool water is available. The radiators or convectors are replaced with small units sometimes called "remote room air conditioners." These cabinet-type units have a coil through which the warm or cool water is circulated, and fans that pull air across the coil and circulate it around the room. In this way, you have a yearround air conditioning system with no ductwork at all.

THE NEW ALL-YEAR EQUIPMENT





A. Bryant's "Command-Aire" matched units. Conditioners in 2, 3 and 5 ton capacities. B. Coleman's matched units can be used with manufacturer's "Blend-Air" small pipe system or with conventional forced air systems. C. Worthington conditioners for use in conjunction with forced air heating systems; 3 and 5 tons. D. Self-contained Servel unit employs gas-absorption principle for quiet operation; 2, 3 and 5 tons. E. Newly-developed Minneapolis-Honeywell thermostat can be used to control any of the new all-year conditioning systems. F. Perfection conditioners in 2 and 3 ton sizes can be used with furnaces for all-year operation. G. General Electric matched units are offered in a wide range of heating and cooling capacities. H. Frigidaire's automatic self-contained units are available in 3 and 5 ton sizes. I. Carrier "Weathermaker" units are self-contained, available in 2, 3, 5 and 71/2 ton sizes. J. American Standard system combines teamed winter and summer conditioners with electrostatic filter.









E

ROOM AIR CONDITIONERS

velocity, reduce noise. Several sizes available. 5. Kelvinator's conditioner is made in $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ ton models. 6. Worthington units feature one-dial control, automatic step-down control for night operation. 7. Mitchell "Dyna-Heat" conditioners both cool and heat, can be used yearround. 8. UsAlRco units have built-in automatic thermostatic control as standard equipment. 9. York's new line includes model shown here, plus others which feature reverse cycle which both cools and heats. 10. Frigidaire units available in four sizes. 11. Fedders-Quigan line includes five window units, three console models, features

push-button control system.

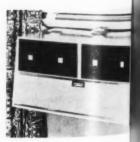












PRODUCTS for Better Building



Architects engaged in the design of houses both small and large are being presented this year with a new factor which may materially affect design and specification of many jobs. The new factor, of course, is the development and marketing of packaged equipment for complete all-year air conditioning of residences, at prices which permit its employment in the smallest homes.

In preceding pages of this issue of Architectural Record, readers have been furnished an outline of the types of new equipment they can expect to see (page 196) and a frank discussion of advantages, disadvantages, design factors and other matters which may be encountered in planning homes with all-year air conditioning (page 202). Here some of the actual units now available from air conditioning manufacturers are pictured.

The biggest news in residential air conditioning is the development by many manufacturers of self-contained, packaged air conditioning units of 2-, 3- and 5-ton capacities and larger. Some of these are furnished as complete heating and cooling equipment within a single casing while others are available in separate matched heating and cooling units. Heating units are gas or oil fired forced warm air furnaces, and both the self-contained and matched units can utilize a common ductwork system for both heating and cooling. At least two manufacturers have developed water saving devices to help eliminate problems sometimes encountered with cooling towers, while others are relying on cooling towers to adequately provide recirculated water for their systems. Manufacturers of control devices have begun marketing all-year thermostatic controls for use with the equipment. The entire industry, convinced that complete year-round air conditioning equipment will be their major concern in the future so far as the residential field is concerned, has begun stepped-up production in expectation of a great demand for the new units.

But, at the same time, the market for room air conditioners has by no means shrunk. Manufacturers expect to make and sell at least 650,000 units this year, reporting production increases of from 35 to 200 per cent over 1952. Several new manufacturers have entered the field. And, most significant, room air conditioners themselves are beginning to change over from summer cooling to year-round air conditioning with the addition by several manufacturers of heating equipment to their window and console units.

(Continued on page 218)

LITERATURE FOR THE OFFICE

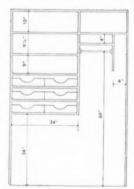




STORAGE UNITS









D

A. Typical unit for storage of bedding. **B.** Specially fitted unit will accommodate all types of sporting equipment. **C.** Diagram of sewing equipment unit shows recommended dimensions. **D.** Sketch illustrates storage wall separator for dining room

Design Data for Storage Units

Space Design for Household Storage. This well presented and attractive bulletin, written by Helen E. McCullough, an Assistant Professor of Home Economics at the College of Agriculture, University of Illinois, contains design data on all types of storage facilities for every area in the home. Along with descriptive text of the many units that can be installed, there are to be found throughout the booklet a number of photographs, sketches and line drawings. Dimensions are included for the various types of storage units, with minimum recommended depths and widths for specified articles. Among the categories *Other product information in Sweet's Architectural File, 1953.

covered for storage facilities are: toys, musical instruments, sporting goods, books, magazines, card tables, folding chairs, china, glassware, linen, clothing, etc. Also included is a house plan using storage units 'as partitions. Possible combinations of units in different rooms are suggested, with arrangements for each. 74 pp., illus. \$1.25 per copy. University of Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station, Urbana, Ill.

Flooring

Four new brochures on flooring material are currently available:

• Robbins Lifetime Vinyl Terra-Tile and Announcing the Tile That Needs No Adhesive. The first of these two brochures describes a new flooring material said to closely resemble terrazzo in appearance. The 16 available color combinations are illustrated in color, and a list of special features is included on the back cover. The second brochure deals with an all-purpose type of tile which needs no adhesive for installation. Enlarged illustrations of construction point out differences from other tiles. Available colors are shown on back cover. Both brochures are 4 pp., illus. Robbins Floor Products, Inc., Tuscumbia (Muscle Shoals), Ala.*

 HAKO Asphalt Floor Tile, Bulletin AT-200. Catalog contains complete in-(Continued on page 270)

STRUCTURAL FORMS-15: Thin Shells of Reinforced Concrete

By Seymour Howard, Architect, Instructor at Pratt Institute

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Advantages

- 1. "No other structural system makes such an economical use of materials."
- 2. Freedom of design shapes, both in plan and in section.
- 3. Ease of providing natural light over large areas.
- 4. Great capacity to carry unbalanced loads.
- 5 Fireproof.

6. Great reserve strength. Local damage, even at critical point, will not cause general collapse.

Special Problems

- 1. Formwork must be carefully designed. Minimum of four reuses of forms for economy.
- 2. Construction problems unfamiliar to most contractors.

THICKNESS

- 3. Design procedure unfamiliar to many engineers; complicated shapes involve lengthy calculations. "Design of large thin shell roofs is a major engineering problem."
- 4. Insulation must be provided, preferably above shell and ribs.
- 5. Surface treatment of exposed concrete must be studied for architectural effect

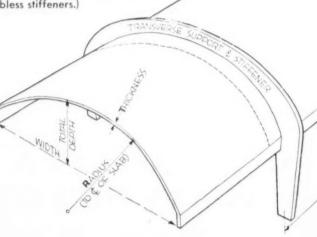
A. SHELLS CURVED IN ONE DIRECTION

Transverse stiffeners are essential. They may be:

 Integral with the supports in the form of rigid frames (as shown)

 Arches, carried on columns or directly on the ground:

 Vertical diaphragms, carried on columns or continuing to ground. (Some designs have been built with ribless stiffeners.)



Thickness "t" is usually based on requirements of adequate cover of steel reinforcement and varies from 1 in. to 3½ or 4 in. For preliminary architectural drawings use 3½ in. Thickness is increased near stiffeners and edge beams to, say, 5½ in. to 7 in. for continuity.

Edge beams are longitudinal stiffeners and may be omitted by increasing amount of reinforcement and thickness of shell at edges.

Shells derive their strength from their ability to transfer loads by membrane stresses. These are direct stresses—compression, tension and shear—acting over the entire thickness of the

shell at any point. There is no bending of an element of the shell such as exists in an element of a flat slab (except of minor magnitude caused by edge and end conditions). There is no need for continuous longitudinal support as for a masonry barrel vault incapable of supporting tensile stresses.

(Continued on Sheet 16)

"Mile High" Warm as Toast



Santa Anita Hospital, Lake Arrowhead, California. Built 1951. Operated by the Sisters of St. Joseph. Architect: Roland E. Coate, F.A.I.A., San Marino. Consulting Engineers: Hilburg, Byler & Hengstler, Los Angeles. Heating Contractor: Hansen Plumbing Co., San Bernardino.

Santa Anita Hospital, high in the San Bernardino Mountains, has forced hot water Webster Tru-Perimeter Heating

Comfort is one of the principal advantages of Webster Tru-Perimeter Heating in this new hospital. There are no cold walls to reduce body temperatures because Webster Walvector spreads the heat along every outside wall.

Semi-private room (above) and operating room use Webster Walvector wall-to-wall.

Right, X-ray Department is comfortably heated despite large window areas with Webster Walvector.

Webster Walvector, arranged for perimeter heating, contributes to economy of first cost. It eliminates exposed piping. Installation is easy. Webster Walvector uses sturdy aluminum fins on copper tubing. It's rapidly warmed. It is also possible to reduce heating quickly when occupancy is ended.

You can use Webster Walvector in new buildings or modernization . . . as individual convectors or arranged for perimeter heating. Complete technical data is available in Bulletin B-1551. Get in touch with your Webster Representative or write us.

Address Dept. AR-4

WARREN WEBSTER & COMPANY

Camden 5, N. J., Representatives in Principal U. S. Cities In Canada, Darling Brothers, Limited, Montreal

WALVECTOR

For Steam or Hot Water Heating



2

L

V

5

ш

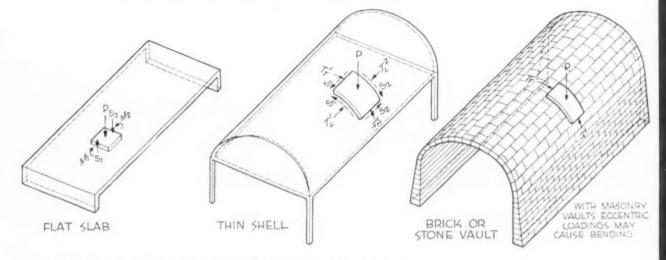
Σ

STRUCTURAL FORMS-16: Thin Shells of Reinforced Concrete

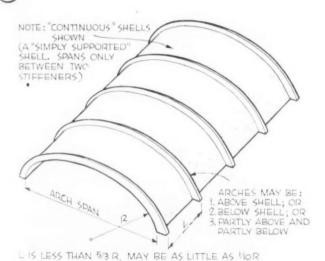
By Seymour Howard, Architect, Instructor at Pratt Institute

A. SHELLS CURVED IN ONE DIRECTION (Continued)

Comparison of forces acting on unit elements of shell, slab and vault. Intermediate form between long barrel shell and flat slab is tee-beam and slab.



A-1 CENTER(S) OF CURVATURE BELOW SHELL



a. Short Barrel Shells

Usually used for very wide spaces (i.e. Stiffening arch spans of over 150 ft, occasionally as short as 50 ft)

Max, arch span built - 340 ft

Max, arch span possible - 500 to 600 ft or more Length of shell "L" usually 20 to 40 ft.

Transverse forces govern (T_T above) for shell. Arch design is primary consideration. Depth at crown varies $\frac{1}{50}$ to $\frac{1}{100}$ of arch span. Usual provisions for thrust and vertical load must be carefully designed

NOTE: "MULTIPLE" SHELLS SHOWN, SIMPLY SUPPORTED SINGLE SHELLS AND SHELLS CONTINUOUS THROUGH THE SUPPORTS MAY ALSO BE USED 15 MORE THAN 5/3 R. MAY BE 5 OR 6R

b. Long Barrel Shells

Max. length of shell built-236 ft (Need for expansion joints limits length). Usual lengths 50 to 135 ft.

Width of shell 30 to 50 ft.

Depth of shell including edge beam (if used) usually about $\frac{1}{10}$ length

Longitudinal forces govern (T_L above)

Note: For calculating cylindrical short and long barrel shells. refer to "Design of Cylindrical Concrete Shell Roofs," Manual No. 31 American Society of Civil Engineers, N. Y., 1952

Severign Apartment, Besten's Largest Single Apartment Bulling Contractors: St. Peul Construction Cc., Baston, Mass. Arkitests Christopher C. Corwell, Neurose, Mass. Mass. Plant Talk! Bernard Roberts, President

of Sovereign Apartments, Inc., writes, "... this is the seventh building in recent years in which we have installed your boilers and have found them very efficient, economical to operate, easy to maintain and trouble-free over a period of years."

We think that Mr. Roberts' repeated insistence on Fitzgibbons boilers in his buildings is convincing testimony to the fact that for apartment houses, as indeed for all other buildings, "your best boiler buy is Fitzgibbons."

Full specifications and data in the "D" Type Bulletin on request. For complete details, write to the Fitzgibbons Boiler Company Inc., 101 Park Avenue, New York 17, N. Y. Ask for catalog AR-4.



stoker and hand fired coal.

Two "D" Type boilers each rated for 18,220 sq. ft. steam,

E.D.R., are installed. "D" Type boilers are available in sizes

from 3650 to 42,500 sq. ft. steam E.D.R. Types for oil, gas,

THE FITZGIBBONS BOILER

Architectural Engineering

S

2

ш

d

S

ш

Σ

-

STRUCTURAL FORMS-17: Thin Shells of Reinforced Concrete

By Seymour Howard, Architect, Instructor at Pratt Institute

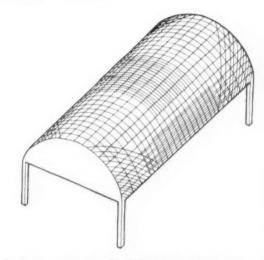
A-1 CENTER(S) OF CURVATURE BELOW SHELL (Continued)



Typical stress trajectories in a simply supported, single long barrel shell

Note! 1. Concentration of tensile forces at lower edge in center of shell lengths;

2. Horizontal component of these forces (in plan) causes lower edges of shell to move *inward* toward longitudinal Center Line. This is exactly the opposite of the movement of conventional masonry barrel vault or arch.



Typical arrangement of reinforcement in a simply supported, single long barrel shell

While it is desirable to place the reinforcement exactly along the lines of principal stress, this requires careful bending and placement. A rectilinear arrangement as shown above is easier to bend and place, although more steel will be required. Diagonal bars cannot be avoided at the lower edges of the shell near the supports.

For continuous and cantilevered shells, tensile stresses will exist at top of shell over the supports, and compressive stresses at lower edges

(See elevation diagram at bottom of page)

TRANSVERSE BARS AT TOP
(RESIST SOME MOMENT
AND SHRINIKAGE
STRESSES
(RESIST MAIN TENSILE FORCES)
BELOW NEUTRAL AXIS;
REMAINDER FOR SHRINKAGE)

Placement of bars in shell

Reinforcement may be in the form of bars or a combination of bars and mesh



Section through transverse Center Line of multiple barrel shell

The tendency of the lower edges to move inward, as shown in broken line, must be resisted by adequate transverse tensile reinforcement

Elevation of continuous long barrel shell showing stress trajectories (approximate relationships)



for modern buildings

UNEXCELLED FOR FREIGHT ... OR PASSENGER SERVICE



ROTARY OILDRAULIC FREIGHT ELEVATOR SPEED PRODUCTS CO. Long Island City, New York Architects: David and Earl J. Levy, New York City General Contractors: Caristo Construction Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. Elevator Contractor: Burwak Elevator Co., New York City



ROTARY OILDRAULIC PASSENGER ELEVATOR SANTA MONICA MEDICAL ARTS BUILDING Santa Monica, California Architect: Weldon J. Fulton, Santa Monica General Contractors: Pozzo Construction Company, Los Angeles Elevator Contractor: Elevator Maintenance Co., Los Angeles

The Rotary Oildraulic Elevator is moved and controlled by oil under pressure, the most powerful and practical method of lifting heavy loads.

The elevator car and its load are supported by the hydraulic system - not by the building structure. This eliminates the costly, unsightly penthouse that interferes with modern architectural design. It also makes possible a substantial lightening of the shaftway structure by eliminating heavy sidewalls. Rotary's compact power unit can be located on any landing, on any side of the hatchway. Thus it can be placed in an area with other mechanical equipment for convenience in servicing and to save space. Smooth starts, gentle stops, accurate landings

The revolutionary Rota-Flow oil hydraulic power system gives velvet-smooth fluid operation. You can depend on smooth starts and cushioned stops. Oildraulic automatic floor leveling positions the car to each landing with exactness-1/4" is guaranteed!

Over 65,000 Rotary Oildraulic elevators and lifts are serving leading companies from coast to coast. They are manufactured in sizes and capacities as specified, with any desired types of cabs, doors and controls. Our Engineering Department will be glad to assist you on plans and specifications. Write for catalog and complete architectural data.

ROTARY LIFT CO., 1008 KENTUCKY, MEMPHIS 2, TENN.





PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 207)

New Printing Plant Features Year-Round Air Conditioning

One of the major features of a new \$2,000,000 building for the Gospel Publishing House in Springfield, Mo., is a complete year-round air conditioning system designed and built in conjunction with the initial construction of the plant, Nub of the air conditioning is a 220-ton York Turbo compressor water cooling system, centrally controlled from the boiler room. This system includes a cooling tower, condenser water pumps, chilled water pumps and a steam con-



Composing room of printing plant which features all-year air conditioning

verter. Lowside equipment is made up of four built-up air conditioning units with air washers and two factory-built ceilinghung units.

All duct side grills are fitted with adjustable louver dampers, and while the air ducts have been arranged so that they are least noticeable, they do not interfere with the plant's sprinkler system. Veither is the air supply deflected by the rows of fluorescent lighting fixtures. In the pressroom, large ceiling diffusers were used to avoid conflict between air flow and the movement of paper in the presses.

According to the manufacturer, the chief advantage in installing this type of air conditioning during construction

(Continued on page 220)

make hallways say, "Come in!"

" UUL VCU

"V" CORRIDOR UNIT

GRATELITE

LOUVER-DIFFUSER

At last-you can fill wide hallways and corridors with practical light! New Guth "V" Corridor Units provide "wall-to-wall" illumination. The GRATELITE Louver-Diffuser shields lamps and is easily maintained. Hallways and corridors "come out of the dark" and turn into safer, more cheerful lines of light that guide the eyes and the step. V·C·U's available in 4' & 8', 1 & 2 light models.

*Patents Pending Trademark Registered



Write for complete information today.

IE EDWIN F. GUTH CO. ST. LOUIS 3, MO.

BASEBOARD HEATING

CONVECTOR HEATING

PANEL HEATING

Applicable to every
Type of Building
Zoning Easily
Accomplished

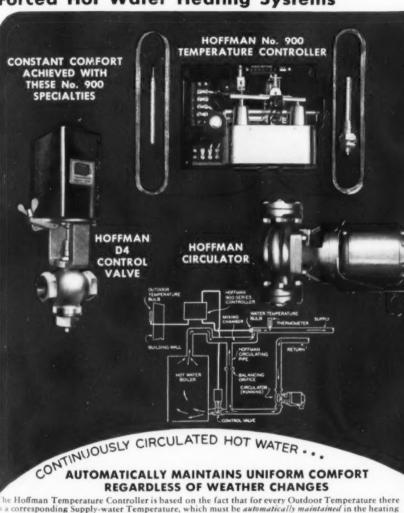
INDUSTRIAL

COMMERCIAL

RESIDENTIAL



For CONVECTOR, BASEBOARD and PANEL Forced Hot Water Heating Systems



The Hoffman Temperature Controller is based on the fact that for every Outdoor Temperature there is a corresponding Supply-water Temperature, which must be automatically maintained in the heating units. The correct Supply-water Temperature, in the case of a panel heating system, or the output per sq. ft. EDR in the case of other forms of radiation, must be specified by the Architect or Engineer for one Outdoor Temperature. The Controller then automatically adjusts the Water Temperatures to balance any other outdoor conditions encountered. The following table illustrates several sets of conditions for a panel heating system.

Architect or Engineer to Specify			Factor	y Sets Controller	Controller Automatically Furnishes Supply Water at Tem- peratures Correct for Any Outdoor Temp. as Listed Below										
Design Temp, °F.					Outdoor Temperature °F.										
	Supply Water °F.	Room Temp, °F.	Scale	Supply Water °F. at Outdoor 32 °F.	-10	0	+10	+30	+50						
	water 1.	remp		51 0010001 UL 7.	5	SUPPLY WA	TER TEMPE	RATURE OF.							
-10	150	70	11	108	150	140	130	110	90						
0	150	70	131/2	114	_	150	139	116	94						
+10	140	70	14	115	_	-	140	117	94						
-10	140	70	9	104	140	132	123	106	88						
-10	160	70	13	113	160	147	137	115	92						

When the outdoor temperature reaches 65°F., the Circulator automatically stops. The 65° factory setting was chosen because it is the basis for calculating degree days. If a different cut-out temperature is desired, it can be easily adjusted to individual requirements. Occasionally the actual heat loss differs from the calculated loss due perhaps to changes in construction. The Temperature Controller can be easily re-adjusted after installation according to simple, definite instructions furnished by the factory. Technical literature describing the No. 900 Controller and sample specifications, gladly furnished on request.

... PIONEERED BY HOFFMAN

HOFFMAN SPECIALTY MFG. CORP. • 1001 York Street, Indianapolis 7, Indiana Makers of Valves, Traps, Hot Water Heating Systems, Vaccoum and Condensation Pumps ... Sold by Leading Wholesaters of Meating and Plumbing Equipment

GUARANTEED LEAKPROOF

CABINET SHOWERS FOR

Added Baths

Weisway Cabinet Showers are engineered and built to high quality standards which insure your client's satisfaction and protect your reputation. These guaranteed leakproof, self-contained Cabinet Showers provide the answer to the demand for *more* bath facilities in homes of every size, and meet the rapidly growing preference for *separate shower baths*. Weisways are in complete harmony with latest building techniques and materials. Write now for full color catalog with detailed specifications.



Weisway

Corner entrance Weisways are especially adaptable to space-saving bathroom planning.

CABINET SHOWERS

HENRY WEIS MFG. CO., INC., 403 Weisway Bldg., Elkhart, Indiana

Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 218)

is that the same piping and coils may be used for both summer and winter conditioning. In addition, advance planning may be made for installation of additional facilities and possible restrictive complications can thus be minimized. Here, for example, advance provisions include a pipe tunnel built large enough to accommodate additional steam, condenser and chilled water lines, and space provisions for a second Turbo compressor and its corollary equipment.

In the present installation, steam grid humidifiers and steam coils were included, to provide heating between seasons. This was necessary because accurate control of humidity throughout the plant is an essential for modern highspeed presses. Another feature is a comprehensive pneumatic control system that handles each varying condition as it arises. The boiler automatically changes over from pumping chilled water to pumping hot water through the pipes when it is required. The entire system is serviced by the manufacturer under the provisions of a Certified Maintenance Contract. York Corp., York, Pa.

Transparent Plastic Floor Finish

Skid-Not is a new transparent plastic floor finish said to be completely nonskidding. A colorless liquid, it can be applied with a mop and is said to form an attractive, semi-gloss, non-glare finish which lasts longer than ordinary wax. The finish can be applied over varnished or enameled wood, rubber or asphalt tile, cork, terrazzo or magnesite floors. In combination with the manufacturer's wax and oil remover, it can be applied to floors which have been previously waxed or oiled. It reportedly does not change the color of the flooring. Recommended for use wherever a non-slippery, longwearing finish is required, the product is said to be especially adapted for use in hospitals, schools, public buildings, churches and manufacturing plants. The manufacturer reports that rubber skid marks and traffic stains can be easily removed from the finish without damaging it. The Monroe Co., Inc., 10703 Quebec Ave., Cleveland 6, Ohio.

(Continued on page 224)

Choose the floor that's NATURALLY beautiful!

BRUCE STRIP

Prefinished for economy and durability

Owners get the biggest value in hardwood floors when you specify *Prefinished* Bruce Strip Floors.

The charm and natural beauty of this modern oak floor is preserved by the factory-applied finish. Tests prove it outwears surface finishes 3 to 1 and home owners find these prefinished floors far easier to keep clean and beautiful.

The cost of a *Prefinished* Bruce Strip Floor is usually less than for an unfinished floor of the same grade after you add the expense of on-the-job finishing. There's also a time saving of 3 to 5 days per house. Write us for complete information. See our section in Sweet's File.



E. L. BRUCE CO., MEMPHIS 1, TENN.

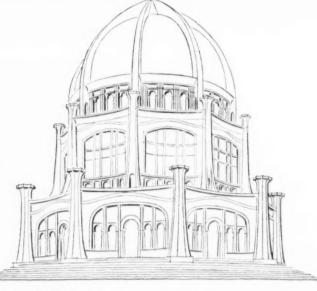
Hedrich-Blessing Photo

Hardwood Floor



where ANACONDA Bronze contributes enduring beauty:

Temple in Illinois



BAHA' HOUSE OF WORSHIP, Wilmette, Illinois. Louis J. Bourgeois, original architect for exterior, Shaw, Metz and Dolio, architect for interior. George A. Fuller Company, general contractor.

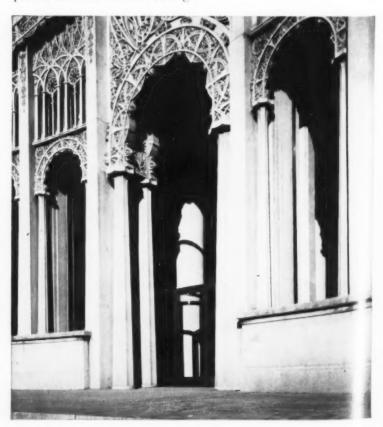
This impressive temple was started in 1920 by members of the Bahá'í faith to express Bahá'í teachings in progressive revelation and spiritual unity of East and West.

In the doors and windows of each of the nine sides of this Temple, the beauty of Anaconda Architectural Bronze will outlast generations of worshippers. For no other metal surpasses bronze for monumental endurance, warmth or grace of effect. It is the oldest metal known to man — traditional in centuries of noteworthy architecture. Bronze creates the impression of stability and dignity so desirable in public, private and commercial buildings.

Bronze doors and window fromes in the Bahá'í Temple were fabricated by Waukegan Architectural, Inc. from extrusions and sheets. For information about ANACONDA Architectural Bronze, write The American Brass Company, Waterbury 20, Connecticut. In Canada: Anaconda American Brass Limited New Toronto, Ontario.

One of the nine entrances (right, exterior; below, interior). Original wood and steel frames were replaced with ANACONDA Bronze. First floor took ten tons.





The Case for CAST IRON

Permitted process of use under basement floors -IN ALL CODES



Every State or Municipal code that has ever come to the attention of the Institute permits the use of **Cast Iron Soil Pipe** under basement floors. This is true of no other material.

If Cast Iron is good enough to pour concrete over, it's safe and permanent for ALL house-to-sewer lines, ALL drain and soil stacks.

There's good reason for this long-standing acceptance of **Cast Iron Soil Pipe.** When a master plumber lays Cast Iron and caulks the joints, that line is in to stay. It can't leak, it can't warp, it can't absorb moisture. For house sewer, building drain and for waste, soil and vent stacks, Cast Iron gives you trouble-free service with a life-expectancy far beyond that of the best-built home.

To help you in demonstrating the advantages of **Cast Iron Soil Pipe** the Institute has produced an 18-minute sound movie, "Permanent Investment". This picture is available to you for showing before any interested professional or consumer group.

For helpful information for you or your clients, just use the coupon.

Only
Cast Iron Soil Pipe
gives you
ALL these advantages

Rugged Metallic Strength

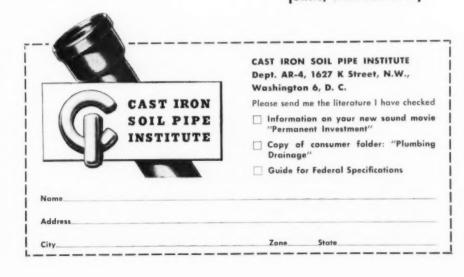
Zero Moisture Absorption

Permitted for use under basement floor in ALL CODES

Permanent tightness of joints, with flexibility

This advertisement is sponsored by:

Alabama Pipe Company, The American Brass & Iron Foundry, Anniston Foundry Company, Anniston Soil Pipe Company, Attalla Pipe & Foundry Company, Inc., Buffalo Pipe & Foundry Corporation, Charlotte Pipe & Foundry Company, Combustion Engineering-Superheater, Inc., Emory Pipe & Foundry Company, Florida Pipe & Foundry Co., Hajoca Corporation, Herco Foundry, Inc., T. C. King Pipe & Foundry Company, Pacific Cast Iron Pipe & Fitting Company, Peerless Pipe & Foundry Company, Inc., Reading Foundry Company, Rich Manufacturing Company of Calif., Rudisill Foundry Company, Russell Pipe & Foundry Co., Inc., Sanitary Company of America, Somerville Iron Works, Tyler Pipe & Foundry Company, Walker Machine & Foundry Corporation, Western Foundry Co., Williamstown Foundry Corp.





(Continued from page 220)

Laminated Wall Covering

Developed for home, business and institutional use, Bolta-Wall and Bolta Wall-Tile are two new wall coverings with textured, embossed surfaces, made of plastic resins and laminated to a firm rubber-saturated paper backing. The only care that is required is cleaning with a damp cloth, and the material is reportedly resistant to chemicals, including household greases, oils, fats, alcohols and detergents. It is also claimed by the manufacturer that the wall covering



Laminated wall tile may be easily applied by professional or layman

will not chip, crack, peel or become brittle with age. The roll material is made in 25-yd rolls, 48 in. wide for professional installation. The tile is cut into individual 8-in. squares and may be easily installed by anyone. The two available patterns include a Bamboo finish and a Leather-Grain finish. The former may be obtained in natural, gray or light green, and the latter is available in nine attractive colors. Architect's specifications recommend installation on the following surfaces: smooth plaster, 3/8-in. plasterboard or better, 5/16-in. Plyscord C-D I good or better, 3/16-in. tempered or 1/4-in. untempered hard board or better, or other surfaces approved by the manufacturer. It is especially recommended

(Continued on page 228)



APPLETON **Explosion-Proof Equipment**

AA-51 Series Vented Type Explosion-Proof lighting flature. Cooler operating ... easier to



1. Cool Temperatures. Appleton Explosion-Proof lighting fixtures operate cool enough to prevent igniting the gas, vapors or dust outside the fixture. Fluorescent fixtures operate at low, safe temperatures. Incandescent fixtures have full circle venting and porous metal interiors to disperse heat evenly and safely.

2. Flame-tight. Appleton Explosion-Proof MALLE-ABLE IRON conduit fittings and lighting fixtures are made tight to confine dangerous arcs, to prevent escape of flames or burning gases, or to cool escaping gases after an internal explosion. Flame-tightness is assured in that five full threads must be completely engaged before contact can be established. Accurately machined flat joints at cover openings assure perfect alignment.

3. Explosion-Proof. Appleton Explosion-Proof Equipment withstands at least four times the maximum possible internal pressures without bursting or loosening screws or joints. Fittings are made of unbreakable MALLEABLE IRON.





Type EFU Explosion-Proof fluorescent lighting fixture. Available for two 40 Watt, 48" lamps; or two 100 Watt, 60" lamps.



Sold Through Electrical Wholesalers

APPLETON ELECTRIC COMPANY

1736 Wellington Avenue . Chicago 13, Illinois CONDUIT FITTINGS . LIGHTING EQUIPMENT . OUTLET AND SWITCH BOXES • EXPLOSION-PROOF FITTINGS • REELITES

Sales Engineers in All Principal Markets

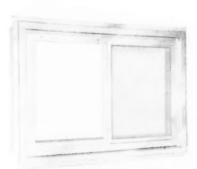
TUBULAR STEEL WINDOWS!

New Addition to Prime Window Line Makes Ideal Treatment For Added Wall Space, Bedroom and Bathroom Privacy, Above Sinks, Etc.

The F. C. Russell Company has now applied the proven engineering principles of its widelyaccepted vertical-slide Prime Window to a new line of Horizontal Slide Windows. These Horizontal Slide Windows offer the same exclusive features and advantages. Frame and window members are of streamlined, rigid, tubular galvanized steel, bonderized and finished with baked-on outdoor enamel. They are supplied as completely finished assemblies and provide the same ease and speed of installation and convenience during construction. Rusco Horizontal Slide Prime Windows ideally meet design and construction requirements for high window placement, such as in ranch type houses, wherever added usable wall space is desired, and in hard-to-reach places such as over sinks, bathtubs, etc. They assure greater ease of operation at shoulder-high or head levels.

Rusco Prime Windows Are Fully Pre-Assembled Factory-Painted, Hardware Attached -All Ready to Install in Window Opening!

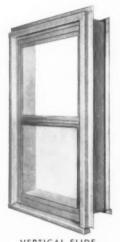
> GLASS . SCREEN BUILT-IN WEATHERSTRIPPING INSULATING SASH (Optional WOOD OR METAL CASING ... OR STEEL FINS all in one unit!



HORIZONTAL SLIDE



Sliding Glass and Screen Inserts easily removed from inside for convenience in cleaning.
The Rusco removable sash feature has tremendous appeal as a convenience and safety feature.



VERTICAL SLIDE



Galvanized Steel

FOR COMPLETE SPECIFICATIONS AND ILLUSTRATED CATALOG, WRITE

Department 7-AR43 THE F. C. RUSSELL COMPANY . Cleveland 1. Ohio . In Canada: Toronto 13. Ontario

DESIGN UNLIMITED

with original



TRANSLUCENT FIBER GLASS PANELS

• Alsynite is the ideal translucent architectural material. Shatterproof, feather-light. Can be sawed and nailed, installs like corrugated metal. Economical. Seven colors, corrugated or flat. Use Alsynite anywhere and everywhere for brilliant new effects. See our brochure in Sweet's Catalog.



homes...for skylights, window walls, patio roofs, awnings, shower stalls, etc. Ideal indoors and out.



commercial...for store fronts, office partitions, luminous ceilings, decorative effects, signs.



industrial...for unlimited daylighting ...skylights, side walls, etc. No framing needed.

	IITE COMPANY OF AMERICA AR-2, 4670 DeSoto St., San Diego 9, Calif.
Please	e send me complete information on tite and name of nearest distributor.
Name_	
Compa	ny
Addres	18
City_	State
-	Plants in California and Ohio

Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 224)

for installation on new plaster, and all that is required is a sealer on the wall surface. Bolta Products Sales, Inc., Wall Covering Div., Lawrence, Mass.

Dishwasher-Range Combination

Recently introduced at the Furniture Market in Chicago was a space saving Dishwasher-in-a-Range. Combining a Universal gas range with a James dishwasher, the unit is compact, and its fully automatic dishwasher requires no wiring, plumbing or cabinet work. Re-



Automatic dishwasher rolls compactly into range when not in use

ported to regulate its own proper water temperature and pressure, the washer rolls in and out of the range compartment, out of the way when not in use but easily accessible when needed. Bigger loads, easier operation, sterilizing and radiant heat drying are claimed to be among other advantages of the unit. Cribben & Sexton Co., 700 N. Sacramento Blvd., Chicago 12, Ill.

Sink-Range-Refrigerator

The *L-K Line*, a combination sinkrange-refrigerator which occupies only five sq ft of floor space has recently won the Hess Bros. Annual Award for versatility in design and use. The unit was

(Continued on page 232)



IF LABOR LAGS



revitalize with BURT MONOVENT



and boost PRODUCTION

You can't afford stuffy air or excessive smoke, heat and fumes in your plants. Labor comes too high for that.

The Burt Monovent Continuous Ridge Ventilator banishes bad air—revitalizes with fresh, active air. The Monovent opens the entire roof—like a gigantic valve—to exhaust air rapidly and economically from the entire structure. And its sturdy, simple construction requires little maintenance. Standard sizes from 4" to 96" handle almost any application.

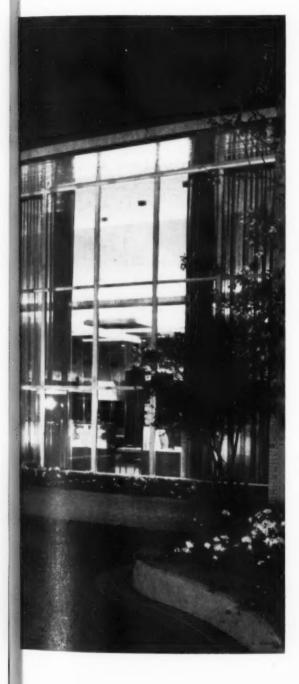
Don't waste your clients' expensive manhours. See Sweet's for complete data on the Burt Monovent or write for Bulletin SPV-6.

FAN & GRAVITY VENTILATORS . LOUVERS

SHEET METAL SPECIALTIES

The Burt Mfg. Co.

48 East South St. AKRON 11, OHIO





THIS INTERESTING entrance at the Schmidt Provision Company, Toledo, Ohio, is completely walled with Pittsburgh Plate Glass (approximately 20 ft wide and 20 ft. high-running from the floor to the ceiling). It is set in Pittco De Luxe Sash No. 12 C and divided with horizontal and vertical mullions of No. 24 CTC. The doorway itself is a standard Pittsburgh Doorway, Style No. 16. Architect: Karl B. Hoke, Toledo, Ohio.



SOLEX-TWINDOW gives all the advantages of Twindow-Pittsburgh's window with built-in insulation—plus the solar-heatabsorbing, sun-glare-reducing properties of Solex. As shown by this cutaway view, these units consist of two panes. The outer is Solex, the inner clear Plate Glass. In between is a sealed-in air space. A stainless steel frame protects the seal and glass edges, and it also makes handling safe, quick and easy.

Design it better with Pittsburgh Glass



Your Sweet's Catalog File contains detailed information on all Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company products . . . Sections 7a, 13e, 15, 16b, 21.

BRUSHES

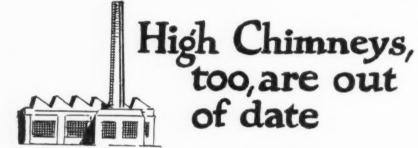
TSBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY



High Hats are out of date

now it's the Homburg





it's the WING DRAFT INDUC

Why? Because your heating plant can have positive, adequate, uniform draft without the need for tall, unsightly, expensive stacks. Unlike variable chimney draft, the Wing

Draft Inducer gives perfect motorized draft in any weather. It cuts fuel costs by giving higher CO2's. Smoking is reduced or eliminated. The capacity of your boiler plant is increased.

Write for a copy of Bulletin I-52









L. J. Wing Mfg. Co.

151 Vreeland Mills Road

Linden, New Jersey

Factories: Linden, N.J. and Montreal, Canada



Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 228)

designed to save space and money for people with small kitchens. The range is available with three gas burners (for natural, bottled or manufactured gas), with three electric burners for 220-volt use, or with two electric burners for 110volt use. The refrigerator compartment has a convenient shelf on the inside of the door for storing bottled goods, etc., and beneath the refrigerator there is a storage drawer, General Air Conditioning Corp., 4542 E. Dunham St., Los Angeles 23, Calif.

Compact Water Closet

A newly designed one-piece siphon jet closet, the Kohler Placid is described as being lower, more compact and more symmetrical than conventional water closets. Engineered for quiet operation. the vitreous china fixture measures



Newly designed compact water claset features quiet operation

only 25 in. from the floor to the top of the tank and is 31/2 in. lower than a previous model bearing the same name. Overall dimensions are: height, 25 in., width, 22 in., length, 29 in. Since the unit is free-standing, installation is simplified. Extra protection against back siphonage is reportedly afforded by a vacuum breaker and a special float valve. Kohler Co., Kohler, Wis.

(Continued on page 236)





This photo of the exterior of the Messiah Lutheran Church gives a good idea of the clean architectural lines of the building, which was designed by Denver architect Raymond Harry Ervin. Also, it shows the wide variety of weather exposures of the structure. But Honeywell Customized Temperature Control as easily compensates for strong northern winds as it does for sunshine on a bright winter day.

For comfortable, even temperature in new or existing buildings – of any size – specify Honeywell Customized Temperature Control

Whether it's a church, school, office, factory, hospital, apartment, store, garage—or any size building—new or existing, Honeywell Customized Temperature Control can help meet your clients' heating, ventilating, air conditioning and industrial control problems.

Once equipped with Honeywell Customized Temperature Control, they'll have an ideal indoor "climate"—and save fuel besides.

And with a complete line of pneumatic, electric and electronic controls to choose from, Honeywell Customized Temperature Control offers you the greatest flexibility in design. Then, too, when it comes to performance, Honeywell-built controls assure years of trouble-free operation. And they're backed by the finest service organization in the controls industry.

For information on Honeywell Customized Temperature Control, call your local Honeywell office. There are 104 across the nation. Or mail the coupon today.

Honeywell



First in Controls



And this view of the upstairs nursery shows how well the younger set fares at the Messiah Lutheran Church. A separate Honeywell thermostat here can be adjusted to compensate for weather conditions and the number of children in attendance. Temperatures are usually kept warmer here—a turn of the dial on the thermostat takes care of that—so youngsters won't be exposed to drafts on the floor.

MINNEAPOLIS-HONEYWELL REGULATOR CO. Dept. AR-4-45, Minneapolis 8, Minnesota

Gentlemen:

I'm interested in learning more about Honeywell Customized Temperature Control.

Temperature control			
Name			
Firm Name			
Address	****		
City	Zone	State	

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 232)

Extension Dining Table

Included in the new Charak Modern Collection is an ingenious round contemporary table, 38 in. in diameter, which, when extended, will seat 12 people. Five leaves and a pair of auxiliary legs extend the table to a handsome oval, 102 in. long. An inlaid ebony





Small, round contemporary table extends to a large oval, accommodating twelve

ADAMS BUILDING
Phillips Petroleum
Company
Bartlesville, Okla.

of course Van equipment in this modern office building

- More than a year ago, employees of Phillips Petroleum Company at Bartlesville, Oklahoma, began to enjoy the many facilities offered in this beautiful and newly constructed Adams Building . . . not the least of which is the Van-equipped food service.
- For over a century operators and administrators of restaurants, cafeterias, hotels, hospitals, schools and their architects have recognized the high standards, economy and efficiency of Van equipment for the preparation and serving of food.
- Whether you need new kitchen or modernization, call Van now.

The John Van Range 6.

EQUIPMENT FOR THE PREPARATION AND SERVING OF FOOD

DIVISION OF THE EDWARDS MANUFACTURING CO.

Branches in Principal Cities

429 CULVERT STREET

CINCINNATI 2, OHIO

serpentine trim line around the periphery of the table is continued without interruption on the leaves when it is fully extended. The table is available in either mahogany or walnut. The former may be obtained in either a warm, dark tone or bleached and the latter in a new silvery-gray, smokey finish, as well as a mellow amber. Charak Furniture Co., 444 Madison Ave., New York 22, N. Y.

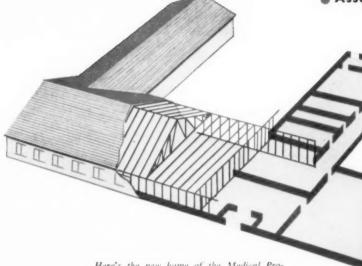
Textured Reducood Plywood

Malarky Shadowood is a new textured surface Redwood plywood from which a large part of the soft portion of the grain has been brushed in a manner which leaves it with a rounded, lightly polished, considerably harder face. The surface has neither splinters nor ragged edges. The plywood panels have a natural warm redwood tone and reportedly lend themselves to a wide variety of finishes. Since some of the soft grain is left on the face, the panels permit good response from finishes, displaying greater color and variance of tone than usual when stains or enameloids are applied. The paintability normal to Redwood plywoods is retained in the new product, which is said to work well with either single or twocolor finishes. The panels will be available in two styles, clear redwood and knotty redwood (V-Grooved on 6-, 8and 10-in, centers respectively to afford the appearance of random planking). Knots do not exceed 11/2 in. in diameter. The first panels will be available in 5/16-in. thickness in standard 4- by 8-ft. size. Other thicknesses will be available. Although the panels are designed primarily for wall surfaces, they may also be used for fences, decorative panels and other uses. M and M Woodworking Co., 2310 N. Columbia Blvd., Portland, Ore.

(Continued on page 238)

STRAN-STEEL FRAMING

- Shortened construction time
- Lessened construction costs
- Assures lasting quality



Here's the new home of the Medical Protective Co., Fort Wayne, a pioneer in liability insurance for the medical profession. Cutaway drawing above shows a portion of the building's Stran-Steel Framing system, including exterior walls, interior partitions, and roof trusses.



Walls and bearing partitions are of Stran-Steel studs. At left, architect's detail drawing shows section of wall.

The new Medical Protective Company's building was completed and in use in less than 10 months. "The time saved in construction," according to B. R. Lancaster, Vice President and Secretary, "due to use of Stran-Steel Framing, resulted in considerably less cost."

Architect for this building was John D. Martindale, A.I.A., and general contractor was Civilian Building and Supply, both of Fort Wayne.

* * *

A complete system, Stran-Steel Framing is particularly well suited to schools, hospitals, garden-type apartment structures, industrial and public buildings. It has been specified by architects from coast to coast with resulting economies, earlier completion, and client satisfaction. Write us for details on any of your specific projects.

GREAT LAKES STEEL CORPORATION

Stran-Steel Division

Ecorse, Detroit 29, Mich.





DETAIL OF WALL

WINDOW

CHANNEL

44" PLASTER ON METAL LATH

VAPOR BARRIER

3%" STRAN-STEEL STUD

%" BUILDING BOARD

1% GUNITE CONCRETE



STRAN-STEEL AND QUONSE REG. U. S. PAT, OFF,

Stran-Steel Division, Great Lakes Steel Corporation Ecorse, Detroit 29, Michigan

Gentlemen: Please send us factual information on the advantages of lightweight Stran-Steel Framing for industrial and commercial building.

Company	Name.	* *		 				 *				* :	 	*		 		
Total Coldens																		

Individual
Address

City..... State.....

le

of

d

0

d

8-

d

in

IV

Is

10

8)

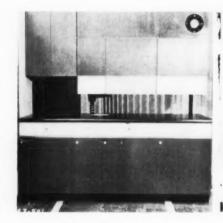
D

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 236)

Innovation in Refrigeration

An experimental model of what may become the refrigerator-freezer of the future was recently exhibited in Chicago. The *General Electric XR-10* is horizontal in design, half as deep as today's refrigerator, and is accessible from two sides. The 10-cu ft unit is 5 ft wide, 38





Left: room-dividing refrigerator suspended above open shelves. Above: doors open on both sides as added convenience

You're
Not
Gambling

If it's
PECORA!

PECORA has built with America as it helped America to build! For almost a century since 1862—Pecora standards of quality assure products of unquestioned excellence—materials for building construction and building maintenance.

Manufacturers of Caulking Compounds, Mastics, Putties, Glazing Compounds, Roof Coatings, Maintenance Finishes, Industrial Enamels.





 Write for literature on Pecora Construction and Maintenance Materials.

PECORA PAINT COMPANY, INC. -SINCE 1862-

FOURTH & GLENWOOD AVE., PHILA. 40, PA.

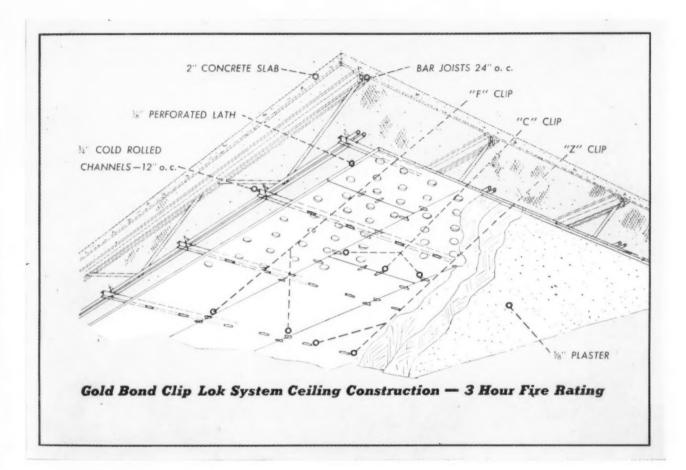
in, high and 14 in, deep. Its walls are only 1/2 in. thick, as compared with the 3 in. wall thickness of present-day refrigerators. Storage space is divided into two compartments, one for fresh foods, the other for frozen foods. The fresh food compartment has two doors on both the front and back; the frozen food compartment has one door on both front and back. The refrigerator mechanism and the automatic ice-maker are located at the top of the cabinet. Storage space below is thus brought well within the reach of the average person. The icemaker can be made to provide any size of ice cube, and the ice can be ejected in either cube or crushed form. The exterior of the refrigerator has a wood grain finish to harmonize with room furnishings, forming an attractive room divider between the kitchen and dining or living room. The magnetically sealed doors have no handles, but are opened by means of finger grips at the base. The cabinet-like unit is supported by twin 10-in. high pillars resting on an open work-surface. Major Appliance Div., General Electric Co., 310 W. Liberty St., Louisville 2, Ky.

Colored Plastic Coating For Insulated Lines

A tough plastic coating that can be either brushed or sprayed on, Armstrong Insulcolor combines protection and color identification of insulated refrigerant, cold water, steam and other lines as well as insulated equipment. The finish is reported to withstand temperatures of up to 160 deg F without cracking, shrinking or crazing. It may be used over heat insulations, cork pipe covering and lagging, and as a finish over corkinsulated air conditioning ducts. The

(Continued on page 242)

New Gypsum Lath Clip Lok System Earns 3-HOUR FIRE RATING



HERE'S a Gold Bond answer to the problem of fireproofing lightweight steel construction. This ceiling construction—shown in detail above—was submitted to a fire endurance test by a nationally recognized laboratory. The results: a fire resistive rating of three hours. The big advantage is low cost with this new system which permits the use of gypsum lath. The complete

combination of materials used in the system bear the Gold Bond label... GYPSUM LATH, SPE-CIAL CLIPS and PLASTER... All products of one manufacturer — National Gypsum Company.

For complete specifications of this method, including details of the floor construction, write to Architectural Service Division, National Gypsum Company, Buffalo 2, N. Y.

NATIONAL GYPSUM COMPANY . BUFFALO 2, N. Y.

Lath, Plaster, Lime, Sheathing, Roofing, Sidings, Gypsum Roof Decks, Wall Paint, Textures, Rock Wool Insulation, Metal Lath, Sound Control Products, Fireproof Wallboards and Decorative Insulation Boards. You'll build or remodel better with Gold Bond



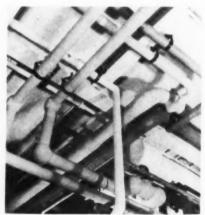
Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 238)

coating furnishes high resistance to bumping and abrasion and has high water resisting properties. It is described as suitable for either inside or outside applications.

Available in white and six colors (light and dark green, light and dark blue, yellow and buff), the new finish can be applied over standard asphaltic finishes without danger of bleed-through. Since it contains no inflammable solvents it is safe to use. It is also odorless and, when dry, it is classed as a fire-retardant. Maintenance of lines is reportedly reduced with the coating, which can be easily washed free of dirt, grease, oil and soot. The product can also be used as an



Colored plastic coating provides identification of lines, aids maintenance

adhesive for pasting down canvas, asbestos and other lagging cloths, eliminating the necessity of sewing the material.

Base white and color tints are shipped in separate containers, to be mixed on the job. Coverage is reported 35- to 50sq ft per gal. in two-coat application, depending on the surface to be covered. Armstrong Cork Co. Building Materials Div., Lancaster, Pa.

Safety Grating Selector

A new A. O. Smith safety grating selector, said to be the first device of its kind made available in the steel flooring

(Continued on page 246)

present and future power requirements

Quick Facts

About 4 types of Flex-A-Power which, in combination, will meet almost any low voltage distribution requirement.

*TYPE LVD. For high capacity feeder applications, or as a riser in multi-story buildings carrying high currents over long distances, with low voltage drop. 600-4000 ampere ratings, 2-, 3- and 4-pole and 3-phase, 4-wire solid neutral, 600 volts.

*TYPE FVK. Operates like a panelboard running the length of the plant. Power outlets at one-foot intervals, tapped by Flex-A-Plug fusible switches or breakers. 225-1000 amperes, 2- and 3-pole and 3-phase, 4-wire solid neutral, 600 volts.

TYPE TK. A heavy-duty trolley busway, brings mobile power to production lines, hoists and cranes. 100, 200 and 400 amperes, 2- and 3-pole, 600 volts.

TYPE LTG. A plug-in and trolley busway, unmatched for lighting systems. Individual lights or entire systems can be rearranged with plug-in ease. Portable tools enlarge their usefulness by means of LTG plugs or trolleys. 50-amperes, 2-, 3- and 4-pole, 300 volts.

*Aluminum busbars optional.

OTHER RECENT FLEX-A-POWER INSTALLATIONS

SHAMROCK HOTEL,
Houston, Texas
UNITED NATIONS BUILDING
SEALED POWER CORPORATION,
Rochester, Indiana
GIMBEL'S MILWAUKEE STORE
HOTEL ROOSEVELT,
New Orleans, Louisiana

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON MEDICAL SCHOOL, Seattle, Washington

REMINGTON RAND LABORATORY, Norwalk, Connecticut

STANDARD KNAPP DIVISION, Emhart Mfg. Company, Portland, Connecticut

CANDLER BUILDING, Atlanta, Georgia

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO., Hartford, Connecticut

CITY NATIONAL BANK, Houston, Texas

TRUMBULL (T) ELECTRIC

DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY PLAINVILLE, CONN.



Will the floors you specify today speak well of you for years to come?

This flooring will be a prestige builder for you twenty years from now. It will continue to confirm your good professional reputation.

For in twenty years this floor of Wright Rubber Tile will still be new-looking, lustrous, and beautiful. The unsurpassed durability of Wright Rubber Tile flooring has been proven again and again in residential, commercial, and industrial use. Many Wright floors laid thirty years ago show virtually no sign of wear to this day.

This is the miracle flooring you've been hearing about. Being non-porous, it repels dirt, requiring less maintenance than any other floor. Being highly resilient, it resists damage and absorbs sound. Being uniform in color and quality from top to bottom, Wright Rubber Tile can't "walk off" and so stays smooth and beautiful throughout its long life.

You can specify Wright Rubber Tile flooring with the assurance of lasting beauty. You can be sure, further, that no one will ever say of this floor,"The architect should have known better."

WRIGHT MANUFACTURING COMPANY 5205 POST OAK RD., HOUSTON 5, TEXAS



FLOORS OF DISTINCTION

- WRIGHTEX—Soft Rubber Tile
- WRIGHTFLOR—Hard Surface Rubber Tile
- WRIGHT-ON-TOP Compression Cove Base

Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 242)

industry, enables the user to select a grating for a specific load-span condition with a simple setting. The selector also indicates the deflection of grating selected under a given load-span condition and shows a complete table of panel widths in stock sizes and a complete range of weights for all the safety grating made by the manufacturer. The device is similar to a slide rule in operation and furnishes the complete engineering data required for most installations with the manufacturer's grating. A. O. Smith Corp., 3533 N. 27th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Water Heaters

A new line of *Crosley* hot water heaters has recently been introduced to the home appliance market. The new heaters have been designed to meet household hot water requirements from 12 to

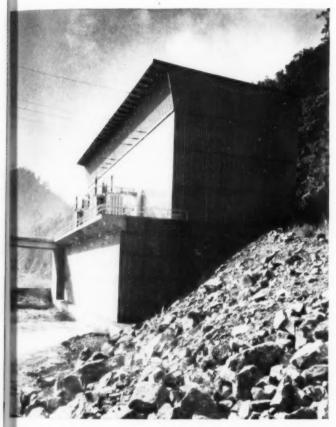


Table height water heater unit has up to 82-gal, capacity in deluxe model

82 gallons. The line has been divided into two groups: the custom line and the deluxe line. The custom line consists of 10 upright models ranging in size from 30- to 82-gal, capacities. All sizes are available with either single or double heating elements. The four table height models in the custom line are in 30- and 40-gal, capacities, with either single or double elements. The deluxe line contains 13 upright models and four table

(Continued on page 250)

HAVE FOUR THINGS IN COMMON



South Holston Dam powerhouse

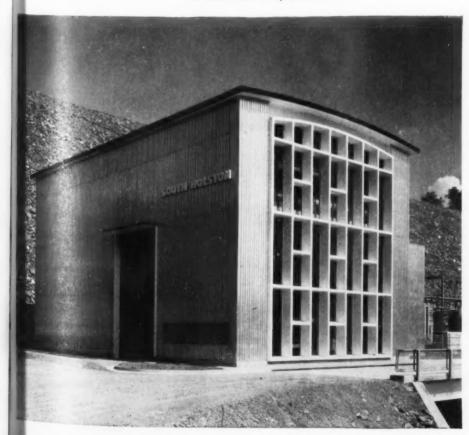
They are small
They are practical
They are beautiful
They are aluminum

Tucked away in hidden valleys in Tennessee, these buildings house TVA generators and controls. Designed by a group of men with an unusual combination of common sense and a feeling for beauty—they have a monumental quality that citizens expect in their public buildings and an economy in construction and operation that should please every taxpayer.

Aluminum was used here for wall panels, windows, railings and trim because it was easily transported to hard-to-reach locations and quickly erected at the site with a minimum of equipment. And more, it gave these buildings aluminum's freedom from maintenance where maintenance would be especially costly. Many of these locations are unattended, operating either automatically or by remote control.

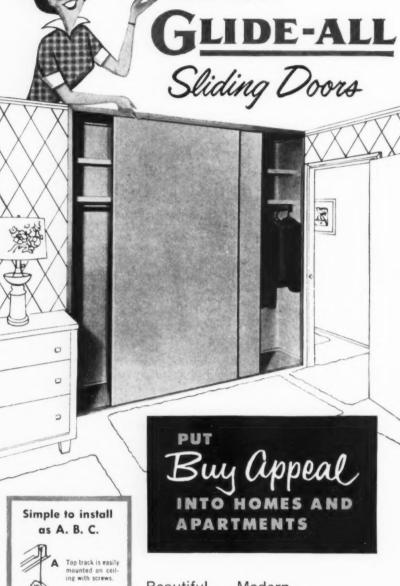
In your next building, consider aluminum for places exposed to wear and weather—wherever maintenance will be a problem, wherever you want distinctive appearance and lasting good looks.

Alcoa engineers have had a part in nearly every pioneering use of aluminum in the architectural field. They will be glad to work with you. For information on any application of aluminum call your nearby Alcoa Sales Office or write: Aluminum Company of America, 1888-D Alcoa Building, Pittsburgh 19, Pa.





ALUMINUM COMPANY OF AMERICA



LOW COST

Beautiful . . . Modern . . . Smooth, Easy Operation . . .

Architects and builders who know the "buy appeal" modern sliding doors add to any building, will recognize the extra sales value of the new top-roller Glide-All Sliding Doors.

Buyers appreciate the modern beauty, the smooth, fingertip operation and the simple, trouble-free design. Architects and builders benefit by the low installation cost, the versatile floor-to-ceiling heights, the unlimited decorative possibilities and the actual dollars-and-cents savings in material and construction costs.

Why not find out how new Glide-All Sliding Doors meet the budget requirements of your next job? Write for the new Glide-All Technical Bulletin Today!

WOODALL NDUSTRIES NC.
DETROIT 34, MICHIGAN

C

Doors are mounted on tracks by engaging top rollers in steel top track —then engaging bottom door guide

in aluminum flo channel.

and are manufactured in the following Plants:
CHICAGO, 3514 Oakton St., Skokie, III. • LAUREL,
Miss., P. O. Box 673 • NEW YORK, Glen Cove Rd.,
Mineola, N. Y. • SAN FRANCISCO, 1970 Carroll Ave.
Address requests to plant nearest you.

Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 246)

height models, with either single or double elements, in all sizes from 12 to 82 gallons. Crosley Div., Avco Mfg. Corp., 1329 Arlington St., Cincinnati 25, Ohio.

Hollow Core Paneling

Substantial savings in labor, time and materials are reported to be afforded by new prefabricated and prefinished Marsh Korelock hollow-core rigid panels. Designed primarily for ceilings and walls in commercial and other nonresidential interiors, the panels are self-aligning and require no backing other than joists, study or furring strips on masonry or partition walls. They may be installed without the use of adhesives, clips, divi-



Hollow core panels may be installed without adhesives, clips or moldings

sion moldings or bracing. A tongue-andgroove system using the manufacturer's special "vee" joints is said to provide easy accurate fitting and a perfect finished appearance without the use of moldings. Tongues are pre-drilled for screw-type nails to assure permanence and exact positioning of the panels, which may be cut with ordinary carpenter tools when fitting around doors and windows is required.

Constructed with an interlocking wood core between a face with a baked finish and a sealed and baked back, the panels are reported to be extremely strong and stable, to remain straight under difficult moisture and temperature conditions and to furnish insulation. The surfaces of the panels may be

(Continued on page 254)

Mr. Dahl has been building quality homes for over twenty years in the better residential areas of Seattle, including Magnolia Bluff, Magnolia, Windermere and Innis Arden. He says:

"To be truly lived in, today's home must include the latest equipment . . . quality equipment that gives the homeowner maximum comfort and convenience at a minimum of maintenance and operating expense.

"I have never had any trouble selling homes. They are sold before they are finished, and in most cases, I feel people want them because they are quality homes in every way and because they have the very best in modern appliances—General Electric."



Mr. Bernhard Dahl is a past president of both the Seattle Master Builders, Inc. and the Seattle Home Builders and Contractors.



Your clients' houses are easier to sell when you recommend the installation of General Electric Kitchen-Laundry equipment.

Mr. B. Dahl and Mrs. C. Cufley, shown here, are admiring the time-saving General Electric appliances in her new home. Mr. Dahl savs:

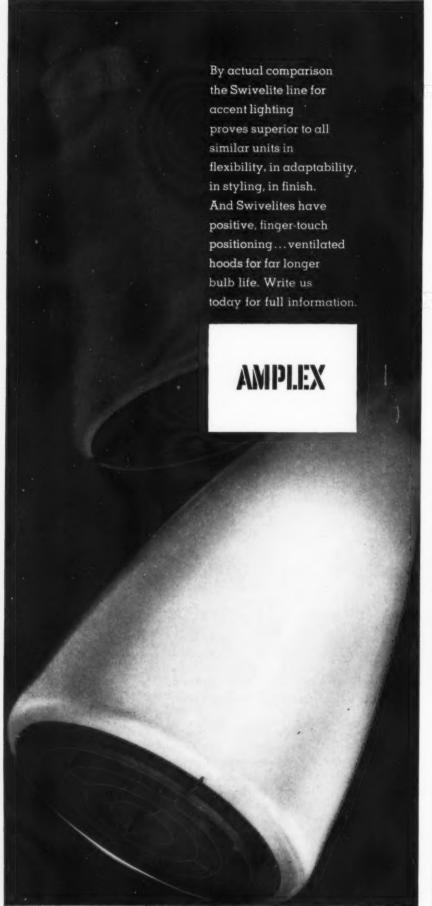
"These beautiful General Electric appliances really impress prospective homeowners. They are, therefore, a factor in selling homes rapidly—in most instances, before they are completed.

"What also impresses me is that I have received no complaints about G-E appliances after the buyers move in and live with them. And I know that if I did have complaints, the General Electric Company would stand back of their products."

We suggest you recommend the installation of General Electric Kitchen-Laundry equipment to your clients.

For further data, see Sweet's Catalog, or write to Home Bureau, General Electric Company, Louisville 2, Kentucky.

GENERAL ELECTRIC



AMPLEX CORPORATION, DEPT. D-4, 111 WATER ST., BROOKLYN 1, N. Y.

Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 250)

cleaned with a damp cloth. Two sizes are available, 21- by 48-in. and 24- by 96-in., and the panels are supplied in cream and white satin semi-lustre finishes or a variety of wood patterns. Marsh Wall Products, Inc., Subsidiary of the Masonite Corp., Dover, Ohio.

Door-Closer Selector

Designed to simplify selection of proper closers for doors, the *LCN Door Closer Selector* is now available without charge from the manufacturer. A perforated slide calculator, the device furnishes data for interior doors on one side and for exterior doors on the reverse face. When a given door width and



Slide calculator aids in selection of proper door closer for specific needs

location are set in the index window, the correct size of the manufacturer's concealed and exposed type closers is automatically selected and may be read directly. Negative information is also supplied, a blank appearing in the window opposite any closer when the door size shown in the index is too large for it to handle. LCN Closers, Inc., Princeton, Ill.

(Continued on page 258)

"PC Light-Directing Glass Blocks are functional, flexible and economical"

The assignment was typical: design the new Mt. Savage School near Cumberland, Md. without sacrificing needed educational facilities, and do it at rock bottom cost.

Architect Minter came up with a reinforced concrete structure, all types of special purpose rooms, lavatory and storage cabinets in each classroom, glazed tile wainscoting in halls and gymnasium, acoustic tile for all areas, and light-directing glass blocks for 50% of the exterior wall area. He did this for 59½ cents per cubic foot, at a time when comparable building costs in the area were a dollar per cubic foot and more.

According to Mr. Minter, "PC Glass Blocks, when properly used, result in a beautiful conception of translucent space. They offer a greater degree of flexibility in interior arrangement than previously possible with conventional fenestration."

Mr. Minter also says that PC Glass Blocks are functional because, "They distribute natural daylight evenly throughout every room."

They're *flexible* because, "They permit a 4-foot module, allowing any partition to be moved in the future."

They're *economical* because, "Glass blocks are ideal for prefabrication. We saved considerable money by building the walls complete with fenestration in one operation, rather than by gradative method."

Bring yourself up to date on the complete line of PC Glass Blocks. Send the coupon. We'll give you more information by return mail.

Pittsburgh Corning Corporation

PITTSBURGH 22, PA.

General Contractors: George F. Hazlewood Co., Cumberland, Md.





Here's what you get with PC Glass Blocks

ELEVEN STYLES—decorative or functional patterns. Latter for sunlighted or northern elevations, above or below eye level.

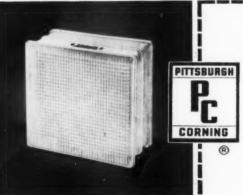
SOFT-LITE* EDGE—opal glass insert at edge of block cuts edge glare, creates soft, uniformly lighted panel.

DIFFUSING SCREEN—divides block into 2 halves, raises insulation value, diffuses light, cuts glare. Available in certain styles.

"CLEAN-EASY" FACE FINISH special coating protects block face from mortar and dirt. Gives neater installation. Available in certain styles.

SAVES MONEY—eliminates sash painting, puttying and replacement. High insulating value cuts heating costs.

*T. M. Reg. applied for.



Pittsburgh Corning Corporation Dept. C-43

Pittsburgh 22, Pa.

Send your booklet on the use of PC Glass Blocks for public, commercial and industrial structures.

NameTitle

Address

CityZone State



Get the FACTS on



A REVOLUTIONARY NEW DEVELOPMENT

FLEETLITE is a revolutionary new window—a complete yeararound unit combining interior and exterior double hung windows and screen in a 4-channel extruded aluminum frame! Its advanced design makes FLEETLITE a practical, handsome unit that every architect working on home plans will want to investigate.

Architects everywhere appreciate the amazing freedom of design offered by FLEETLITE double hung windows—and the matching picture windows—in any size or shape.

The tight construction of these fabulous windows, together with the double window feature, saves fuel costs, keeps out dust and heat in warm weather. Smaller, less expensive air conditioners may be used.

Hundreds of thousands of FLEETLITE Windows have been installed in new homes throughout the U. S. and Canada. Home owners are delighted with the beauty and everlasting construction of FLEETLITE windows. It is so easy to raise the lightweight sash for ventilating the house, so easy to remove them for cleaning.



WRITE TODAY
for complete literature on
FLEETLITE Windows
TERRITORIES OPEN

TERRITORIES OPEN
FOR FULL TIME
FACTORY REPRESENTATIVES

Fleetlite -

As advertised in House Beautiful, House and Garden, Small Homes Guide, American Builder, Practical Builder, Magazine of Building, Architectural Record, etc.

FLEET OF AMERICA, INC. • 407 Dun Building, Buffalo 2, New York

Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS

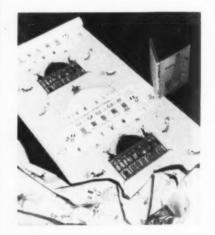
(Continued from page 254)

Curved Track for Folding Doors

Designed for use with the Ra-Tox Folding Door or Room Divider, a new curved track is now available in both 12 and 18-in. radii, in one-quarter circle sections (for 90 deg turns). The track makes possible such installations as full dinette enclosure along a wall, or full corner wardrobe enclosure. Ends of each section are finished to make a smooth butt joint with the regular straight track section. Hanger glides carrying the folding door are reported to move freely through all degrees of curvature on the new track. The Hough Shade Corp., 1045 Jackson St., Janesville, Wis.

Coordinated Fabric and Wallpaper

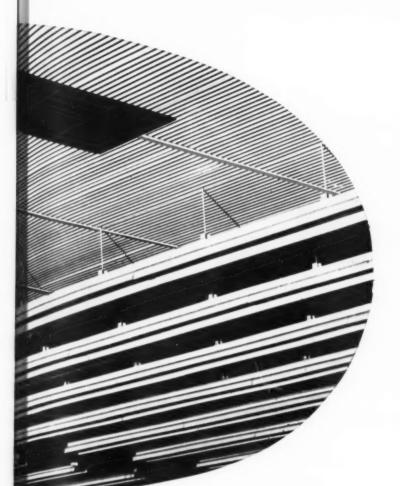
Designed by Saul Steinberg and introduced at the annual convention of the A.I.D., Opera is a new pattern in fabric and matching wallpaper with a definite French feeling. The fabric is 36 in. wide and is hand-printed on cotton.



Hand-printed cotton fabric and matching wall paper has Paris Opera House as matif

The coordinating paper is also handprinted and available in triple rolls of 30 in. Currently done on a white background, "Opera" will be made available on tinted backgrounds in the future. Greeff Fabrics, Inc., 4 E. 53rd St., New York 22, N. Y.

(Continued on page 262)



h

er

118

NF.

ls

11

88

d

of

th

FRANCHISED APPLICATORS

Contact nearest listed for engineering service, free estimates.

ALABAMA: Badham Insulation, Birmingham; Stokes Interiors, Mobile.

CALIFORNIA: Pacific Acoustics, Los Angeles; Sound Reduction, Oakland.

COLORADO: Danco, Inc., Denver.

CONNECTICUT: Wilson Construction Co., Hartford.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: T. M. Woodall, Inc., Takoma Park.
FLORIDA: Standard Insulation,

FLORIDA: Standard Insulation, Fort Lauderdale; Cliff Haller, Orlando.

GEORGIA: Lewis & Co., Atlanta.

ILLINOIS: Anning-Johnson Co., Chicago.

INDIANA: Brown-Anning-Johnson Co., Indianapolis.

IOWA: Anning-Johnson Co.,
Des Moines.

Des Moines.
KENTUCKY: Braun Acoustical

LOUISIANA: Walker Lloyd, Baton Rouge.

MAINE: Edw. F. Byrnes Co., Portland.

MARYLAND: Limbach Co., Hagerstown.

MASSACHUSETTS: Edw. F. Byrnes Co., Boston.

MICHIGAN: Nichols Co., Detroit; Harold R. Sobie Co., Grand Rapids.

MINNESOTA: Anning-Johnson Co., Minneapolis. MISSISSIPPI: Stokes Interiors,

MISSOURI: Hamilton Co., St. Louis; Stokes Co., Kansas City. NEW JERSEY: Woolsulate, East Orange; W. M. Moyer Co., Quakerstown.

NEW MEXICO: Welch-Erwin, Albuquerque.

NEW YORK: Albany Acoustical Corp., Albany; A. P. Madden Co., Syracuse; Davis-Fetch, Buffalo, Rochester, Jamestown; Wm. J. Scully Corp., New York.

N. & S. CAROLINA: Bonitz Insulation, Greensboro, Columbia.
OHIO: Gellin Co., Cleveland;
J. H. Archibald Co., Cincinnati,
OKLAHOMA: Ball Dist. & Eng.
Co., Tulsa, Oklahoma City.
OREGON. Steward Griffith Co.

OREGON: Steward Griffith Co., Portland.

PENNSYLVANIA: Limbach Co., Pittsburgh; W. M. Moyer Co., Philadelphia.

TENNESSEE: Alexander Co., Memphis; John Beretta Co., Knoxville; Workman Co., Nashville.

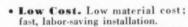
TEXAS: C. F. Schilling Co., Houston; Gen'l Supply Co., San Antonio; Acoustic Builders Co., Dallas; Welch-Erwin, El Poso.

VIRGINIA: McL. T. O'Ferrell & Co., Richmond. WASHINGTON: G. D. Bradley

Co., Seattle.
WISCONSIN: DeGelleke Co.,

Milwaukee.

ADVANTAGES OF THE REYNOLDS ACOUSTICAL SYSTEM



 High Sound Absorption. Up to .90 and high at all frequencies.

 Unlimited Access to utilities... any section movable at will.

 Low Maintenance. Rustproof, non-staining panels removable for cleaning.

 Fire Resistant. Both aluminum and sound-absorbent backing are incombustible.

 High Thermal Insulation. Greatly reduces summer cooling and winter heating costs.

 Low Weight. Completed ceiling weighs less than one-half pound per square foot.

 Modern Design. Eve-pleasing corrugations in straight-line or pattern effects.

Adaptability to any air-conditioning, including plenum chamber above panels.

OTHER REYNOLDS Lifetime ALUMINUM INDUSTRIAL BUILDING PRODUCTS



New Ribbed-Embossed Siding. Modern architectural beauty with all the advantages of aluminum. Rust-proof, corrosion-resistant, strong, light, heat-reflective and low in applied cost. Stipple-embossed finish. Sheets cover 32". 19 lengths from 5' to 13'10". Metal thickness. 332".



Industrial Corrugated Roofing and Siding. Smooth finish .032" with extra deep corrugations for greater strength. Width coverage 32". 12 lengths from 5' to 12'.

For full data on these products call the nearest Reynolds office, listed under "Building Materials" in classified phone books of principal cities. Or write Reynolds Metals Company, Building Products Division, 2020 So. Ninth Street, Louisville 1, Kentucky.

ACOUSTICAL SYSTEM

TYPICAL INSTALLATION

Panels are supported on aluminum

angles and T-sections. Sound-absorbing

material is laid on panels or attached

directly to ceiling.

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 258)

Seating Units

Several new chair designs for home, office and school use have been introduced to the market.

· The Andreef Chair, designed by S. Jacques Guillon, weighs only six pounds and uses Du Pont nylon cord stretched



Colorful new booklet, Building Better Homes with Wood", is just off the press. SEND FOR YOUR COPY TODAY.





Andreef chair, left, consists of nylon cords strung onto a laminated wood frame Available in walnut with white cording. Brunswick Stacking chair, recommended for classroom seating, can be easily stacked aside to clear the room for other purposes and comes in a wide color range

over a frame of laminated wood. Now available in walnut with white cord, it will later be made in other laminated woods with nylon cord in such colors as red, green and chartreuse. Designed to be used in almost any room in the house, it is light in weight and proportioned for comfort. Andreef Chairs, Inc., Rouses Point, N. Y.

- · Specifically designed for classroom seating, the new Brunswick Chair shown for the first time at the AASA Convention in Atlantic City can be easily stacked to save space. Resiliency has been incorporated into the scientifically designed, body-contoured seat and back. providing a new concept of seating case and comfort for the classroom. The basic chair may be easily converted to a tablet arm chair, chair-desk, or lounge chair. It is available in a choice of colors to complement today's classrooms. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 623 S. Wabash, Chicago, Ill.
- · A new Molded Plastic chair designed by Charles Eames is particularly suitable for office use. The flexible plastic shell is mounted on a pivot plate which provides mobility along with modern comfort and design. It is available in elephant hide gray, griege, parchment, lemon yellow, sea foam green, red. dark blue or neutral gray. The legs may be obtained in birch or walnut. Herman Miller Furniture Co., 1 Park Ave., New York, N. Y.

(Continued on page 266)



more than 125,000 housing units have been built with versatile, economical

TECO TRUSSED RAFTERS

By eliminating all load-bearing partitions, Teco Trussed Rafters provide clear span roof construc-tion that affords flexibility of interior design and speeds up building schedules.

Common 2x4's and 2x6's, put together in pairs with TECO WEDGE-FIT Connectors, form trussed rafters that save material and labor.

Additional time and cost advantages are realized in using TECO Trip-L-Grip Framing Anchors in all secondary connections.

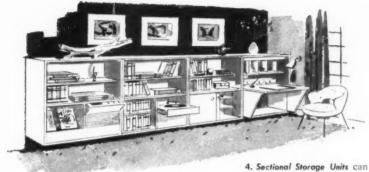
BER ENGINEERING COMPANY 1319 18th Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Please send FREE copy of your new booklet, "Building Better

Homes with Wood". NAME. FIRM. STREET.

ECO EDGE-FI CONNECTORS and Trip-L-Grip Framing Anchors

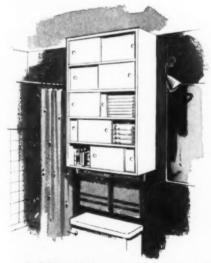




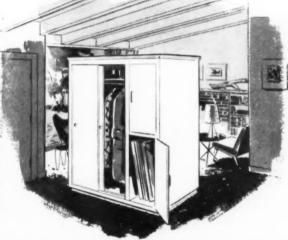
3. Shelf-Door Wordrobe combines features of roomy closet, dresser and chest of drawers. Use it to help sell your house faster. Can be used in any room. Build it with fir plywood for only......\$55*

4. Sectional Storage Units can be combined to form shoulder-high storage wall for living room or den. Sections can be pre-built, installed on job. Fir plywood you'll need to build it costs....\$90*

sales-appeal in your homes fir plywood built-ins







8. Demountable Music Wall is ideal for custom homes built for music lovers. Simple, interchangeable fir plywood boxes are stacked on low plywood table. Holds radio, record player, albums, TV. Fir plywood you'll need to build it costs.....\$60*



*Based on latest available Chicago retail sales for fir plywood compiled by leading trade magazine, prices may vary throughout nation depending upon location and source of supply

PRODUCTS

(Continued from page 262)

New Showrooms

· Lightolier has recently opened its new Architectural Lighting Division, re-designed by Maurice Mogulescue of Designs for Business. The 2000 sq ft of display area is utilized for graphic demonstration of all technical lighting data, and includes such planning services as





Lightolier's Architectural Lighting

Division Above Luchar's new showroom

floor plans, wiring guides, lighting guides, color schemes, photographs and substitutes for hard-to-find materials. The effects of light on color and texture are demonstrated in a series of three shadow boxes, shielded from outside light sources. and illuminated by different types and combinations of incandescent and fluorescent light. Customers may try out their own samples of wallpaper, paint, fabric, wood, etc., to determine how the lighting and color schemes will work together. The manufacturer's Optiplex, Sightron and Louvron fixtures are displayed on four panels, each fixture illuminating its own display. Photographs of typical installations are shown. A central switch panel controls all four display areas. Recessed Calculite fixtures are also demonstrated in panel boxes. The boxes slide open to reveal the inner construction of various types of the fixtures. Pertinent information on light diffusion and candlepower is shown on the lower portion of the display. Architectural Lighting Div., Lightolier, Inc., 11 E. 36th St., New York, N. Y.

· A new showroom for the fabric field is Luchar Fabrics, Inc. In an area 15 by 100 ft, the new firm offers an unusually diversified collection of fabrics, methodically arranged on wall racks. Pale background colors form a neutral setting for the various colors and patterns of the fabric samples. Soft gray carpeting and walls, relieved by a single yellow wall at the rear of the showroom are accented only by a touch of coral on upholstered benches. Vertical wrought iron bars on the back wall are connected to rectangular boards of variated sizes, covered with swatches of fabrics which create an interesting geometric pattern. The showroom was designed by Carl J. Harri. Luchar Fabrics, Inc., 50 E. 53rd St., New York, N. Y.



ADDED DISTINCTION

The charm of a beautiful home is often its naturalness. You can get that effect with Cabot's Creosote Shingle Stains, the finish that accents the true beauty of shingles, siding and clapboards. Houses finished with Cabot's Stains blend nicely with the landscape.

Cabot's Stains contain 60-90% creosote oil — best wood preservative known . . . yet they cost only $lac{1}{3}$ as much as paint. Cabot's Creosote Shingle Stains come in a wide range of colors — from clear brilliant hues to soft weathering grays and browns — many available from no other source.

CABOT'S STAINS

SAMUEL CABOT INC. 429 Oliver Bldg., Boston 9, Mass.

Write today for free copy of "Stained Houses" and Cabot's Creosote Shingle Stains color card showing 18 different shades.

large...few too small for

room-controlled air conditioning

Provides advantages of central system plus best features of the unit system!

It's different! The UniTrane System of air conditioning offers advantages of a central system PLUS quiet, compressor-free room units that cool or heat, dehumidify, ventilate, filter and circulate the air . . . and all this without the use of central system ducts!

Each tenant is boss—Because UniTrane provides individual room control, it meets widely varied demands in large office buildings, hospitals, hotels and commercial buildings down to small apartments and motels. Each tenant sets the temperature and ventilation of his room just as he wants it, without affecting any other room.

Big space saver—UniTrane saves space in many ways. Its single piping circuit handles chilled water in summer, hot water in winter. Ventilation air is introduced directly through the wall into the individual room units. The compact room units are only 25-inches high...can be recessed under windows. Large equipment rooms and accompanying ductwork are eliminated.

Accurate design data—Designing a UniTrane System is essentially a matter of selecting accurately rated units for the various rooms and zones. No multi-room buildings are too large to permit UniTrane air conditioning in each individual room.

Simple and flexible—UniTrane is nearly as simple to install and operate as is a standard heating system. It can easily be extended to new building additions. You can shift units or add units to meet changing requirements. You can install UniTranes for heating only and add central water chilling equipment later. You can shut off rooms and sections not being used. Even partially finished or partially occupied buildings can have complete room-controlled air conditioning with UniTrane.

For complete information, contact your Trane Sales Office or write The Trane Company, LaCrosse, Wisconsin, for Bulletin DS 420.

For over 50-room UniTrane installations . . .



d

CENTRAVAC A complete centrifugal water chilling system, hermetically sealed. Five models from 45 to 200 tons. Automatic throttling controls permit efficient operation down to $10\,^{\circ}$ capacity. Power consumption closely proportionate to load through entire range.

For 10 to 50-room UniTrane installations . . .



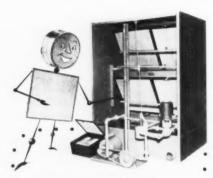
COLD-GENERATOR This unit delivers chilled water from one compact package... brings you a complete refrigeration cycle, factory engineered, factory assembled, factory tested, factory guaranteed! Only simple plumbing and electrical connections needed to install.

TEMPERATURE HUMIDITY VENTILATION

TRANE UniTrane

CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT The Trane Company, La Crosse, Wis. • East. Mfg. Div., Scranton, Penn. • Trane Co. of Canada, Ltd., Toronto • 87 U.S. and 14 Canadian Offices

Only **FAR-AIR*** gives you completely automatic air filtration with all these advantages!



FAR-AIR Self-Washing filters clean air better . . . provide these automatic features, too!

Washing, drying and oiling is controlled electrically on a predetermined time schedule...automatically! Air cleaning efficiency remains constant. There is no liquid particle entrainment.

• Water and dirt are flushed directly to sewer ... automatically! There is no messy oil sump to collect sludge and create a fire hazard. Maintenance man-hours are reduced. Built-in controls guard against fire ... automatically! These are Far-Air features:



No entrainment
No sludge — no oil sump
Automatic fire control
Minimum maintenance
Easy installation

FAR-AIR Self-Washing filters give you more efficient, more dependable service. That's because FAR-AIR's exclusive herringbone-crimp media design permits progressive loading and free air flow. Find out today about completely automatic air filtration.

MAIL COUPON NOW FOR COMPLETE INFORMATION



*Trade Mark Reg.

FARR COMPANY

CHICAGO LOS ANGELES NEW YORK
W'd under license by Control Equip. Co. Ltd. Montroel, Canada

	Farr	Compar	y, P	. 0.	Box	10187	Airport	Station
,	Los	Angeles	45,	Cali	forni	a		
	Section 1			-				

Please send me information on FAR-AIR Self-Washing filters. I would \(\) would not \(\) like a Farr Field Engineer to discuss my air filtration problem with me.

•	Name		
	Company		

Address _____

Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 208)

formation on color selection, design and many applications possible. Full color photographs of typical installations are included, pointing out actual color and graining of the tiles. Available patterns are shown, and photographs of buildings using this tile are included. 8 pp., illus. Hachmeister-Inc., Pittsburgh 30, Pa.*

• KenBubber Tile Floors for Cushioned Beauty. Full color brochure gives examples of installations in residences, hospitals, office buildings and commercial buildings. Standard sizes and thicknesses are included along with available patterns. A complete description of the qualities is also given. 8 pp., illus. Kentile, Inc., 350 Fifth Ave., New York 1, N. Y.*

Microfilming

Remington Rand's Complete Microfilming Service. Booklet gives information on film indexing, permanent processing, thorough inspection and indexed



cartors. The four types of microfilming are illustrated by drawings and text. Photographs show complete file cabinets and individual details. 8 pp., illus. Remington Rand, 315 Fourth Ave., New York 10, N. Y.

Color Standards

Color Standards and Color Research. This handy little booklet contains a complete review of available color standards of interest to American industry. Included in the reviews are "Drapery and Upholstery Fabric Color Card," "Munsell Value Scales for Judging Reflectance," "Sanitary Ware," "School Furn-

(Continued on page 274)

Call the Office Nearest You for Prompt Reynolds Aluminum Service to Architects

Akron 8, Ohio, 105 State Bldg., Hemlock 4178
Albuquerque, New Mexico, 3021 2 Central Ave. S.W., 2-9290
Allentown, Pennsylvania, 1527 B & B Bldg.,
546 Hamilton St., 5-4442
Atlanta 3, Georgia, 1261 Spring St., N.W., Atwood 8321

Atlanta 3, Georgia, 1261 Spring St., N.W., Atwood 8321 Baltimore 18, Maryland, Federal Land Bank Bl.Jg., Hopkins 9800

Battle Creek, Michigan, 614 Security National Bank Bldg., 3-4416

Birmingham, Alabama, 1120 Brown-Marx Bldg., 4-6884 Boston 16, Massachusetts, 442 Park Square Bldg., Liberty 2-0655

Buffalo 3, New York, 1116 Rand Bldg., Washington 2606 Camden, New Jersey, P.O. Box 208, 5th & Cooper Sts., Woodlawn 4-9505

Charlotte 2, North Carolina, Suite 102, 205 So. Church St. 6-1656

Chicago 11, Illinois, 1000 Wrigley Bldg., Whitehall 4-2200 Cincinnati 6, Ohio, 2535 Gilbert Ave., Capital 3400 Cleveland, Ohio, 1150 Hanna Bldg., Cherry 1-7214 Columbus 12, Ohio, 1384 Grandview Ave., Room 225, Kingswood 6444

Dallas 1, Texas, Cedar Springs-Fairmount Bldg., Riverside 3429

Dayton 2, Ohio, 305 Eleven W. Monument Bldg., Hemlock 6344
Denver 2, Colorado, 639 Continental Oil Bldg., Main 8641
Des Moines, Iowa, 316 Des Moines Bldg., 8-1906
Detroit 2, Michigan, 1010 Fisher Bldg., 17 Triity 1-8800
Erie, Pennsylvania, 1022 G. Daniel Baldwin Bldg., 2-2301
Evansville 8, Indiana, 100 North Main St., 2-3231
Fresno, California, 444 Blackstone Ave., 6-2532
Grand Rapids 9, Michigan, Beverly and Porter Sts., 3-0156
Harrisburg, Pa., Room 302, 25 N. Duke St., York, Pa.
York 6664

Hartford, Connecticut, 919 Albany Ave., 6-3912 Houston 4, Texas, 5008 Almeda 6t., Suite No. 6, Justin 1589 Indianapolis, Indiana, 1803 North Meridian St., Hickory 7527 Kansas City 2, Missouri, 297 Plaza Theatre Bldg., Jefferson 3536

Little Rock, Arkansas, 319 Commercial National Bank Bldg., 4-6472

Los Angeles 5, Califor..ia, 601 South Ardmore Dunkirk 8-7135

Louisville 1, Kentucky, 2500 South Third St., Calhoun 4731 Miami, Florida, 1603 Congress Bldg., 82-6409 Milwaukee 3, Wisconsin, 1412 Majestic Bldg., Marquette 8-1051

Minneapolis 3, Minnesota, 203 Wesley Temple Bldg., Filmore 4691

Nashville 3, Tennessee, 1905 West End Ave., 42-5694 New Orleans 12, La., 507 International Trade Mart Bldg. Raymond 4258

New York 17. New York, 19 East 47th St., Eldorado 5-7700 Omaha 2, Nebraska, 603 Redick Tower, Jackson 0614 Peoria, Illinois, 807 Citizens Bldg., Peoria 4-9241 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, (Camden), Lombard 3-8200 Phoenix, Arizona, P.O. Box 2289, 3500 W. Van Buren, 2-1711 Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania, 3210 Grant Bldg., 1-3445 Portland, Oregon, 935 N. W. 12th Ave., Rm. 213, Atwater 9474 Richmond 19, Virginia, Fifth & Cary Sts., 7-2941 Rochester 4, New York, 512 Temple Bldg., Hamilton 625 Saginaw, Michigan, 702 Second National Bank Bldg., 5-2136 Salt Lake City 1, Utah, 22 South Main, 5-4236 St. Louis 8, Missouri, 4144 Lindell Blvd., Franklin 2000 San Diego 1, California, 428 Land Title Bldg., Main 8-1546 San Francisco 3, California, 1226 Folsom St., Klondike 2-3/08 Seattle 9, Washington, 1844 Westlake Ave. North, Alder 6:56 South Bend, Indiana, 306 S. Notre Dame Ave., 2-6673 Spokane 10, Washington, 309 Empire State Bldg.,

Riverside 4592
Syracuse 2, New York, 420 University Bldg., 2-6848
Tampa 2, Florida, 523 Stovall's Professional Bldg., 2-7788
Toledo 2, Ohio, 1220 Madison Ave., Room 219, Garfield 2186
Tulsa 14, Oklahoma, 214 Boulder Bldg., 5-1400
Washington 6, D. C., 503 Center Bldg., National 5336
Wichita 2, Kansas, 304 Wheeler-Kelly-Hagny Bldg., 4-5476
Youngstown 12, Ohio, 5621 Market Street, 2-1913



Associated Grocers' Co-op Office Building, Seattle, Washington. First presented to architects and engineers in Architectural Record. Architect: Robert Hugh Ross. Contractor: Morrison Knudsen Co. Photographer: Dearborn-Massar.

systematic circulation development among your active prospects with the aid of Dodge Reports is reflected in . . .

Dodge-documented market coverage:

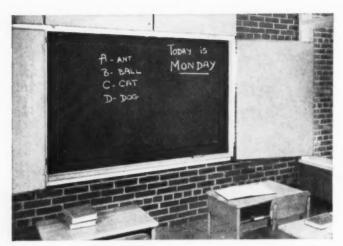
Actual check of Record subscribers against *Dodge Reports* tells you accurately your building market coverage when you advertise in the Record. Currently, 85% of the total dollar volume of all architect-designed building is *verifiably* in the hands of Record subscribers.

Building product manufacturers have attested to these sound values year after year by providing architects and engineers with more building product information in the Record than in any other architectural magazine. In 1952 the Record carried 54% more advertising pages than the second architectural magazine, 79% more than the third.

Thus, in the Record you benefit from multi-million-dollar building market research. And, at the same time, you reach architects in their preferred magazine at the lowest cost per page per thousand.



119 West 40th Street, New York 18, N. Y. LOngacre 3-0700.



A "Grade A" Armorply Chalkboard installation in the new Holmes School, Darien, Conn. Architects: Ketchum, Gina & Sharp. The fabric-covered cabinet doors are made of Weldwood® Plywood... another product of United States Plywood Corp.

Up front in its class...

ARMORPLY CHALKBOARD

When Ketchum, Gina & Sharp designed the new Holmes School in Darien, Conn., they "went modern" in every sense of the word . . . including the material for chalk-boards. They specified Armorply.

Armorply Chalkboard* is more than a fine writing surface, it's also a magnetic bulletin board . . . highly important in these days of visual-aid teaching methods. It serves you in two ways . . . at the same time . . . at the one cost!

What's more, Armorply Chalkboard has these other qualities.

Takes chalk beautifully. Finish is easy to write on . . . easy to clean off. Never chokes. Never needs resurfacing.

Gives maximum readability. Chlorophyll-green color, selected by color experts after exhaustive research, means high reflectivity and light intensity values. Easier on the eyes, too.

Makes notice posting easy. Eliminates broken nails, thumb-tacking, difficult removal. Small permanent magnets hold notices firmly to Armorply's porcelain-on-steel surface.

Never needs refinishing. Durable Armorply won't warp, buckle, explode, shatter or break. Never needs repair or replacement. Less trouble. Lower maintenance costs.

Guaranteed for life of building. If you're planning a new school building or the modernization of an old one, for lasting satisfaction . . . longer service . . . lower costs . . . select research-developed, classroom-tested Armorply Chalkboard. Get the full details. Write for additional information . . . today.



UNITED STATES PLYWOOD CORPORATION 55 West 44th Street, New York 36, N. Y.

World's Largest Plywood Organization

Porcelain enamel surface is a product of the Bettinger Corporation
 Armorphy Chalkboard is sold only by distributors.

Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 270)

iture," "Signs," and "Specification and Description of Color." 20 pp. American Color Trends, Research Div. of Faber, Birren & Co., 500 Fifth Ave., New York 36, N. Y.

Tile for Automobile Showrooms

Star of the Showroom. With a foreword by Victor Gruen, A.I.A., this brochure colorfully illustrates how Mosaic Tile can be effectively used in automobile showrooms. Including a floor plan of a sales showroom by the above architect, pointing out the numerous areas where tile has been used, the pamphlet also shows colored illustrations of various installations. 6 pp., illus. The Mosaic Tile Co., Tile Council of America, 10 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y.*





Store Fronts

Kawneer Architectural Metal Products, 1953 Store Fronts. Catalog illustrates the manufacturer's line of sash, jambs, sills, division bars, moldings and other products for store front installations. Equipment is illustrated in profile details and in photographs. Typical installations are shown and specifications are included. 19 pp., illus., Kawneer Co., Niles, Mich.*

(Continued on page 279)



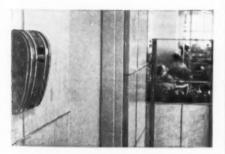
SAVES STEPS, TIME, EFFORT ...

Edwards Soft Speaking Nurses' Call System makes life easier for nurse and patient. Patient can make known her needs before nurse goes to bedside.



SPLIT-SECOND ACCURACY!

Every clock—one, ten or a hundred—tells precisely the same time, thanks to Edwards
Clock and Program Control.
No master clock is needed.



TRIM, MODERN, EFFICIENT:

Edwards Fire Alarms are chosen by leading architects to protect America's most important buildings.



protects .. everywhere!



Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 274)

Wood Symposium

One Hundred Years of Engineering With Wood. Booklet is a permanent record of the discussions held at the Centennial of Engineering Convocation, Sept. 3-13, 1952, in Chicago. Among the discussions included are the following: "Wood as an Engineering Material," "Basic Principles of Structural Grading." "Working Stresses for Structural Lumber," "Commercial Lumber Grades," "Laminated Timber Permits Flexibility of Design," "Structural Fabrication of Wood," and other subjects covering the use of wood in railroads, ship building, bridges, industry, furniture, etc. Booklet is generously supplied with descriptive photographs and charts, accompanying the 21 papers and six discussions. 112 pp., illus. Timber Engineering Co., Dept. WS-E, 1319-18th St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Fire Protection

Fireproofing with Perlite, 4th edition. Pamphlet gives the reader a graphic description of Perlite, discussing its origin and use. Typical constructions show versatility of this material, indicating application in photographs. Its advantages are listed along with construction diagrams and descriptions for structural steel columns, floors and ceilings, walls and partitions. Report number and authority is also given. 8 pp., illus. Perlite Institute, 10 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y. *

Roofing Material

Ludowici Roofing Tiles. Booklet presents descriptions and advantages of various patterns of roofing tiles, suggesting different patterns for certain types of architecture. The earthy tones of the tiles are reproduced quite well in this illustrated pamphlet, and the descriptions include shingle and interlocking tiles. Details for laying the tiles are shown by means of sketches. 8 pp., illus. Ludowici-Celadon Co., 75 E. Wacker Dr., Chicago 1, Ill.*

(Continued on page 282)



... than non-weatherstripped windows by actual test of weatherstrip manufactured by members of the Weatherstrip Research Institute. (University of Minnesota Institute of Technology Testing Laboratory.) Effectiveness is greater than 6 for average or poorly fitted windows.

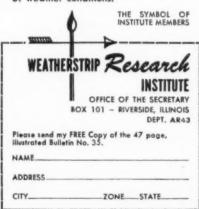
Reduction in Air Infiltration Through Windows Due to Weatherstripping (Unlocked—no storm sash)

Type of Fir	Par Infiltration* cfh/ft. of Crack			
	Weather- stripped	Non- Weather- stripped	Weatherstrip Effectiveness†	
Well	14.2	61	4.30	
Average	16.7	104	6.24	
Poorly	23.8	163	6.85	

*At a pressure of 0.20 inch of water (20.4 mph wind velocity).

†Ratio of non-weatherstripped to weatherstripped par-infiltration.

The above facts, plus the complete story on weatherstripping is presented in Bulletin No. 35—"Air Infiltration Through Weatherstripped and Non-Weatherstripped Windows," published by the University of Minnesota, Institute of Technology. The facts showing the economic value of weatherstrip are based on over-all research of climatic conditions in 12 selected cities in the U.S. covering a full range of weather conditions.



CALL THE REPRESENTATIVE NEAREST YOU

HERE ARE THE OUTSTANDING TYPES, SIZES, STYLES BEING SPECIFIED TODAY . . .



DURAFLEX DELUXE WORMFEED Includes ash dump grates, unit or divided drive. For loads up to 275 H. P.

> THE DURAFLEX

STANDARD

WORMFEED



THE VULCAN RAMFEED

For use where steam demands vary rapidly and service conditions are severe. For loads up to 800 H. P.

For special or ver

or

furnaces

boiler

LO-SET

RAMFEED SINGLE

ASH DUMP



THE LO-SET RAMFEED

Requires less headroom, saves space and often costly pitting. For loads up to 350 H. P.



CANTON KILN STOKER

For ceramic kiln firing.



CANTON DURAFLEX BINFEEDS **Deluxe or Standard Models**

duty tuyeres and sectional loads up to 275 H. P.

DOLOGO



Includes solid ash plates, hea es and sectional feedworm. F

Available with or without ash dumping grates; unit or divided drives; front, real or side boiler entry; ash sprays and furnace fronts. For loads up to 275 H. P.



CANTON "FLO-TUBE" HEAVY DUTY CONVEYORS



Screw type conveyors deliver coal from bin or pile automatically . . free men for more exacting duties. "Off-on" switches will maintain desired levels in hoppers. Capacities to 10,000 lbs. per hour. Also widely used for conveying other materials such as steel chips, grain, pellets, wood waste, sand, etc.

COAL ENTERS EXPOSED END



CANTON "TURBO-AIRE" SYSTEMS FOR SMOKE CONTROL

Effects complete combustion. Simply "burns the smoke where the smoke begins." For boilers to 1000 H. P.



CANTON "SYNCHRO" COMBUSTION CONTROLS CANTON "SYNCHRO" COMBUSTION CONTROLS Automatically adjusts fuel feed, air supply, boiler draft and combustion rates in proportion to steam demand or water and weather temperatures, Applicable to other forms of proportioning control.



CORPORATION CANTON OKER

2300 ANDREW PLACE S. W.

CANTON, OHIO

PHONE 3-9133

COLORADO DENVER Pearl 0172

GEORGIA ATLANTA Cypress 7331

ILLINOIS CHICAGO Longbeach 12651

INDIANA Anthony 2410 INDIANAPOLIS

Broadway 8086 CEDAR RAPIDS 33528 DAVENPORT 27151 DES MOINES 43231 SPENCER

SPENCER 1786 KENTUCKY LOUISVILLE Magnolia 1245

MARYLAND BALTIMORE Belmont 4740

MASSACHUSETTS BOSTON Liberty 21853

MICHIGAN DETROIT Trinity 50841

MISSOURI KANSAS CITY Victor 3505 ST. LOUIS Newstead 1039

NEW YORK BUFFALO 1546 NEW YORK Cortlandt 73198 SYRACUSE 59915

NORTH CAROLINA RALEIGH L. D. 9-44

OHIO CANTON 3-9133 CINCINNATI Main 3661 CLEVELAND Cherry 10036 COLUMBUS Main 4586 TOLEDO Lawndale 3226

PENNSYLVANIA ERIE 0-2178 PHILADELPHIA Kingsley 61774 PITTSBURGH Linden 10626 SCRANTON 44933

SOUTH CAROLINA

TENNESSEE 48169 MEMPHIS 82241 NASHVILLE 47551

SALT LAKE CITY

WASHINGTON SEATTLE SPOKANI

WISCONSIN MILWAUKEE Marquett 85528

WEST VIRGINIA CHARLEST 25321



To this old factory . . .

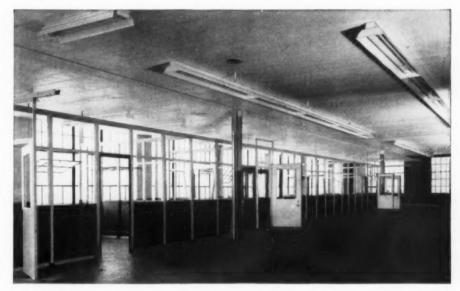


2651

98

LINA

they simply did this . . .



to get this . . .

Fenestra acoustical-structural panel ceiling changes old factory into modern office...OVERNIGHT!

Out of a sow's ear . . . !

A big Michigan concern needed office space in a hurry and the only available building was an old one-story factory.

Steel beams (the bottom chords of the roof trusses) ran clear across the building . . . every 20 feet.

So they simply laid 20-foot Fenestra* Acoustical-Structural Steel Panels side by side, from one beam to the next. Quickly, inexpensively, the long, strong panels interlocked into a flat, handsome acoustical ceiling . . . and acted as a load-carrying storage floor for ducts, air conditioning, electrical services and such.

While they were doing all this, the company employees went right on working below. Using the first few panels laid as a storage and working platform the installation crew stayed up above. And, of course, there was neither dirt nor dust to shower down below.

They can clean their Fenestra acoustical ceiling with soap and water, or paint it without hurting its acoustical efficiency. And, of course this acoustical ceiling is noncombustible.

Cost?

Less than \$1.25 per square foot . . . installed!

If you would like to know more, write to the Detroit Steel Products Company, Department AR-4, 2252 East Grand Boulevard, Detroit 11, Michigan. Also ask about the other money-savers you see illustrated below.

Fenestra METAL BUILDING PANELS

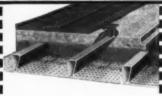
... engineered to cut the waste out of building



Acoustical "D" Panels for roofs, floors, ceilings. Width 16". Depth 1½" to 7½".



"C" Insulated Wall Panels.
Width 16". Depth is 3".
Steel or aluminum.



Acoustical Holorib for acoustical-structural roof. Width 18". Depth 1½".



Acoustical "AD" Panels for ceiling-silencer-roof. Width 16". Depth up to 71/2".



Marlite's ideal for remodeling any room in any building

Here are only a few of the many different types of interiors which can be remodeled faster, more economically with beautiful Marlite plastic-finished wall and ceiling panels. In the home, business, factory, and institution, Marlite is easily installed over old or new walls. The soil-proof finish slashes dollars off maintenance costs . . . eliminates painting.

New Wood and Marble patterns, plus a complete range of striking colors, provide a versatile selection for any interior in new construction or remodeling. See genuine Marlite at your lumber and building materials dealer, or write for full-color architect and builder catalog. Marsh Wall Products, Inc., Dept. 405 Dover, Ohio. Subsidiary of Masonite Corporation.

THE MARLITE NAME ON THE BACK OF EVERY PANEL IS YOUR GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION.



Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 279)

Vertical Transportation

Vertical Transportation by Otis. This brochure answers some questions often encountered concerning heavy passenger traffic, light passenger traffic, massed and circulating passenger traffic, dumbwaiter traffic, various types of freight traffic,



etc. Information on electronic signal control, elevators and escalators is included, complete with recommended sizes and capacities. The booklet is supplied with photographs, plans, graphs and detailed drawings. 24 pp., illus. Otis Elevator Co., 260 Eleventh Ave., New York 1, N. Y.*

Cooling Towers

Halstead of Milchell Cooling Towers. Brochure describes and illustrates the manufacturer's cooling towers from 5-to 50-ton capacities. Constructional features are shown in a cutaway drawing. Details, photographs, standard specifications and performance charts are included, together with general suggestions for design and installation. 8 pp., illus. Halstead & Mitchell Co., Bessemer Bldg., Pittsburgh 22, Pa.

Sliding Wood Doors

Woodall Glide-All Sliding Doors. Brochure includes information on the two available styles of sliding panel doors. Sketches show various details of sections, and installation information is given by illustration. Construction details, dimensions for standard panels and openings, and standard specifications are also included. 4 pp., illus. Woodall Industries, Inc., 3500 Oakton St., Skokie, Ill.*

(Continued on page .286)





A little well-deserved gloating!

In his new office, the owner is thanking his architect for saving him over \$5,000 on the 100 doors that went into his building.

Compared to the cost of some other hollow metal doors, Fenestra* Hollow Metal Door-Frame-Hardware Units can save you from \$50 to \$100 per door.

And here are some of the things behind that saving:

Fenestra Hollow Metal Flush Doors cost less to buy because they are mass produced on special jigs that cut out a lot of expensive time and labor. This system was born of Fenestra's years of metal fabricating experience.

You save on installation cost because these handsome doors come complete with strong, prefitted, prime-painted, steel frames and shining hardware. Again, time and labor are saved. There's no cutting or fitting-the door is in and in use a lot more quickly.

You save on maintenance costs because Fenestra Hollow Metal Doors can't warp, swell, stick or splinter. They always open easily . . . smoothly. And they close quietly, because inside the panels is double insulation.

For strong, solid quality at unusually low cost, check on Fenestra Doors-there's a door for every purpose in the Fenestra line: Entrance Doors, Flush or Regular Interior Doors with glass or metal panels, Doors with the Underwriters' B Label. For pictures and details, write the Detroit Steel Products Company, Dept. AR-4, 2252 East Grand Blvd., Detroit 11, Michigan.

Fenestra | Hollow METAL DOOR-FRAME-HARDWARE UNITS

... save building time, labor, materials and money



REVOLVING DOORS CUT REDECORATING COSTS!

 Revolving doors—"always open, always closed" keep out the dirt, the soot, the grime that cause frequent cleaning, painting and redecorating costs.

But cleaner interiors achieved at less cost are only one of the advantages of revolving doors. Unhealthful, uncomfortable drafts stop at the entrance. Heating and cooling costs, too, are slashed. Traffic flow is expedited. And high-revenue floor space becomes usable right up to the door, to minimize walkouts.

Not only in restaurants, but in many other kinds of establishments, it is significant that more than half of all revolving door installations are replacements for swing doors. You can save money for your clients by including revolving doors in your original specifications. See our catalog in Sweet's for complete data.

MR. ARCHITECT - Take this
ENTRANCE CAME
specify for your clients
YES NO Is the entrance draft-free, avoiding discomfort for customers and employees?
Does the entrance pieces wasteful heat loss, wasteful heat loss,
With air conditioning, does the entrance keep out heat, to minimize operating costs?
Does the entrance assure orderly flow and prevent traffic jams during rush hours?
Is the floor space completely usable, right up to the entrance?
Does the entrance keep out dust and dirt, to reduce out dust and dirt, to reduce frequency of reducorating and cleaning, and merchandise spoilage in sales areas? If your answer is NO to any of these you owe it to yourself to inspect of a result of the second of the s
If your answer is NO to any of these questions, you owe it to yourself to investigate the profit possibilities of a revolving door entrance.

LONGEST SERVICE NOLVIA LEAST SERVICING

1961 EDGAR STREET 00085 EVANSVILLE 7, IND.

IN CANADA,

International - Van Kannel Doors are available through Eastern Steel Products, Ltd., Toronto and Montreal.

Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 282)

Design Competition

Ponderosa Pine Panel Door Design Competition. Brochure gives complete information on an architectural competition for the design of a Ponderosa Pine interior panel door. The contents of the program include: purpose, what the designer should do, what the competitor shall do, and what the sponsor will do. In the design category, data is included on use, size, production methods, construction and optional. Eligibility, presentation and time and delivery of design are discussed. Information on examination of entry, a list of jury members, awards and other selections are given in the final category of the brochure. In attractive color, the booklet contains 14 pp., illus. Available from Ponderosa Pine Woodwork, 38 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 3, Ill.

Stucco Finishes for Buildings

Stucco Finishes Made with Pliolite S-5. The use of a thermoplastic rubber resin in stucco paints is described in this useful booklet, with photographs of actual installation on residential, commercial and industrial buildings. Formulation of the material is discussed, with recommended methods of pastel finishes as well as white. Information is also included on ball or pebble milling, roller mill grinding, application and performance of "Pliolite S-5" stucco finishes. 18 pp., illus. Chemical Div., Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron 16, Ohio.*

Decorative Shutters

Plantation Shutters by Devereux. Attractively illustrated brochure shows with photographs the many ways these shutters may be used: as room separators, in window treatment, for cupboard or closet enclosures, etc. Illustrations show installation in all types of interiors, including many rooms of the home as well as in the office. Suitable for contemporary as well as traditional, illustrations point out the use of shutters in both types of decor. Specifications are included. 16 pp., illus. Devereux Products Co., 1725 Berkeley St., Santa Monica, Calif.

(Continued on page 290)

QUALITIES ... MEETS ALL SERVICE REQUIREMENTS ...
LOW FIRST COST, MINIMUM MAINTENANCE.



I F you have been wishing you could find one brand of pipe that would meet all service requirements, it's high time you got better acquainted with National Steel Pipe. So many architects, engineers and contractors have found the National line the solution to so many piping problems—during more than half a century—that they have made National the largest selling pipe in the world.

That preference was earned by the uniform high quality and complete dependability that is built into U·S·S National Steel Pipe. From raw material to finished pipe, every step in its production is controlled by one responsible organization. Improved

steel-making facilities, special manufacturing processes and the lifetime experience of many skilled craftsmen, combine to produce pipe whose metallic structure, strength, sound joints, superior welding, bending and threading properties, assure low cost installation and long trouble-free performance.

That is why shrewd pipe buyers—generation after generation—continue to specify National, whenever they need pipe. They know that it fits every purpose at a cost that fits every purse.

So, whenever you need pipe for any type of building, make your pipe dreams come true. Get U·S·S National Steel Pipe.

NATIONAL TUBE DIVISION, UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION, PITTSBURGH, PA.

COLUMBIA-GENEVA STEEL DIVISION, SAN FRANCISCO, PACIFIC COAST DISTRIBUTORS

UNITED STATES STEEL EXPORT COMPANY, NEW YORK



U-S-S NATIONAL Steel PIPE

UNITED STATES STEEL

n



New Jersey highway bridge of wood costs the county 2/3 less . . .

• The 300-foot bridge over Deal Lake in Monmouth County, New Jersey was built in 1941 of treated wood for two reasons: (1) the treated timber structure costs less than a third of what a similar concrete bridge would cost, and (2) the treated lumber resists rot, rust, corrosion and termites. This bridge has now given 11 years of maintenance-free service.

Composite deck construction was chosen for durability and economy. Wolmanized* lumber is a natural in composite construction where direct contact is made between the nail laminated wooden deck and the bituminous concrete roadway surface.

Wolmanized lumber is clean, odorless, paintable, non-leaching. Hundreds of millions of feet of it have been used and have given decades of satisfactory service. The ability of Wolman preservative salts to prevent decay or insect attack makes any lumber last longer in the presence of moisture and termites. There are Wolman preservative treatment plants in all parts of the country. Our representatives will be glad to discuss specific applications. For further information, write:

American Lumber & Treating Company

General Offices: 1601 McCormick Bldg. • Chicago 4, Illinois
Offices: Little Rock, Ark. • Portland, Ore. • Boston • Los Angeles
San Francisco • Baltimore • New York • Jacksonville, Fla.







Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 286)

Gymnasium Seating

Wayne Rolling Gymstands. Brochure gives detailed information, in text and illustrative matter, on rolling gymstands for gymnasium seating. The four available types of units are described, and accompanying photographs and sketches are shown with dimensions. Maintenance,



appearance, price, features and advantages are pointed out, and floor plans are given to show the most economical use of the gymstands. Also included in the brochure is a table of dimensions for the movable rolling gymstand, and specifications complete the booklet. 16 pp., illus. Wayne Iron Works, Wayne, Pa.*

LITERATURE REQUESTED

The following individuals and firms request manufacturers' literature:

Raymond E. Clouse, Architect, Gaston Place, East Liverpool, Ohio.

Dirrecion de Urbanismo y Arquitectura, Departamento de Arquitectura, San Salvador, El Salvador, S. A.

Eichwald Associates, Consulting Engineers, 237 E. 39th St., New York 16, N. Y.

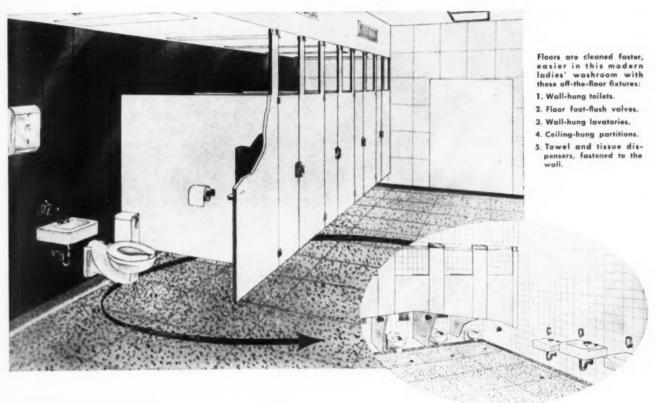
Edward J. Parnum, Architect, 1225 Race St., Philadelphia 7, Pa.

Louis G. Redstone, Architect, 10811 Puritan, Detroit, Mich.

Earl J. Simovitch, 371 Scotia St., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Sorensen & Ellsworth, Mark Ellsworth, Architect, P. O. Box 95, Niles, Calif.

Robert H. Werner, Designer & Contractor, 5650 N. 70th St., Milwaukee, Wis.



Why off-the-floor fixtures

are a "Must" for modern washrooms

"Keep the fixtures off the floor!"-A sound recommendation from the plant washroom designer who wants his client to have the best in employee health, morale and efficiency...a minimum of absenteeism and wasted manhours. For example-wall-hung lavatories and toilets with ceiling-hung partitions aid a faster, easier cleaning operation. They reduce illness and absenteeism, too, by doing away with filth-catching corners and crevices, permitting better ventilation.

Labor and administration costs generally eat up 85-95% of a typical operation's sanitation budget. Stretch this figure our over the life of a building-50 years or more-and you'll realize the full importance of passing every possible washroom labor saving on to your client in his new building.

Advice on off-the-floor fixtures is only one of many services offered by your Washroom Advisory Service man. Call him in. Get all the details-based on actual experience. He

has the know-how gathered by a group of Scott-trained consultants who have serviced over 500,000 washrooms.

Contact Washroom Advisory Service, Scott Paper Company, Chester, Pennsylvania.

> Send for FREE Leaflet... "Plant Washroom Designing"





SCOTT

Symbol of Modern Washrooms

Trade Mark "Washroom Advisory Service" Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

Washroom Advisory Service, Dept. AR-4 Scott Paper Company Chester, Pennsylvania

At no cost or obligation, please send me your study of personnel, traffic and maintenance problems, "Plant Washroom Designing.

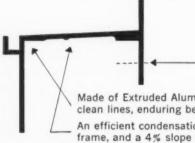
Zone State

APRIL 1953



It's all in the frame . . .

When you specify **Wascolite Skydomes** you can be sure your buildings will have an overhead daylighting system with high-quality illumination and no maintenance problems. Years of experience in the waterproofing field have helped us develop a pre-fabricated acrylic unit that is completely trouble-free — and it's all in the frame!



Made of Extruded Aluminum with welded joints for clean lines, enduring beauty and great strength.

An efficient condensation gutter built right into the frame, and a 4% slope to assist drainage.

For fool-proof installation the frame is secured to the <u>inside</u> of the well so that the curb flashing is never punctured.

Engineered so that the acrylic dome floats in the frame — edge protected and free to expand and contract.







Wascolite Skydomes come in three basic shapes—17 stock sizes—with clear or white translucent acrylic domes. For the complete story see Sweet's 19a or write for our new A. I. A. folder.

Wasco Flashing Company, 82 Fawcett Street, Cambridge, Mass.

THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 38)

The Federal Civil Defense Administration was assisted by the American Institute of Architects in selecting the frame dwellings — and the shelters — for the experiments last month. Among the 300 observers at the Nevada proving grounds was an evaluation team of FCDA engineers and a member of the A.I.A. The men examined the two houses after the test to determine extent of damage and to judge whether occupants could have survived with the protection afforded.

Standard Designs Selected

The nuclear bomb used released energies equivalent to approximately 15,000 tons of TNT, FCDA said with the sanction of AEC. This was somewhat less than the 20,000-ton release of a nominal bomb similar to those discharged at Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

Selected from several standard American house designs, the two houses were placed at different distances from ground zero, point of bomb discharge.



The nearer one was placed about a half mile from the ground spot nearest detonation and the second about a mile and a half from the ground zero point.

FCDA had anticipated that the closer of the two would collapse — the idea was to test the effects on the basement shelter area. Heavy debris, including furniture, was thrown on the shelter. (Both houses were furnished with surplus government furniture.)

Each of the experimental units was provided with a basement of cinder block with concrete floor. They were built alike except for roof covering and were covered with clapboard siding.

(Continued on page 298)

FOR Better Buildings **FASTER**

Here's the new "Bible" for industrial builders. Here's where you can learn how to cut building time and costs with Ruberoid Corrugated Asbestos Sheets. Here's where you can find 32 pages of specifications, assembly instructions, application photographs and detail sketches . . . everything an applicator needs to

roofing or sidewalls.

Ruberoid Corrugated Asbestos is strong and durable . . . fireproof, weather-proof and corrosion-resistant. Pre-cut lengths from 6" to 12' speed construction. Its light weight permits the use of lighter weight supporting members and foundations. It's maintenancefree . . . never needs painting. Made by the famous Eternit process originated by Ruberoid in this country 25 years ago, Corrugated Asbestos is the ideal material for all types of industrial buildings.

Let Ruberoid's Corrugated Asbestos Catalog be your guide to better buildings, too. Write today for your free copy.



Mail coupon today

TITLE....

The RUBEROID Co.

ASPHALT AND ASBESTOS **BUILDING MATERIALS**

THE RUBEROID CO.

500 Fifth Avenue, New York 36, N. Y.

Please send me 32-page illustrated booklet on Ruberoid Corrugated Asbestos construction for roofings and sidewalls.

COMPANY

ADDRESS.....



... THEN WE INSTALLED ALGRIP Thus Doubling Production Efficiency And Lowering Big Insurance Costs



In a large Eastern rolling mill, a ramp from the production floor to a storage area above was so slippery from oil and grease drippings that a fork-lift truck could not climb the incline by itself. An unloaded fork-lift truck hed to push the loaded one. Already a safety hazard, the slippery ramp also caused production inefficiency.

INCREASED:
Production efficiency
by more than 50%

LOWERED:
Accident insurance
premiums to save
thousands of dollars.

When A.W. ALGRIP Abrasive Rolled Steel Floor Plate was installed on the ramp, skidding stopped, accidents were eliminated, and one truck did the job better than two did before. Greater production efficiency and lowered insurance rates paid for the ALGRIP installation. Safe for vehicles as well as men, ALGRIP gives even steep inclines a hard-gripping, anti-skid surface.

In ALGRIP, tough abrasive particles (the same as used in grinding wheels) put hundreds of tiny safety brakes in every footstep—making it virtually impossible to slip. ALGRIP never wears smooth—heavy use only exposes new abrasive particles. The tough rolled steel in ALGRIP makes this floor plate stronger than other abrasive floorings. For safety that pays for itself, get the complete ALGRIP story by writing today for our new Booklet AL-21—without obligation.

At your request, an Alan Wood Steel Company safety engineer will call on you to show you how ALGRIP can be profitably used in your plant to lower insurance rates, raise production, and eliminate accidents.

Over 125 Years of Iron and Steel Making Experience

ALGRIPA brasive Rolled Steel Floor Plate
ALAN WOOD STEEL COMPANY
CONSHOHOCKEN, PA.

CONSHOHOCKEN, PA.

Other Products: A. W. SUPER-DIAMOND Floor Plate • Plates • Sheet • Strip
(Allow and Secretal Grades)



THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 294)

Walls and ceilings were plastered, but no finish coat was applied. Utilities were omitted to keep the cost down.



HE

LUC

CH

artly

Write

Two more basement shelter types tested by FCDA in the Las Vegas explosion. Above: the cheaper basement-exit type of cinder blocks, concrete slab roof cost \$200; below: in reinforced concrete version—cost \$2000



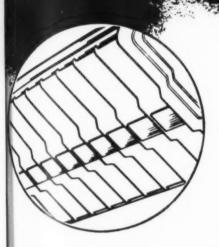
BRAB SEEKS TO ORGANIZE HOSPITAL RESEARCH UNIT

Under study in Washington was a new scheme sponsored by the Building Research Advisory Board calling for establishment of a central research organization for hospital planning.

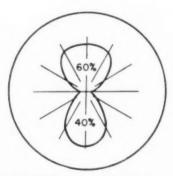
(Continued on page 302)

Years Ahead IN DESIGN Wheeler FLO-LINER

HE NEWEST ADVANCE IN
LUCRESCENT LIGHTING FIXTURES FOR
CHOOLS, OFFICES, STORES AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS



the new Wheeler FLO-LINER combines high efficiency and smart styling with unique maintenance ease and economy. When detached, louver assembly is automatically suspended below channel by supporting chains — allows quick, easy access to operating equipment. Amazingly flexible — 2 lamp and 4 lamp units available for both single pin and bi-pin lamps!



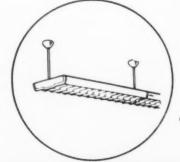
85% EFFICIENCY — translucent plastic side panels and center panel give low brightness for more comfortable seeing and high efficiency. For further seeing comfort, 51% of the light is directed above the horizontal and 34% below.

5° CROSSWISE SHIELDING — provided by e unique use of a plastic center panel which wes comfortable shielding to this shallow, artly styled unit.

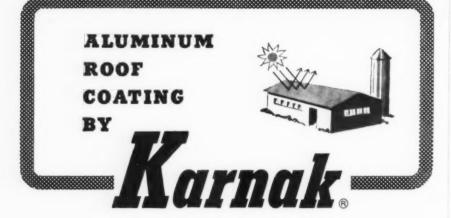
Write for special FLO-LINER bulletin



Distributed Exclusively Through Electrical Wholesalers
WHEELER REFLECTOR COMPANY
275 Congress Street
REPRESENTATIVES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES



EASILY JOINED — in continuous rows by simply joining ends together with two screws which are supplied. Units may be suspended from pendant stems or attached directly to ceiling.



Aluminum Roof Coating has so many advantages it is coming more and more into demand for a one coat weathertight roof coating.

The reason for its success is the excellent result obtained from the clever combination of flat aluminum flakes mixed with highly refined asphalt and selected solvents. This liquid can be sprayed or brushed on - can be used as in the drum - needs only be stirred.

The asphalt base penetrates, grips and weatherproofs – as only asphalt can do. The aluminum flakes flow flat to the surface forming a highly reflective aluminum shield. This brilliant metallic surface reflects Sun's light, heat and ultraviolet rays. The area under the roof is markedly cooler. The asphalt is protected from destructive

ultraviolet rays, extending the life of the roof considerably. In winter, heat loss from the building is lowered.

The remarkable qualities of this Aluminum surface are recommending it to many uses in addition to roofs . . . to protect iron and steel surfaces ... extend the life of brick and masonry . . . reduce evaporation losses in storage tanks, tank cars...reduce the load on refrigerated buildings, tank cars, trucks.

Superior Karnak Aluminum Coating is the result of many years' research by special-ized personnel using the latest standards for asphalt technology in modern equipped laboratories. Send coupon for complete information. Manufactured by Lewis Asphalt Engineering Corp., 30 Church St., New York 7, New York.



Bottom test shows thorough penetration of the asphalt while aluminum flakes remain on surface. Top test shows brilliant aluminum coverage on black asphalt roofing felt.

- THE 2-MINUTE TEST

proves how the asphalt penetrates and the aluminum flakes lie flat on the surface. Send for the FREE test kit and try it yourself.

WARRANTY

The high quality of Karnak Asphalt-Aluminum Coating is certifled by a Warranty Seal attached to every container, which states "Not less than two pounds aluminum metal pigment per gallon."



OTHER KARNAK PRODUCTS

Asphalt Roof Coatings and Cements Caulking Compounds

Asphalt Emulsions Aluminum Roof Coating Tile Cement Wood Block Mastic **Asphalt Paint** Joint Filler

LEWIS ASPHALT ENGINEERING CORP.

30 Church St., New York 7, N. Y.

Please send me FREE Information about:

- Asphalt Aluminum Roof Coating
- 2-Minute Test Kit
- ☐ Membrane System of Waterproofing

Other Items_

NAME_

ADDRESS

CITY

THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 298)

This was an outgrowth of the study of conservation in building construction being carried on for the Defense Production Administration (now in the Office of Defense Mobilization) by BRAB. This study is in its second year.

Plans for such a central organization began to firm up at a January meeting of hospital officials, architects and government representatives. Joint sponsors of this get-together were the American Hospital Association, the American Institute of Architects and BRAB. As outlined by the Board, the main function of each body would be to conduct actual research on hospital planning and to stimulate research activity among allied agencies. The new group could also distribute up-to-date technical information on hospital design and planning.

BRAB contends that at present this material is scattered among many sources, is not readily available to architects, administrators, and consultants in the hospital building field.

Needed: Funds

Like any other such effort, formation of this organization would require funds. BRAB plans to present the program to various foundations with a view to raising the necessary money for establishing such a coordinating organiza-

Represented at the January conference were the American Hospital Association, the U.S. Public Health Service, the American Association of Hospital Consultants, the A.I.A., General Services Administration, the American Psychiatric Association, the Bureau of the Budget, Armed Forces Medical Policy Council, Defense Production Administration, and hospital administrators and architects prominent in the hospital construction field.

Said BRAB by way of further ex-

"It was felt that this information and research center could be under the general oversight of the American Hospital Association, with policy and program responsibilities guided by an advisory board made up of representatives of A.H.A., A.I.A. and A.A.H.C. It was (Continued on page 306)

These bo

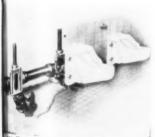
mation fo

M. Reg.

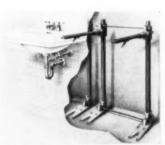
This combination GIVES GREATER FLEXIBILITY FOR PLANNING REST ROOMS ... insures against untimely obsolescence



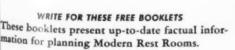
A battery of American-Standard Wall-Type Toilets installed with Zurn Systems which relieve the wall of all the load! There is a Zurn Adjustable Carrier System for every wall-type plumbing fixture—lavatory, toilet, urinal, sink and fountain.



Wall-type model of the famous Sanistand Urinal -a urinal especially designed for women by American-Jundard. It is installed with a Zurn system especially designed for this state which lifts sanitation in public 181 rooms to an all-time high and aduces maintenance cost.



Showing use of Zurn System No. Z-1231 for installing American-Standard Lucerne Wall-Type Lavatory Fixture. Zurn Systems for wall-type fixtures reduce wall thickness and are usable with all types of wall construction.









を ここここここと

CHILDING IN THOMPSEN

AMERICAN-Standard off-the-floor plumbing fixtures

INSTALLED WITH



Greater flexibility in the choice of floor constructions and wall constructions and height of ceiling—flexibility that can result in a gain of more usable floor space. When you use American-Standard Off-The-Floor Plumbing Fixtures installed with Zurn Systems, virtually all elements of design and construction are unfettered, and you will find unrestricted opportunity to exercise your imagination, skill and ingenuity in planning modern rest rooms that will win both owner and user approval. This combination opens the way to major savings in the over-all cost of a building and usually reduces the day-to-day, dollar cost of rest room maintenance as much as 25 to 30%.

J. A. ZURN MFG. CO. • PLUMBING DIVISION, ERIE, PA.
AMERICAN RADIATOR & STANDARD SANITARY CORPORATION, PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. A. ZURN MFG. CO., PLUMBING DIVISION, ERIE, PA. U.S.A.

Please send me the two booklets on Modern Rest Rooms, "You Can Build It and Maintain It for Less A New WAY," and "The American-Standard Better Rest Room Guide."

Name and Title

Company

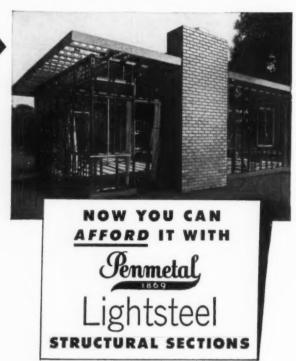
Street ..

City and State

Please attach coupon to your business letterhead.

T M. Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Construction by Lathing Contractor Edward Queihle, Fontana, Calif.



DOUBLE STUD 31/4", 3%" and 4" 16 and 14 gauge



JOIST 6" and 8" 16 and 14 gauge



DOUBLE JOIST 6" and 8" 16 and 14 gaug

306

PENMETAL has devised a system of Lightsteel Structural Sections that brings the superior qualities of steel to light construction—at an economical figure. Here are the facts:

Penmetal Lightsteel Sections are cold-rolled from structural grade steel on high speed machines. So, cost is low. Lightsteel Sections come in a full range of widths, convenient precut lengths, particularly suited to the requirements of modern design

... framing is easy; requires no cranes, no extra equipment, no special skills ... open webbing in studs and joists makes for rapid installation of pipe and conduit

... high strength to weight ratio means quicker erection, takes fewer manhours

...combinations of standard Lightsteel studs and joists with Lightsteel track and bridging make for quick and easy framing of all openings, including doors and windows.



Lightsteel SECTIONS

provide structural stability...complete protection against warping, shrinkage, rot, termites. Fire safe—with suitable collateral materials, they cut insurance costs with ratings up to a full 4 hours. New Catalog tells the whole story, gives all facts, specifications, building data. Write for your free copy; ask for Catalog SS-20.

PENN METAL COMPANY, INC. 205 EAST 42nd STREET • NEW YORK 17, NEW YORK

THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 302)

hoped by those participating in the conference that the formation of this center will result in economies and improvements to provide more and better hospitals."

N.A.H.B. STARTS ATTACK ON PROBLEMS OF CITIES

The National Association of Home Builders continued to expand its operation with the addition of a new Department of Urban Redevelopment. Some observers saw in this another effort on the part of the private builders to prove their contention that they can provide the necessary housing for slum dwellers removed through clearance activity without direct construction on the part of the federal government.

At any rate, N.A.H.B. selected a national authority on the subject to head the new enterprise — G. Yates Cook.

Mr. Cook is widely known as the promoter of the famous "Baltimore Plan," the system whereby vast areas of the Maryland city have been cleaned up over the last decade.

In his new position with N.A.H.B., Mr. Cook, who is 43, will tour the country helping local builders and local officials with their slum clearance problems. The new approach stems from action taken at the organization's Chicago meeting last fall, when members mapped a public service crusade to provide "A New Face for America."

The Major Objectives

Objectives can be defined in three categories:

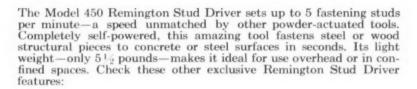
First, slum housing will be restored at the expense of the slum property owner. This is to be accomplished through strict compliance with present building regulations governing health, sanitation and safety in housing. New regulations will be drawn up in those cities not now having adequate building codes, it was explained. This is the method used to whip the blight problem in Baltimore.

Second, the "trade-in" plan will be given momentum. With the passing of acute postwar housing shortage, this idea has been given more and more attention. Older houses that remain struc(Continued on page 310)

MARINIAL AND THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

MODEL 450 REMINGTON STUD DRIVER

-the <u>ONLY</u> powder-actuated fastening tool with ALL these advantages—



NO ACCESSORIES REQUIRED. No separate parts needed to control power, none required for loading—nothing to lose or break. Just a twist of the wrist opens the Model 450. Insert stud and power cartridge as a unit...close and you're ready! Whole job takes seconds.

DOUBLE-SAFE—REQUIRES BOTH HANDS FOR OPERATION. A separate safety lever must be depressed and held that way with one hand before and during squeezing of the trigger with the other hand. Safe, two-handed operation holds the tool steady. Two additional safety devices prevent operation except in proper fastening position.

MAXIMUM POWER RANGE. You get a wide choice of power in Remington cartridges. They're available in six different loads, each clearly marked by colored plastic heel caps. The 32 caliber cartridge gives you extra power in this medium-duty tool...helps you speed all types of fastening jobs.

ARROW-STRAIGHT DRIVING—BETTER GAS SEAL. New, long plastic heel cap on all Remington cartridges provides perfect gas seal... gives the Model 450 more power. Assures controlled, consistently straight driving.

FAST, POSITIVE EJECTION. Exclusive ejector snaps fired case out of tool instantly—no fumbling, no tools needed.

Test-proved to be the world's finest and speediest fastening system, the Model 450 Remington Stud Driver is made by the Remington Arms Company, Inc., America's oldest and foremost sporting arms manufacturer.

NEW, FREE BOOKLET shows you a hundred different ways the Model 450 Remington Stud Driver can speed your construction fastening. Packed with illustrations, it tells you where and how this tool can save time, reduce fatigue and cut costs. Send in the coupon below for your copy.



Listed & Approved by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.
"If It's Remington—It's Right!"







 MAIL THIS 	COUPON	TODAY -
-------------------------------	--------	---------

Industrial Sales Division, Dept. AR-4 Remington Arms Company, Inc. 939 Barnum Ave., Bridgeport 2, Connecticut

Please send me my free copy of the new booklet showing how I can cut my fastening costs.

Name
Position
Firm
Address

City____State_

m

of

turally sound will be taken in by builders on new properties. These "trade-ins" will be remodeled and modernized. The home builders' organization has called upon Federal Housing Administration to offer mortgage insurance for these second-hand houses just as it does on new units.

Third, the plan involves large-scale redevelopment where city areas have

deteriorated to the point where they cannot be maintained in their present condition satisfactorily. This part of the projected effort entails securing the help of local authorities in condemning blighted areas and asking them to assume part of the cost of clearing the land for private redevelopment.

On Mr. Cook's shoulders fall the tasks of enlisting aid for the campaign wherever it can be found — among federal, state and local officials and with the general public as well.

Mr. Cook took over the Baltimore job in 1941. In 1945 he started the first block-by-block law enforcement program which has restored more than 16,000 slum units. Many other cities already have adopted "the Baltimore Plan."

PER-PUPIL COST UP \$27 IN '52, SURVEY REVEALS

Studies by the U. S. Office of Education, carried on in connection with administration of Section 202 of Public Law 815 (federal aid to the states for school construction) have disclosed that the average per-pupil cost of building schools was \$1193 in fiscal 1951 and \$1220 in fiscal 1952.

This increase of \$27 from the one fiscal period to the next took into account school building costs in Alaska, Hawaii and Puerto Rico in addition to the 48 states.

For fiscal 1951 the lowest rate was \$940 in Florida, and the highest was \$1810 in New York. For fiscal 1952 the lowest rate was \$1000 in New Mexico and Louisiana and the highest was \$1790 in New York.

The Office of Education reported no rate less than \$1000, but found 46 states in which the rate was less than \$1500 during fiscal 1952. In only two instances did the rate exceed \$1500 — in New York and in Alaska, where it was reported as \$1800 compared with \$1380 in fiscal 1951.

In 31 states there was an increase over fiscal 1951 and in nine the cost dropped during the period. Eight states showed no change.

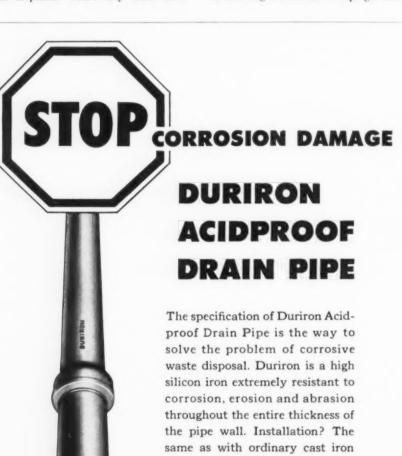
The figure ultimately decided upon as representing the average cost per pupil of constructing complete school facilities was submitted to and approved by the respective state educational agencies.

FCDA REPORT EMPHASIZES NEW BOMB SHELTER NEED

New bomb shelter facilities need to be provided for 36 per cent of the people working and living in commercial areas, the Federal Civil Defense Administration notes in its annual 1952 report.

Surveys of a few major target cities

(Continued on page 314)



VAILABLE FROM STOCK IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

soil pipe. Under most conditions,

it will last the lifetime of the

building. Write for Catalog PF/1.

THE DURIRON COMPANY, Inc.

405 NORTH FINDLAY STREET
DAYTON 1, OHIO





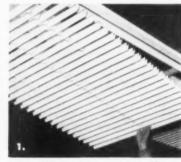


See it-compare it

No other LARGE AREA LUMINAIRE can match these new exclusive features

- 1. Large area light source, very shallow, highly stylized.
- 2. Louvers separately removable for cleaning (see below).
- 3. Completely self-contained as a louverall system.
- 4. Exclusive hanger arrangement provides perfect alignment.
- Fixtures easily joined endwise or sidewise, or both, for large panels of light. Top reflectors available.
- 6. Highly efficient used alone or in combinations.
- 7. Can be surface, suspension or recess mounted.
- 8. Shipped fully assembled, ready to install at minimum cost.
- 9. Priced comparable to standard width fixtures.
- Completely wired with E. T. L. and U. L. approved ballasts. U. L. approved and I. B. E. W.—A. F. L. Union Label.

LIGHTING PRODUCTS, INC., Highland Park, Ill.





NEW LOW in cleaning costs. 100% cleanability. 1. unhinge louver panel—one hand does it! 2. Lay panel flat on table. Slip out louvers with simple finger pressure. Wipe both sides of blade clean simultaneously with damp cloth. Snap louvers back in—and the job is done!—in about 1/10 the time needed for old-style fixtures.

Lighting Products, Inc., Dept. A, Highland Park, III. Please send me LPI AREALUX BULLETIN #470. I am interested and wa	ar
to know more, but this request obligates me in no way whatever.	
FIRM NAME	_

My Name

ADDRESS

CITY______ZONE____STATE___

AIL COUPON NOW

(Continued from page 310)

indicate that, with a 15-minute warning period, 39 per cent of the people can be sheltered in facilities already existing and requiring no modification and 25 per cent can be housed with relative safety in existing structures after they have been modified.

Because of the breakdown discovered in these findings, FCDA during 1952 emphasized the use of existing buildings for shelter and the building of protective shelter facilities into new construction.

More complete and more accurate figures will come in at a later date. Forty-nine of 89 major cities of the critical target areas have started shelter surveys in congested commercial sections. These efforts, said the agency, have resulted already in a growing realization of the value of protective construction as a civil defense necessity. In many cities the initial commercial district surveys are completed and

studies are being extended to cover the entire city.

The FCDA Program

As a stimulant to encourage the inclusion of protective construction in new buildings, FCDA has taken these steps:

1. Issued standards and criteria for protective construction in industrial facilities and hospitals. These are meant to guide private enterprise and government agencies in granting federal assistance for such facilities.

2. Encouraged protective construction in new buildings by working with the Defense Production Administration which, in turn, recommends such design when issuing certificates of necessity for essential facilities that cannot be dispersed.

3. Persuaded government agencies to incorporate protective standards in the design of their new structures. The General Services Administration has surveyed shelter possibilities in most of the buildings owned and operated by the federal government, so that appropriate shelter areas might be designated.

FCDA, in detailing participation in its program, said public works departments of many states, counties and municipalities and public and private utilities have enlisted their organizations in the civil defense effort. Many national organizations, such as the Associated General Contractors of America, the American Society of Civil Engineers and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, have encouraged their memberships to offer services either as operating units or as individuals.

But only 12 states and 12 cities have developed plans for emergency use of existing service organizations in the fields of construction, engineering and public utilities that FCDA considers effective.



ON THE CALENDAR

Through April 8: Northwest Craftsmen; a competitive exhibition of ceramics and ceramic sculpture, jewelry, enamel work, metal work, wooden containers and tableware, woven textiles,

(Continued on page 318)

HOLOPHANE DEVELOPS AN ENTIRELY NEW CONCEPT IN LIGHTING

EFFICIENCY UP 25%

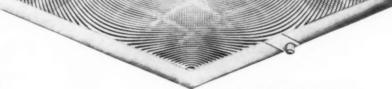
BRIGHTNESS DOWN OVER 50%

No. F-1570

HOLOPHANE In-Bilt
Unit with LO-BRITE*
Concave CONTROLENS*

- HIGHER EFFICIENCY... Stepped up 25 %
- LOWER BRIGHTNESS . . . cut by more than 50%
- CONCAVE CONTROLENS shields brightness from the observer
- LARGER LENS and NARROWER TRIM provide the ideal proportion for distinctive design

Architects and engineers are invited to write for complete data. No obligation of course.



Specify NO. F-1570 for

CLASSROOMS

OFFICES

DISPLAY ROOMS

STORES

HOSPITALS

PUBLIC BUILDINGS



* Trademark

HOLOPHANE COMPANY, INC.

Lighting Authorities Since 1898 • 342 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 17, N.Y.
THE HOLOPHANE COMPANY, LTD., THE QUEENSWAY, TORONTO 14, ONTARIO

(Continued from page 314)

decorated fabrics and lamps — Henry Gallery, University of Washington, Seattle.

Through April 12: 1953 Festival of Contemporary Arts — University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.

Through April 19: The Architecture of Baltimore, an exhibition — Peale Museum, Baltimore, Md.

Current throughout the year: Good Design 1953, sponsored by the Museum of Modern Art, New York, and the Merchandise Mart, Chicago; a selection of home furnishings that have come on the market since July 1, 1952 — The Merchandise Mart, Chicago.

April 2: Annual meeting and election of officers — The Architectural League of New York, 115 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y.

April 6-30: Prestressed Concrete, a series of eight lectures and discussions on consecutive Monday and Thursday

evenings, co-sponsored by the Portland Cement Association — Newark College of Engineering, 367 High St., Newark 2, N. J.

April 6-9: 38th Annual Conference, Building Officials Conference of America Inc. — Baker Hotel, Dallas, Tex.

April 6-May 10: Nineteenth Century Architecture, an exhibition — The Art Alliance, 251 S. 18th St., Philadelphia.

April 9-11: Second Regional Conference, Western Mountain District, American Institute of Architects — Broadmoor Hotel, Colorado Springs, Colo.

April 10-11: Annual Meeting, Michigan Engineering Society — Kellogg Center Hotel, Michigan State College campus, East Lansing, Mich.

April 22-23: Fifth Annual National Engineering Conference, American Institute of Steel Construction — Detroit Engineering Society Building, 100 Farnsworth Ave., or Park Shelton Hotel, 15 E. Kirby, Detroit.

April 25-26: Annual Assembly, Royal Architectural Institute of Canada — Royal York Hotel, Toronto, Ont.

April 25-May 2: Historic Garden Week in Virginia.

April 27—May 8: British Industries Fair — Castle Bromwich, Birmingham; Earl's Court and Olympia, London. Further information from: British Information Services, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N. Y.

April 29-Sept. 7: Sculpture of the 20th Century; more than 90 sculptures by American and European artists. Exhibited also at the Philadelphia Museum of Art and the Art Institute of Chicago — Museum of Modern Art, 11 W. 53rd St., New York City (in the newly designed Museum garden, opening with this show).

April 14–16: Conveyor Institute, conducted by the University of Illinois Department of Mechanical Engineering in cooperation with the Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers' Association — Illini Union Building, Champaign, Ill.

April 22-24: Industry Moves South: southern district meeting of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers— Hotel Seelbach, Louisville, Ky.

May 9-15: Society of the Plastics Industry annual meeting and conference — Cruise to Bermuda.

May 18-20: Conference, Canadian Hospital Council — Chateau Laurier. Ottawa, Ont.

May 18-22: Fifth National Material-Handling Exposition, sponsored by the Materials Handling Institute — Convention Hall, Philadelphia.

(Continued on page 320)

Modern Buildings <u>Deserve</u> Permanence

... in piping, too!



Clow (threaded) Cast-Iron Pipe lasts the <u>life</u> of your building

The beauty of today's buildings belongs to posterity too. Permanence in all details, including plumbing installations, is their due. Because Clow (threaded) Cast Iron Pipe assures a century or more of service, architects and contractors in increasing numbers choose Clow for all downspout, waste, and vent lines.

There are other reasons as well: Resistance to corrosion, economy of installation, and low service cost per year.

From every standpoint in every modern building, Clow (threaded) Cast Iron Pipe is a sounder choice ... a better investment.

Clow (threaded) Cast Iron Pipe has same O.D. as steel pipe, is available with plain or threaded ends, in 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 10" sizes in 18' random lengths. Also available with integral calking hub on one end (other end plain) in 18' random lengths in 4, 6, and 8" sizes.

CLOW CAST IRON PIPE



on the job, with ordinary tools of the piping trade.

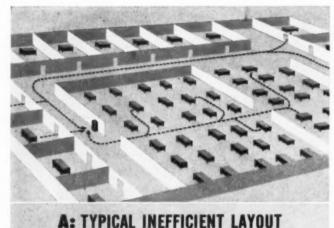
JAMES B. CLOW & SONS

201-299 North Talman Avenue • Chicago 90, Illinois

WHOLESALERS OF PLUMBING AND
HEATING SUPPLIES
Publishers of the Clow Bulletin



G-E Work Center Plan applies science to water-cooler placement!





B: WITH G-E WORK CENTER PLAN APPLIED



WATER COOLERS

can pay for themselves many times over RULE OUT COSTLY PLANNING ERRORS! The first scientific study of water-cooler layout, made by General Electric last year, reveals costly misconceptions that creep into water-cooler placement in offices and plants. For example, it is often false economy to use one large cooler instead of two smaller ones!

TYPICAL LAYOUT OFTEN PROVES EXPENSIVE. Layout "A" requires the average worker to travel 130 feet to the nearest cooler. Figuring four round trips a day, 240 days a year, and 300 feet per minute walking-time, this means that each employee walks 47 miles a year that account for about 14 hours of lost time and, at \$1.50 per hour average, nearly \$21.00 worth of work the employer pays for but doesn't get.

MONEY-SAVING "WORK CENTER PLAN." In layout "B," the average distance to the cooler is 60 feet, comparable traveling time about 61/2 hours, so you save 71/2 hours, or \$11.25 per employee. Multiply by 60 (number of employees) and the employer saves \$675 a year-more than enough to pay for the added G-E Water Coolers before the first year is out. In five years, he saves a total of \$3,375! And his investment is safeguarded for a full five years by G.E.'s generous Five-Year Protection Plan.

GENERAL %

Free study shows you annual payroll-dollars savingsin black and white! Also provides valuable, easy-to-use planning tools. Send in the coupon today, No obligation!



ELECTRIC

HOW MUCH CAN YOU SAVE YOUR CLIENT with G-E Water Coolers and the G-E Work Center Plan? General Electric Company, Dept. AR-2

Air Conditioning Division, Bloomfield, New Jersey Please send me the complete guide to efficient water-cooler placement.

NAME

ADDRESS

COUNTY



(Continued from page 318)

May 25-30: Eighth International Hospital Congress. Church House, Great Smith St., Westminster, London.

June 9-12: Fourth National Store Modernization, Building and Maintenance Show - Madison Square Garden, New York City.

June 10-13: British Architects' Conference - Canterbury and Folkstone, England.

at the

outside

at the

inside

June 15-19: Exposition of Basic Materials for Industry; an international exposition for product development -Grand Central Palace, New York City.

June 15-19: 85th Annual Convention, the American Institute of Architects -Olympic Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

June 16-18: Materials Conference in conjunction with Exposition of Basic Materials for Industry - Roosevelt Hotel, New York City.

June 16-19: National Spring Technical Meeting, American Welding Society - Hotel Shamrock, Houston, Tex.

June 22-26: 1953 Annual Meeting. American Society for Engineering Education - University of Florida, Gainesville, Fla.

June 23-30: 1953 Aspen Design Conference — Aspen, Colo.

June 29-July 3: Annual Meeting. American Society for Testing Materials - Chalfonte-Haddon Hall, Atlantic City, N. J.

OFFICE NOTES

Offices Opened

- · Jack Alan Bialosky, for the past four years associated with Charles Colman, Cleveland architect, has announced the formation of his own office, to be located in Carnegie Hall, 1220 Huron Road, Cleveland, Ohio.
- · Frank D. Clark has opened offices for the practice of architecture at 220 Endicott-on-Fourth, St. Paul I, Minn.
- · H. R. Jernigan, Architect, has opened an office at 3948 Sierra Way, San Bernardino, Calif.
- · David G. Murray and Dura A. Smith announce the opening of their office for the practice of architecture in the Security National Bank Building, Enid, Okla. The firm will be known as Murray-Smith Associates,
- · A. E. Slaughter, Structural Engineer, has opened an office at 20 W. Burbank Road, Burbank, Calif.
- The architectural firm of Sorensen & Ellsworth, Mark Ellsworth, A.I.A., Architect, recently opened an office at Niles, Calif. (Post Office Box 95).

New Firms, Firm Changes

- · Charles N. Agree Inc., Architects, with offices at 1140 Book Tower, Detroit 26, Mich., have announced the admission of A. Arnold Agree, A.I.A., as a member of the firm.
- · Philip A. Potter, for the past 16 years senior engineer in charge of water supply and sewerage for the New Jersey Board of Public Utility Commissioners. has rejoined the firm o. Buck, Seifert (Continued on page 322)

look

is 5-way superior

Simplicity and distinctive beauty of design . . . harmonizes graciously with the decor of most every type of home, modern or traditional. A wide selection of finishes and split finishes . . . all protected for years and years by varnish that's baked on at high temperature.

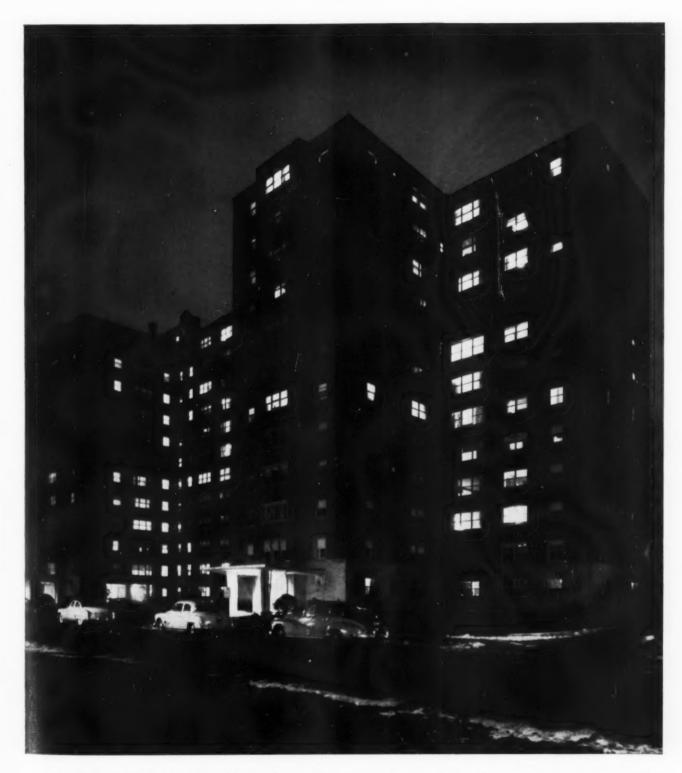
Reduces wear, resists wear. Has specially hardened pusher plate, long bearings, short-travel ratio between knob and locking mechanism. Ruggedly built for long-term protection. Lock mechanism is made of rust-proofed, selected cold rolled steel. Knobs are one-piece brass.

Faster and easier to install. Ask the man on the job how he likes to work with NATIONAL LOCKset . . . just seven simple steps.

> write today for descriptive catalog sold through jobbers distinctive hardware . . . all from 1 source



ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS . MERCHANT SALES DIVISION



SHAKER TOWERS, CLEVELAND—One of the newest additions to the fashionable Shaker Heights section of Cleveland is this fine new apartment building, Shaker Towers. Situated adjacent to Shaker Square, the two-unit, twelve-story structure is convenient to express transportation to downtown Cleveland.

It has facilities for 92 families, all in large outside suites. There is also a two-story attached garage, with space for 175 cars. The exterior of Shaker Towers, red brick trimmed with aluminum, covers a 1400-ton steel framework of Bethlehem Structural Shapes.

Architect: Joseph Ceruti; General Contractor: Roediger Construction Co.; Structural Engineers: Barber and Magee; Steel Fabricator and Erector: Builders Structural Steel Corp.—all of Cleveland.



THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 320)

and Jost, Consulting Engineers, as an associate.

- William A. Chalkley, formerly plant engineer with Rohm and Haas Company, has joined the firm of Cooper and Perry, 211 W. Hill Avenue, Knoxville, Tenn. The new firm will be known as Cooper, Perry and Chalkley, Architects-Engineers.
- Bernard Eichwald and Theodore G. Steimer have announced the formation of Eichwald Associates, a new firm of consulting engineers, with offices at 237 E. 39th St., New York 16, N. Y.
- A. Epstein and Sons, Inc., Engineers and Architects, have announced the appointment to their staff of S. E. Pope, formerly chief of the Design Branch of the Chicago District of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army.
- F. J. Cadenas, formerly with Edward

- Ashley, Consulting Engineers, has become associated with Sears & Kopf, Consulting Engineers of New York City. Mr. Cadenas will make his offices in the 45 W. 45th St. branch.
- Frank V. Mayo and Eric W. Johnson of Stockton, Calif., Architects, announce the addition to their firm of a new partner, Edward H. DeWolf. The firm name will be Mayo, Johnson and DeWolf. Offices are at 307 Exchange Building, 142 W. California St., Stockton.
- The firm of Wirtz, Calhoun and Tungate, 2506 Richton, Houston 6, Tex., announces the association with the firm of R. Graham Jackson, formerly a partner in the firm of R. Graham Jackson-Frank C. Dill, Architects, of Houston.



1. Your RCA Sound Distributor

For expert, "no obligation," planning assistance, you'll find your RCA Sound Distributor is the man to know.

He can offer you advice on the latest in equipment, the newest in sound techniques. His experience covers a wide range of applications including schools, plants, hospitals, hotels, institutions, and stores.

Call on him for the answer to any question involving sound.

2. New RCA Sound Products Catalog

Here, in easy-to-find form is the full line of RCA Sound Products.

In 17 pages, you'll find helpful data on RCA sound equipment from microphones to large sound system centers. Get this booklet for your files. It's a handy reference for any sound job you may tackle.

MAIL COUPON for your copy of the RCA Sound Products

g now.			
			
n, N. J.		- 1	1
pecialis	t call on	me.	

Sound Products, Dept. 130, Building 15-7 Radio Corporation of America, Camden, N. J.

☐ Please have an RCA Distributor Sound Specialist call on me☐ Send me the new free RCA Sound Products catalog.

Name_____Title______

catalo

City_

Address

DATION of AMERIC



RADIO CORPORATION of AMERICA
SOUND PRODUCTS CAMDEN. N.J.

New Addresses

The following new addresses have been announced:

William M. Bray, A.I.A., Architect, 962 N. La Cienega Blvd., Los Angeles 46, Calif.

Kenneth D. Coles, Architect, 940 Summerlea Ave., Lachine, Que.

Dames & Moore, Foundation Engineers, 2333 W. Third St., Los Angeles, Calif.

James Whitney Ellison, Architect, 200 Broadway, Seattle 22, Wash.

C. W. Farnham, Architect, 3715 Stevens Ave. S., Minneapolis 9, Minn.

Goleman & Rolfe, Architects, 5100 Travis St., Houston, Tex.

Norman Hulme, Architect, 10 S. 16th St., Philadelphia 3, Pa.

Kemp, Bunch & Jackson, Architects, Richardson Building, 33 S. Hogan St., Jacksonville 2, Fla.

Lentz & DePierre, Architects, 509 Linden St., Allentown, Pa.

Samuel Lerner Associates, Architects, 223 Thayer St., Providence, R. I.

William G. Lyles, Bissett, Carlisle & Wolff, Architects, 1321 Bull St., Columbia, S. C.

James W. Mancuso, No. 9 Memorial Parkway, Long Branch, N. J., and 200 Horner St., Toms River, N. J.

Martland Aberdeen and Groves, Architects, 8411–109th St., Edmonton. Alberta, Canada.

Arthur C. Munson, Architect, 426 Spring St., Los Angeles, Calif.

Alfredo R. Orgaz, Architect, Carrera 5-a No. 11–86, Apartamento 407, Bogota, Columbia.

(Continued on page 321)

Will The Structural Floors Of Buildings You Design Keep Pace With **Electricity in Modern Business?**

With new electrical devices and movable partitions constantly being developed to keep pace with modern business, no office building owner can assure himself of continuing tenant satisfaction unless his structural floors are adaptable to quick and inexpensive wiring change and addition.

Q-Floor is the complete answer to this problem. Strong steel, cellular Q-Floor is the only structural floor which permits easy wiring accessibility every 6 inches, yet represents economical building practice.

Q-Floor not only reduces maintenance cost, it actually saves money during construction. It cuts down drafting room time because completely frozen wiring layouts are not necessary, and it speeds job time too, since 2 men can lay a 32 sq. ft. section in 30 seconds. As soon as it is placed, it becomes a solid platform on which all construction men can work and store materials.

Inquire about Q-Floor before you design a building and avoid the pitfall of a modern structure with obsolete floors.

ELECTRIC

DUPLICATING

MACHINES

Write now for literature.

ELECTRIC

ACCOUNTING

MACHINES

MOVIE AND SLIDE PROJECTORS MICRO-FILM BILLING ELECTRIC DICTATING MACHINES TYPEWRITERS MACHINES MACHINE RADIO SYSTEMS AND TELEVISION OUTLETS AVAILABLE INTER

COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Robertson

The second secon

A Product of H. H. Robertson Company

2404 Farmers Bank Building . Pittsburgh, Pa.

Offices In All Principal Cities World-Wide Building Service



THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 322)

Pereira & Luckman, Architects-Engineers, 9220 Sunset Blvd., Los Angeles 26, Calif.

Morton L. Pereira & Associates, Architects, 316 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 1, Ill.

H. J. Riddle, Architect, Post Office Box 1434, Myrtle Beach, S. C.

Frederick Stritzel, Architect, 4400 Dublin Rd., Columbus 14, Ohio,

COMPETITIONS

SEEK ENTRIES FOR A.I.A. NATIONAL HONOR AWARDS

Industrial and Development Housing Get Special Award In Fifth Annual Program

The American Institute of Architects has invited entries for its Fifth Annual Program of National Honor Awards for Current Work. Entries will be exhibited at the 85th annual convention of the A.I.A. June 15–19 at Seattle and awards will be announced at the convention June 16

The program is not limited to A.I.A. members; all registered architects practicing professionally in the United States are eligible to enter buildings erected anywhere in the United States or abroad which have been completed since January 1, 1948. Entries must be shipped on or before May 28, 1953 to 204 Architecture Building, University of Washington, Seattle, Wash. Mandatory rules of submission and entry blanks can be obtained from: Committee on Honor Awards, The American Institute of Architects, 1741 New York Avenue N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

The program will again, as last year, be open to buildings of all classifications; but this year for the first time there will be a special award in both industrial and development housing categories. Development housing entries are defined as single family or duplex houses erected as part of a group of not less than five houses, designed and built for sale or rental.

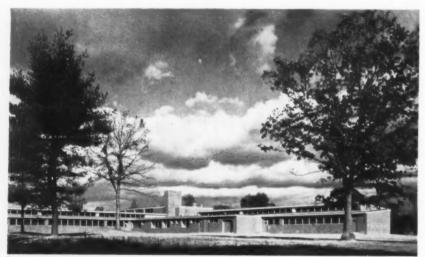
Awards are given for "distinguished accomplishment in architecture;" the program points out that projects will be judged not in competition with other entries but on the basis of the solution of the problem presented and "its worthiness for an award for excellence in architecture."

One exhibit will be selected to receive First Honor Award for Distinguished Accomplishment in Architecture; in addition, Awards of Merit will be given to as many exhibits as the jury considers deserving.

Albert F. Heino of Chicago is chairman of the awards committee; other members are Carl Koch, Massachusetts: George L. O'Brien, Nevada; Alfred Bendiner, Pennsylvania; and Carroll Martell, Washington.

• Architectural illustrators and renderers have been invited by the Architectural League of New York to submit their work for an architectural rendering exhibition to be held at the League May 25 through June 5 for award of the Birch Burdette Long Memorial Prize of \$200. Submissions should be sent to Miss Anna Clarke, Executive Secretars, The Architectural League of New York,

(Continued on page 326)



"Extrud-A-Line" entrances were used in the construction of the Highland Elementary School, Westfield, Mass. James A. Britton, architect. Installed by State Glass Co., Hartford, Conn.

ALUMILINE

EXTRUDED ALUMILITED ALUMINUM PRODUCTS

Specified by Leading Architects for:

HOSPITALS • SCHOOLS • RELIGIOUS BUILDINGS BANKS • STORE FRONTS • OFFICE BUILDINGS INDUSTRIAL PLANTS • HOUSING PROJECTS SHOPPING CENTERS

- Extruded Aluminum Store Front Construction
- Extruded Aluminum Factory Assembled Entrance Frames
- Narrow and Wide Stile Extruded Aluminum Doors
- Custom Built Extruded Aluminum Windows

Send for these New 1953 Catalogs: "Alumiline" Store Front Construction and "Extrud-A-Line" Entrances

THE ALUMILINE CORPORATION
1540 Covert St., Brooklyn 27, N. Y.





St. Francis Hospital in Lynnwood, California, selects the York High Velocity Double Duct System . . . the advanced system that permits individually-controlled air conditioning in rooms and wards.

Hugh Davies, Architect Pozzo Construction Co., Contractors Al Kleiber, Engineering Consultant

how the
St. Francis Hospital
can help solve
your
air conditioning
problems . . .

You may have only a passing professional interest in the air conditioning problems of one of the world's most modern hospitals.

But this new, major development points out a solution to your air conditioning problems . . . no matter what they are!

You see, York Engineers work with the industry's widest range of equipment. They do not have to compromise—and try to fit a rigid system to a building or fit the building to a system.

They can recommend with broad impartiality, the installation that *precisely* suits the particular requirements of the building you are air conditioning. The result? Better performance, longer life at low initial and operating cost. No wonder York has installed more air conditioning and refrigeration capacity than all the others!

There is a York Engineering Office near you. The number is in your Classified Telephone Directory. A consultation with a York Engineer incurs no obligation, of course. It can lead to important savings in time, money and worry for you, as it has for so many others. Or write to York Corporation, York, Pennsylvania.

In every major trading center there is a York Engineering Office with men skilled in the arts of engineering, contracting, construction and service. They are constantly backed by continual factory research and product development in one field exclusively—air handling and mechanical cooling! They are at your service always!

YORK

AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION HEADQUARTERS FOR MECHANICAL COOLING SINCE 1885



THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 324)

115 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y., to arrive, uncrated and ready for hanging, between 9 A.M. and 11:30 A.M. or 2:30 P.M. and 5 P.M., Tuesday, May 19.

The Fifth Annual Brickmason Apprentices National Competition sponsored by the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers International Union will be held April 18–25 in Minneapolis.

AT THE COLLEGES

"Art Bothers Me"

A sculptor who is an associate professor of Art History at the University of Cincinnati told a university alumni group recently that the artist's function is to "inform the man who doesn't take time to read." In a speech called "Art Bothers Me," Ernest B. Haswell suggested that contemporary artists, apparently not needed, proceed to express

themselves in a technique and vocabulary that is not understood and sometimes become almost psychological cases like the unwanted child or adult.

"Design in Industry"

Yale University's Art Gallery has been showing the "Design in Industry" exhibit sponsored by the Institute of Contemporary Art of Boston and ten major U. S. manufacturers. The exhibit, which illustrates the principles of good design as applied to everyday objects, includes more than 200 panels and 100 items showing various manufacturers' design problems and their solution. Among the objects in the show are fabrics, flat and hollow silverware, glassware, tiles, watches, pots and pans, plastic containers and lighting fixtures.

Festival at Illinois

The 1953 University of Illinois Festival of Contemporary Arts, February 1–March 20, attempted to focus on the creative artist and the creative process as well as the work of art itself.

Lectures, demonstrations and exhibitions in the visual arts, the dance, music, literature and esthetics, drama and the motion picture were held in connection with the festival, which has become an annual event at Illinois.

In architecture, two exhibits of photographs, drawings and models were on view — the 1952 American Institute of Architects' National Honor Awards and "Take Chicago," a four-point plan for the rebuilding of Chicago.

City planning was also represented in photographic exhibits of two "new towns," Park Forest, Ill., and Kahului on the Hawaijan island of Maui.

Scholarships, Fellowships

• The lasting gratitude of an architect who was a Columbia University traveling fellow in 1896 and his wife's desire to create a memorial to her husband which would testify to it have resulted in the establishment in the School of Architecture at Columbia of the William Kinne Fellows Memorial Fellowships. A fund of about \$560,000 left for the purpose in Mrs. Fellows' will is to provide a maximum of seven traveling fellowships each year for members of the graduating

(Continued on page 328)



SLIDE-VIEW Sliding Glass Doors and Windows let eye-saving daylight flood the room. Slim steel sections provide maximum glass areas with maximum strength.

SLIDE-VIEW assures year-around comfort. Screened doors and windows, sliding smoothly and silently at a finger's touch, admit just the right amount of fresh air desired. Complete weatherstripping keeps out dust, rain and cold.

SLIDE-VIEW provides more see-through vision.

Nothing restricts freedom of view. Yet indoor warmth and comfort are preserved.

A SLIDE-VIEW installation stands out—a dramatic example of the finest in modern architecture. Write for complete specifications and architects catalog. See Sec. 15-a in Sweet's File—Architectural.

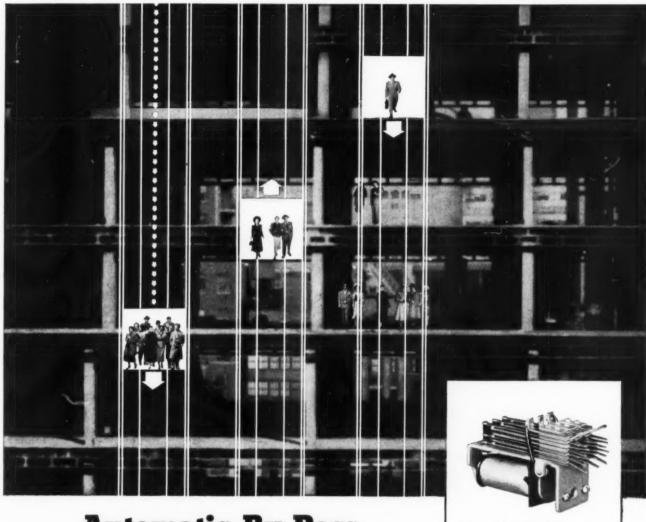


Above: Nursery School for Visually Handicapped Children, Los Angeles, designed by Paul R. Williams "Brings the Outside Inside"

ICE-VIEW STEEL DOOR AND WINDOW CO.

521 NORTH LA CIENEGA BOULEVARD, LOS ANGELES 48, CALIFORNIA

WESTINGHOUSE PASSENGER-OPERATED SELECTOMATIC ELEVATORS



Automatic By-Pass Saves Time, Controls Load

Westinghouse Passenger-Operated Selectomatic elevators give the red carpet treatment. Each car is an obedient servant—accepts passenger calls with swift efficiency . . . keeps a careful check on total weight . . . by-passes down calls when its load reaches capacity . . . speeds to a level-perfect landing.

The rejected calls? There are none. Automatic by-pass simply means that *one* car prunes time for *its* passengers. Unanswered calls are

quickly picked up by another car. No matter how many passengers, twenty-four hours a day—Selectomatic services them equally. Automatic by-pass is only one Westinghouse development to give faster, more efficient elevator service.

Get full details about Westinghouse Selectomatic—with or without attendants. Find out how SAF-T-Edge Doors, Synchro-Glide Landing Control, automatic Automatic By-Pass is a feature of all Westinghouse Passenger-Operated Selectomatic elevators. Its action is precisely controlled by a highly integrated team of shuntless electrical relays, such as the one above.

motor-generator stop-start action and other cost-saving features can be applied to new construction or modernization plans. Call our nearest office for the complete story.

Westinghouse Elevators

YOU CAN BE SURE ... IF IT'S Westinghouse

J9866

f

0

15

n

H

d

ui

0

h

d

e

ig g

D

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 326)

classes, two for recipients of master's degrees and the others for recipients of bachelor's degrees. Since the school's graduates annually number about 40, this means that one out of six graduates of the School of Architecture each year is likely to receive a traveling fellowship.

• The Department of City and Regional Planning of the University of North

Carolina is receiving applications for research assistantships for the year 1953-1954. Stipends would range from \$800 to \$1200 for the academic year. Applicants must have a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution. Requests for applications should be addressed to: Chairman, Department of City and Regional Planning, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N. C.

PLASTER

· A new scholarship program for undergraduate students in engineering has been established at Harvard College. The awards, to be financed under the Gordon Mckay endowment, were described as stressing Harvard's interest in training young engineers in the liberal

Ten awards will be made this spring to secondary school seniors entering college in the fall. Five of the scholarships will be in the Harvard National Scholarship program, with expense stipends as high as \$1800 a year, depending on the student's financial need. Five Gordon Mckay regular scholarships in engineering, with stipends ranging up to \$1200 a year, will also be established. When the program is in full operation - the scholarships are renewable - there will be 40 Gordon McKay Scholarships aggregating \$40,000 a year.

Pratt Dean Resigns

 Nelson S. Hibschman, dean of the School of Engineering at Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y., has been appointed assistant secretary of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers and has resigned his Pratt Institute post. Dean Hibschman has been treasurer of the Institute and is expected to succeed H. H. Henline, Institute secretary since 1932, upon the latter's retirement in the spring of 1954. Walter J. Barrett of Glen Ridge, N. J., succeeds Dean Hibschman as treasurer and L. F. Hickernell of Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., will replace Mr. Barrett on the board of directors until the expiration of the former's term in July 1954. A native of Harrisburg, Pa., Dean Hibschman received his training at Pennsylvania State College and Lehigh University, and has served on the faculties of Lehigh, New York University and Pratt Institute.

Notes in the News

Formation of a fire protection and safety research group - the first service of this type especially for midwest industry - at the Armour Research Foundation of the Illinois Institute of Technology has been announced. John J. Ahern, director of Illinois Tech's department of fire protection and safety engineering, heads the group. . . . A four-week series of conferences on prestressed concrete is being held this month on Monday and Thursday evenings at the Newark, N. J., College of

(Continued on page 330)



NEW WESIX BASEBOARD PANELS Luxury Heat at Low Cost!

Here's the perfect answer for new or remodeled homes where larger window area or changeable outside temperatures create heating problems only modern perimeter heating can solve. With new Wesix Automatic Electric Baseboard there is no time-lag from excessive thermal storage, no heat loss from transmission or distribution - a temperature difference of less than 2 degrees floor to ceiling can be expected in a well engineered installation.

Easily Installed . . . ANYWHERE!

Since Wesix Baseboards are completely pre-fabricated with no metal cutting or external controls required, you can be sure of perfect installation. Panels may be installed recessed or on wall surface without alteration and are available in standard lengths of 32 and 48 inches at a watt density of 157 watts (536 B.T.U.) per lineal foot with a maximum surface temperature of 140 degrees Fahrenheit. Overall height of six inches allows installation under windows with sill mold only seven inches from finished floor.

Specify Wesix for complete home heating or as economically installed and operated auxiliary heat and you specify perfect, comfort! Send floor plans and insulation specifications to your nearest Wesix office for free engineering layout.



LOOK FOR THIS SIGN AT YOUR WESIX DEALERS

aluminum WINDOWS

by GENERAL BRONZE

Study the outstanding buildings of the past half century and you'll find many with "Windows by General Bronze."

Whether the new building you are planning is a school, a hospital, an apartment, a commercial building, or a modern new special purpose building like the one pictured here, General Bronze can offer you a wealth of practical experience in solving your problems as they pertain to windows, spandrels, curtain walls and architectural metalwork.

With a background of more than 40 years' experience, working with hundreds of leading architectural firms, we have learned what features architects want in windows—what kind of help they appreciate most in working out exterior curtain wall design problems—what makes their job run easier and smoother.

Because of our unequalled facilities and our vast experience, we are well qualified to serve you, especially when your requirements are complex or unusual. We will be glad to discuss your problems with you at any time. Our Catalogs are filed in Sweet's.







GENERAL BRONZE CORPORATION . GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

PERMATITE DIVISION—Custom-built Windows, Architectural Metal Work and Revolving Doors. ALWINTITE DIVISION—Residential Aluminum Windows

BRACH MFG. CO. DIVISION—Multel, T. V., Radio and Electronic Equipment STEEL WELDMENTS, INC. DIVISION—Custom fabrication in steel and iron

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 328)

Engineering. . . . John Ekin Dinwiddie, San Francisco architect, has embarked on an extended tour of the colleges as a visiting critic. From six weeks at M.I.T. he will go to the University of Pennsylvania for another six weeks, and then to St. Louis, where he will lecture on architectural design at Washington University. Mr. Dinwiddie plans to spend an increasing amount of time on teaching, lecturing and writing, but

will also carry on a selected practice. . . . The University of Oklahoma marked the tenth year of the presidency of George Lynn Cross and the 60th year of the University's existence by dedicating the five buildings completed in recent years as well as two additions. The illustrated program for the occasion had one of its ten pages devoted to listing the architects and builders of the new structures — the Home Economics

Building and the Aeronautical Engineering Building, William S. Burgett, Architect; Education Building, Richard N. Kuhlman, Architect; Gittinger Hall, Hudgins-Thompson-Ball and Associates, Architects; George Lynn Cross Center, Sorey, Hill and Sorey, Architects; addition, DeBarr Hall, Coston and Frankfurt, Architects; and addition, School of Medicine, Hudgins-Thompson-Ball and Associates, Architects.

POHARY TILES

Extra Strong-Extra Wear!



Every Architect should have our Sample Tile Chart No. 6. It's free.

UNITED STATES QUADDY THE CO

Member: Tile Council of America and Producers' Council, Inc 217-H FOURTH ST., N.E., CANTON 2, OHIO

OBITUARY

James R. Edmunds Jr., president of the American Institute of Architects in 1945–47 and head of the Baltimore architectural firm, died suddenly February 4 at his home in Baltimore. Mr. Edmunds suffered a heart attack while apparently recovering from an attack of influenza. He was 62 years old.

Mr. Edmunds, who had also served as treasurer of the A.I.A., sought as president to bring about a broadening of the organization's interests, with special effect in the field of hospital design and construction.

A graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his B.A. in Architecture, Mr. Edmunds studied later in Europe and China. He was the first chairman of the Baltimore Housing Authority which, in 1937, launched a \$23,000,000 slum clearance project, since expanded many times.

His firm, in which his son, James R. Edmunds III, was associated with him, designed some of Maryland's most important public buildings.

LOUIS KAMPER, dean of Detroit architects, died February 24 in Detroit at the age of 91.

Mr. Kamper, who was born in Bliesdalheim, Bavaria, came to the United States from Germany in 1882. He spent several years as a draftsman in the office of McKim, Mead & White in New York and then in 1889 went to Detroit as a member of the firm of Scott, Kamper & Scott. Since 1891 he had practiced independently.

In Detroit, Mr. Kamper had designed more than 100 buildings, including the Book Tower, Sheraton-Cadillac Hotel and the Cadillac Building. Other buildings of Mr. Kamper's design: Roosevel

(Continued on page 332



Treasury Department

Typical Private Office

...with Lighting by LITECONTRO

Where illumination's concerned sales-minded electric utilities want the best. This one in Kentucky uses two types of standard LITECONTROL fixtures for efficient control of light . . . and smart appearance. Rolled-edge trim helps hide uneven spots in ceilings that flat trims only emphasize.

In the executive office, LITECONTROL No. 5134 with Holophane No. 9016 low brightness lens provides ample illumination - free from glare and sharp contrasts.

Easy to maintain. Lenses help keep dirt out. To clean - simply push trigger-catch, open door, wipe surfaces with damp rag, and push door shut - no tools required.

At left, LITECONTROL fixture No. 5838 is a practical selection for the general office. Rugged, all-metal design provides 35 to 25 degree cutoff from egg-crate louvers ... holds glare down at critical viewing angles. No tools needed for servicing.

Two more examples of the "More Light and Looks for Your Money" you get with every LITECONTROL Fixture.

INSTALLATION: Kentucky Utilities Company, Lexington, Kentucky ARCHITECT: Robert W. McMeekin, Lexington, Kentucky.

LIGHTING ENGINEERS: R. W. Wilson, J. T. Cole & K. R. Cardey, Kentucky Utilities Company.

DISTRIBUTOR: Graybar Electric Company, Inc., Indianapolis, Indiana. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR: Hatfield Electric Company, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Treasury Department

FIXTURES: 18 No. 5838, 3-lamp recessed louvered fixtures on 9' centers — standard cool white 96712 lamps.

INTENSITY: Room average, 90 footcandles.
Desk Tops 75-80 footcandles.

Typical Private Office

FIXTURES: 8 No. 5134, 3-lamp recessed fixtures with No. 9016 lenses on 8' centers — standard warm white 48112 lamps.

INTENSITY: Room average, 70 footcandles.

Desk Tops, 85 footcandles.

Note: Intensity figures by Kentucky Utility engineers after three months operation.



LITECONTROL ixtures

LITECONTROL CORPORATION

36 PLEASANT STREET, WATERTOWN 72, MASSACHUSETTS

DESIGNERS, ENGINEERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF FLUORESCENT LIGHTING EQUIPMENT DISTRIBUTED ONLY THROUGH ACCREDITED WHOLESALERS

(Continued from page 330)

Hotel, Miami, Fla.; Westover Hotel, New York City; Schaefer Building, Dearborn, Mich.; the Saginaw, Mich., Courthouse.

HENRY STUART WATERBURY OF Irvington, N. Y., senior partner in Delano & Aldrich, New York Architects, died March 2 at New York Hospital after a long illness. He would have been 74 on March 18.

Mr. Waterbury, a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects, became a partner in Delano & Aldrich 30 years ago. Buildings he designed included the Yale Divinity School, Virginia Military Institute, Hotchkiss School buildings and Cornell University Union as well as buildings for expansion of the United States Military Academy and many churches and city and country houses.

Benjamin s. Hubbell, 85, founder of the Cleveland architectural firm of Hubbell & Bennes, died February 22 in Cleveland

Mr. Hubbell, who designed the Cleveland Art Museum and the Ohio Bell Telephone Company, received his master's degree in architecture from Cornell University in 1894 and founded his firm in 1896. He was the architect for the original buildings of St. Luke's Hospital in Cleveland and for Cleveland's Masonic Auditorium and Masonic temples and the Cleveland School of Art.

Walter dabney blair, New York Architect, died January 12 at the age of 75. A graduate of the University of Virginia, where he received B.A. and M.A. degrees, Mr. Blair received a B.S. in architecture at the University of Pennsylvania. He also studied in Paris for three years and received a diploma and the Miller Prize, among other awards, from the Ecole des Beaux Arts. He opened offices in New York in 1903 and in 1903–04 was also professor of architecture at Cornell.

Mr. Blair, a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects, designed the Public Library at Charlottesville, Va.; the Warner Library, Tarrytown, N. Y.; the Stahlman Building, Nashville, Tenn.; the Edwin Gould Foundation, New York City; and several buildings at the University of Virginia, among many others.

DE WITT CLINTON JR., 88, formerly a member of the New York architectural firm of Clinton and Russell, died February 15 in Ridgewood, N. J. Mr. Clinton, a great-grandnephew of De Witt Clinton, former Governor of New York, had done architectural work on the Hudson Terminal Building, the Astor Hotel and the Singer Building in New York.

CHESTER H. MILLER, senior partner in the architectural firm of Miller and Warnecke of Oakland, Calif., until his retirement in 1951, died January 1 after a long illness. He was 62 years old.

The firm of Miller and Warnecke designed many of Oakland's large buildings, including the Public Library. Women's City Club, Hill Castle Apartments, Castlemont High School; in San Leandro, Calif., the San Leandro High School; in Berkeley, the Forestry and Physics buildings at the University of California.

(More news on page 334)



Smoother - Easier - Quieter S-L-I-D-I-N-G D-O-O-R-S

WORK BEST WHEN FITTED WITH "ACCURATE" DOOR SADDLES AND WEATHER STRIP

In planning this City house, the New York Architects, Sanders, Malsin & Reiman, provided wide open spaciousness with Sliding Doors. Full weather protection is assured by equipping the doors with "Accurate" metal saddles and metal weather stripping — precision built to make door operation easier, smoother, quieter. "Accurate" Sliding Door Equipment, backed by a half century of experience, is available to meet all conditions.



For doors and windows of all types, "Accurate" Metal Weather Strip is unsurpassed. Write for working drawings, or if you prefer

ASK FOR ILLUSTRATED FOLDER

ACCURATE METAL WEATHER STRIP CO., Inc.

Preston M. Geren Joseph R. Pelich W. G. Clarkson Co.

Associate Architects
And Engineers

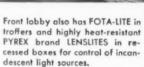
Yandell, Cowan & Love—Consulting Engineers
Empire Electric Co.—Electrical Contractor
Gruber Brothers, Inc.—Fixture Manufacturer

Surface mounted fluorescent luminaires in vice-president's office. Smooth opal glass ALBA-LITE side panels distribute light evenly throughout the room. Long lengths provide sleek, streamlined appearance.

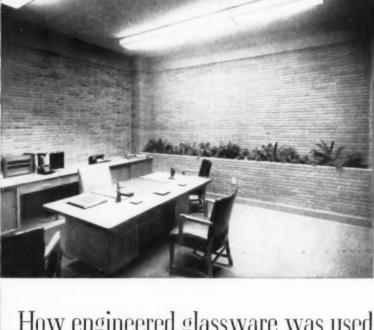
Hinged FOTA-LITE glass bottom has louvers photographically reproduced through the entire thickness of the glass to assure accurate cutoff and low fixture brightness.

Adding architectural variety in the snack bar, are troffer units (48 in. long and 12 in. wide), using FOTA-LITE shielding glass. Smooth, flat surface of this nonwarping, nondiscoloring glass cleans with the wipe of a cloth.





Soft over-all lighting effect in hallways is obtained by using PYREX brand LENSLITES with wide-angle lens in recessed ceiling boxes.



How engineered glassware was used in lighting this windowless building

Here's an unusual lighting and design problem which shows the versatility you can get with engineered lighting glassware.

The Acme Brick Company general office building in Ft. Worth has no windows. Interior lighting gets no assist from natural daylight.

Yet, you can easily see how the architects, lighting engineers and fixture manufacturer have provided highly functional lighting and made a beautiful installation, too. They used a selection of CORNING FOTA-LITE and ALBA-LITE shielded fluorescent and incandescent luminaires.

Using these units in various design layouts affords high level, quality lighting for 22,800 sq. ft. of floor space. And the architectural flexibility of the glassware complements the design of the installation itself.

Give your customers all the benefits of high-efficiency lighting with low fixture brightness and modern styling by specifying CORNING engineered lighting glassware. The coupon will bring you full details of the many sizes and shapes available.





CORNING GLASS WORKS

Corning, New York

Corning means research in Glass

CORNING GLASS WORKS, Dept. AR-4, Corning, N.Y.

Please send me:

- Booklet LS-32, describing Corning's full line of lighting ware.
- ☐ Photometric data sheets on ALBA-LITE, FOTA-LITE and PYREX brand LENSLITES

Name_____Title____

Firm____

Address

City_____State__

(Continued from page 332)

RUTGERS PLANS LIBRARY FOR 1.5 MILLION BOOKS

A \$4 million library capable of handling a collection of 1,500,000 volumes will soon be under construction at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, N. J. York & Sawyer of New York in associa-



York & Sawyer of New York in collaboration with Anderson & Beckwith of Boston have designed the new library for Rutgers University. It will have space for handling 1,500,000 volumes

BRAND NEW!

Completely Modern!

AMWELD

STEEL SLIDE-AWAY POCKET DOOR
AND FRAME UNIT

Check these advantages-

New Slide-Away Saves Valuable Space. Homeowners appreciate the extra wall and floor space made possible with this new door. Builders like them too, for they eliminate door-swing "problem areas".

New Slide-Away is Easy-to-Install. Made of heavy gauge steel channel with wood core, the Slide-Away frame nails to ordinary studding. Hanger hardware comes as kit and converts standard 1 36" AMWELD steel door to Slide-Away in a matter of minutes. All steel door construction eliminates warping, shrinking or cracking.

Brass Finger Pulls or Latch Sets. Take your choice—finger pulls for closets and other simple door closures—latch sets where the Slide-Away is used on bathrooms and bedrooms.

Two Sixes Available. New Slide-Away is furnished 2'6'' and 2'8'' wide and 6'8'' high. Doors are finished on both sides—prime coated and ready for your choice of finish.

Free Booklet Available. Learn how AMWELD Building Products can help cut construction costs—improve the appearance of the homes you build. Send for fully illustrated folder containing complete installation details,

DEALERS WANTED

For information regarding the AMWELD Building Products line and territories still open, write today.

AMWELD BUILDING PRODUCTS DIVISION

THE AMERICAN WELDING & MANUFACTURING CO.
340 DIETZ ROAD . WARREN, OHIO

tion with Anderson & Beckwith of Boston are the architects.

The new building, on a site overlooking the Raritan River, will have exteriors of red brick with white limestone trim to harmonize with recently constructed Rutgers buildings. But it will be "a departure from traditional Georgian lines in order to more efficiently serve its purpose," according to the university announcement.

There will be a two-story service wing and a six-story book stack; the building will have a total capacity of about two million on ft.

The main floor of the service wing will contain the lobby, circulation desk, catalog and periodicals room, a reading room with 200-seat capacity, the offices of the librarian and assistant librarian, a work room and a preparation room and a "New Jersey Room" for the display of rare books in the library collection.

The basement of this part of the building will contain a receiving room, a section for temporary storage of newly-arrived books, another 200-seat reading room, a reserve section for books on education, photostating and microfilming rooms, stacks for rare books and "Rutgersensia," a map room and a map workroom. The library has been arranged so that the two reading rooms in this part of the building can be kept open at hours other than those of the stack and other parts of the library.

The six-story stack, in addition to book storage and four subject-matter reading rooms, will contain 350 student carrells and faculty study rooms.

(More news on page 336)

At The Moses H. Cone Memorial Hospital



THE ANSWER IS

BRYANT

WIRING DEVICES



No. 4701 Mercury Switch



Specify Bryant from Your Electrical Distributor

J-99888

Consulting Engineers—Watson & Hart, Greensboro, N. C.

Electrical Contractor—Miller Electric Co., Columbia, S. C.

General Contractor—J. A. Jones Construction Co., Charlotte, N. C.

Hospital Consultant—Christopher Parnall, M.D., Ann Arbor, Michigan

NEW HOSPITAL—Greensboro's new 300 bed Moses H. Cone

Hospital meets today's demand for the best in hospital construction. From surgical equipment to wiring devices, the spec-

ifications called for quality and dependability.

BRYANT THE CHOICE—Throughout this big hospital Bryant quality wiring devices assure dependable electrical service and provide years of operating economy. Bryant 4701 Mercury Silent Switches meet the need in hospital-quiet corridors and rooms. Bryant 5262 duplex outlets provide the safe grounding of portable electrical equipment and appliances.

CHOOSE FROM THE FULL LINE—Whatever the wiring device problem, there's a full line of Bryant quality devices for home, office and industry.



THE BRYANT ELECTRIC COMPANY

Bridgeport 2, Connecticut

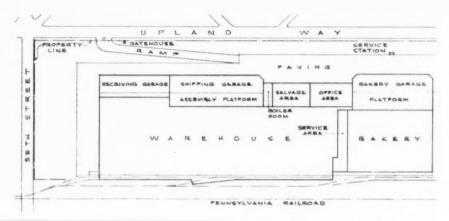
Chicago • Los Angeles

Listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

(Continued from page 334)

PRELOADING SOLVES SITE PROBLEM FOR NEW BAKERY

The American Stores Company bakery and warehouse at 59th Street in West Philadelphia, which the owner believes to be "the world's largest automatic bread and cake bakery and the largest grocery warehouse ever con-



TERRAZZO IN HOTELS

Where "room service" means

mosaic plus Terrazzo

The new Los Angeles Statler, like countless other fine hotels, couples Venetian glass mosaic walls with Terrazzo floors to assure once-in-a-lifetime durability. Important by-products of this European-and-American plan are practically infinite versatility of design and tone; colorful, easy-to-clean surfaces; no repainting problem; minimum maintenance.

To reserve these qualifications for your clients, specify mosaic and Terrazzo. Write for free AIA Kit, with complete details.

Terrazzo and Mosaic Catalogue and Design Book helps you plan. 136 loose-leaf pages of data, design, and color. Order from your local Assn. member or write direct. Price \$10.00.



THE NATIONAL TERRAZZO AND MOSAIC ASSOCIATION, INC.

404 SHERATON BUILDING

711 14th St., N. W.

WASHINGTON 5, D. C.

American Stores Company bakery and warehouse in West Philadelphia is believed by the owner to be the world's largest automatic bread and cake bakery and grocery warehouse. Site is 3000 by 650 ft

structed," is built on a 3000 by 650-ft site which was originally a quarry. Ganteaume & McMullen of Boston were engineers and architects.

The site, which parallels the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was filled partly with quarry tailings and partly with heterogeneous material such as is usually found on city dumps. It was obvious that though the fill was more than 30 years old, it was unstable. Wooden piles were ruled out, both because of the low ground-water level and because of the difficulty of driving into the quarry tailings. Even concrete piles would be very difficult to drive; and the cost of these, to carry a one-story structure, was disproportionate to the value of the proposed buildings.

Professor Casagrande, the internationally-known expert on soil mechanics, was called into consultation; and he suggested the possibility of preloading the ground. An area 100 by 100 ft was preloaded with sand; and careful records were kept — of the settlement while the load was being applied, the rate of settlement after the full load was in place, and the rebound of the original ground when the load was removed. The results showed that settlement stopped within 10 days and that the rebound of the ground was negligible.

A complete sand fill (in no case less than four ft) was placed over the whole warehouse area, to bring the ground up to the proposed floor level. This fill was then surcharged with sand equivalent to one and a half times the dead and live loads of the building and its

(Continued on page 338)

KENNARD WATER SAVERS

Announcing
the latest
addition to the

DOUDON TO SUNDUSTRIAL
RESIDENTIAL—COMMERCIAL—INDUSTRIAL
HUNTULU LUUIUIU

AIR COOLED CONDENSER

Kennard planned for quiet operation; incorporating a specially designed air venturi, and a top quality five blade heavy duty fan.

Continuous capacity operation is assured by a generous coil surface and a long lived "V" belt drive.

TWO OTHER EFFICIENT

WATER SAVERS

TO SERVE YOUR PARTICULAR NEEDS



Three Sizes 2, 3 and 5 Tons



11

1

of

e.

10

12

ds

he

le.

nd

Its

in he

ole up

fill

and its

RD

Five Sizes 3, 5, 8, 11 and 16 Tons

KT—COOLING TOWERS EK—EVAPORATIVE CONDENSERS

Kennard selected centrifugal type fans (Hot-Dip Galvanized) for quiet operation and for their ability to overcome duct resistance on indoor installations, and adverse wind effects on outdoor installations.

Completely galvanized cabinets, rugged enough for *outdoor* use, and completely coated on interior with an asphalt and asbestos fibre material for further rust-proofing.

Wetted Deck of the Cooling Tower is long lived clear heart of redwood.

The Evaporative Condenser has all prime surface copper coil.

For Air Conditioning Units and larger Water Savers, see the Kennard Representative, or write for special bulletins..



Five Sizes 3, 5, $7\frac{1}{2}$, 10 and 15 Tons

Representatives in all principal cities

KENNARD CORPORATION . 1821 S. HANLEY ROAD ST. LOUIS 17, MO., U.S.A.

(Continued from page 336)

contents, and this surcharge was left in place not less than 15 days. The loading was done in sections so as to use the same sand many times. After the last section had been loaded, the sand was used for fill in the bakery area, where the quarry excavation had not been filled previously but where the ground was 20 ft below the required level.

Spread footings were then used in the normal way, except that they were kept as shallow as possible so as to have the benefit of the compacted sand fill for further distributing the load on the poor material below.

The bakery is in part one-story and in part three stories. It is built of reinforced concrete with the conventional flat slab design except that, instead of the usual flaring type, the column capitals are square, with vertical sides and minimum depth. This facilitated the installation of the numerous conveyor systems that were hung from the ceiling. Instead of the usual flat-slab coefficients, the slabs and their supports were designed in accordance with A.C.I. requirements for flat slabs as continuous frames.

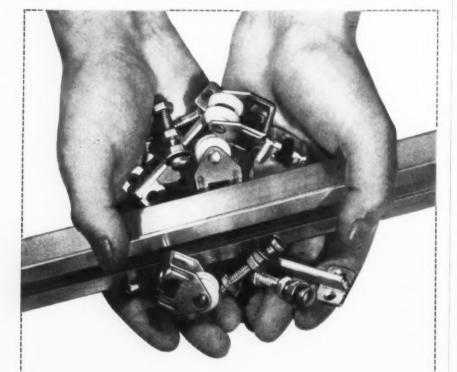
The interior walls are faced with clear-glazed structural tile, from the ceiling to the top of the concrete base that is two ft above the floor; this base is faced with a galvanized steel plate. The floor surfaces are either of brick, set in acid-resistant resin cement, or of acid-resistant resin tile. With the exception of the ceiling, there is therefore no exposed concrete within the bakery proper.

The warehouse is a one-story building with a concrete floor, masonry-bearing walls, and steel roof frame. The concrete floor rests on the compacted sand fill described above; it is divided into 65 by 65-ft squares armored with steel angles on all sides to avoid the breakdown of edges at construction joints.

Columns are spaced 21 ft on centers both ways — the spacing found best for storage of merchandise on pallets. Above the selection area, where merchandise must be stored no higher than a man can reach conveniently, the space is utilized by hanging mezzanine platforms from the roof girders.

Every other girder is cantilevered four ft beyond the columns and a lighter member hung between the ends of the cantilevers — resulting in an appreciable saving of steel, especially where the mezzanines are hung.

Since the building is more than 1100 ft long, expansion joints are installed approximately every 200 ft through the roof and walls.



designed the way <u>you'd</u> design it:

sliding door hardware

numbers 16 and 17 by



pulley & hardware co.,

31-71 whitestone parkway, flushing, n. y.

Have you sent for our catalog? You should!



(More news on page 340)





the advantages of a Viking Sprinkler System than by John Milton's quotation, "They also serve who only stand and wait." A Viking system, during the time it "stands and waits" to quench fire the moment it starts, serves your clients in another way . . . cutting his insurance costs as much as 75% in many cases . . . enough to pay for the Viking system in an average of seven years. Your clients will appreciate your "for-the-years-ahead-planningand-savings" when you include Viking

What better way is there to describe

Sprinkler Systems in your designs. Contact the Viking representative nearest you. His full-time engineering staff is at your service to help you design the sprinkler system for your next building.

For the facts on Viking sprinklers write for your copy of "Fire and Your Business."

the VIKING corporation HASTINGS, MICHIGAN

(Continued from page 338)

NAVY REPORTS PROGRESS ON TITLE VIII HOUSING

The Navy's report on the status of its half-billion-dollar housing program, made before the change in Administrations, included some comments on the progress of the Title VIII program and





New Scruggs Vandervoort Barney department store in fashionable Clayton, Missouri, Architect: Harris Armstrong, Consulting Engineer: Neal J. Compbell. Contractor: Gamble Construction Co.

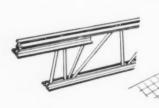
QUALITY CONSTRUCTION

begins with...



Quality controlled from open

hearth to finished product in the modern Laclede Mills,
these construction steels offer dependability of quality for
your construction needs



STEEL JOISTS

For strong . . . lightweight . . . economical construction. Spans to 40 feet.

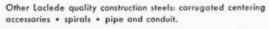
WELDED WIRE FABRIC

Cold drawn, welded automatically . . . in rolls or sheets.



MULTI-RIB ROUND REINFORCING BARS

With Laclede improved design for maximum anchorage... and numbered to meet latest ASTM A305 Specifications.





LACLEDE STEEL COMPANY

Title VIII housing for the Navy Above Severn River, Md. — Shreve Walker & Associates, architects; below Sigsby Park, Miami, Fla. — Garden Severud, architect. These are two examples of projects built on land leased from the government by private builder-sponsors for rental to Navy personnel



photographs of some of the projects completed under the program (two are shown on this page).

The greatest problem with Title VIII, according to the report, has been to design housing projects so that investment in construction costs would not require high rentals. The effort has been to keep rentals and the cost of utilities less than the rental allowances of both enlisted men and officers.

Nearly 20,000 units were completed or under construction by the end of last year. By the time the ultimate goal of 30,000 units is reached, the Navy will have induced private builders to invest approximately \$250 million in Title VIII, which permits the Navy to lease Government land to builder-sponsors who, in turn, construct rental housing at rents set by the Navy and for which the Navy has first priority.

Installations for which Title VIII housing is provided must be permanent.

(More news on page 312)

IT IS POSSIBLE TO BUILD BETTER and SAVE MONEY at the same time

• Nova-Vita Horizontal-Sliding Windows are revolutionaryoffer new advantages for every room.



. Homasote Big Sheets (up to 8' x 14') save time and labor in the sheathing of roofs and exterior walls.



 Nova Wall and Furniture Units-of many types-give more usable space in less total space.



• Homasote Underlayment is nailed directly to the ro flooring. No felt or pad is needed.



· Nova Roller Doors - for closets and passageways - are installed in less than 30 minutes.



• Sheathe and shingle in one operation with Nova Sidewalls and Roofs. Top quality: maximum economy.

· Architect, Designer or Builder . . . we invite the opportunity to prove to you that the products and materials here shownand others in addition-are among the soundest purchases you can specify or make.

Our claim to your attention is based upon three factors . . .

- (1) We have been selling building materials for the past 43 years—in all parts of the United States-serving, and in continuous contact with, thousands of architects, designers and builders. We know something about your problems.
- (2) In one period of our history, we spent more than half a million dollars on pure research—covering a good many problems the average builder or architect has never had the time to explore.
- (3) At another period, we were responsible for the construction of thousands of houses -in the fastest time ever accomplished, at the most economical cost.

As a result, each product here offered has been specifically designed and manufactured to be (at least) competitive in installed cost; to be unusually economical in maintenance costs: to outlast and outservice competitive products; to increase the investment value of the house-for mortgage or resale purposes; to add materially to the appearance of

Through our representatives-soundly trained-you draw upon tested methods for exterior and interior design, for the scheduling of all construction operations, for setting up either site or factory fabrication, for the coordination of any or all operations. Equally important, you profit further by buying many products and materials from one dependable source.

Currently in American Builder there is appearing a series of articles by Griffith S. Clark of our firm-dealing with many of the most difficult problems currently encountered in the field of home construction. The principles there presented are applicable to residences in every price group.

The coupon below will bring you illustrated, specification material on all Homasote and Nova Products. You entertain no obligation by sending in the coupon.

HOMASOTE COMPANY



NOVA SALES
O. Trenton 3, N. J.

HOMASOTE COMPANY, Trenton 3, N. J., Department 61C

Send detailed, illustrated literature on all Homasote-Nova products Have representative contact us

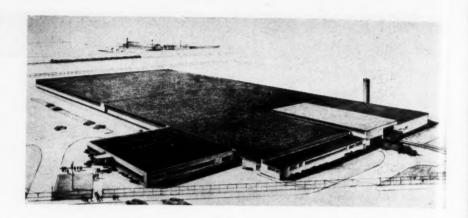
City & Zone...

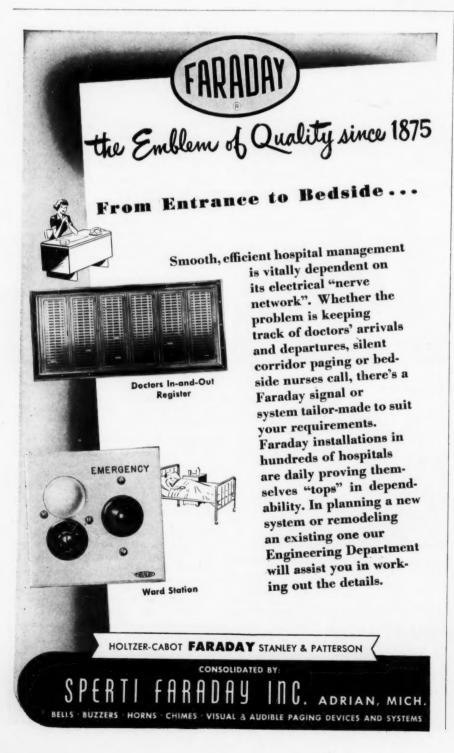
State

My lumber dealer is.....

(Continued from page 340)

Soon to be completed is the new Adjutant-General Publications Center Building on a 34-acre site in St. Louis County, Mo. Cost was estimated at \$2,300,000





ARMY GETS NEW BUILDING AS PUBLICATIONS CENTER

Soon to be completed on a 34-acre site in Overland, St. Louis County, Mo., is a new building to house the Adjutant General Publications Center of the U. S. Army.

Marcel Boulicault — Ralf Toensfeldt of St. Louis were the architects-engineers, under the direction of the Kansas City District of the Corps of Engineers.

The center will be a one-story structure, of permanent noncombustible construction with steel frame, precast concrete roof and masonry exterior walls ventilated with industrial-type steel sash.

The main building, 720 by 402 ft, will provide space for bulk and bin storage of Army publications; truck loading docks; receiving, distributing, packaging and shipping facilities; and a completely air conditioned and humidity-controlled printing plant. The building will be served by a 250-ft-long railroad dock in addition to covered space for five transport trucks.

The office area will consist of a 121 by 126-ft wing to the east of the main building and will provide a combination cafeteria-recreation room in addition to the administrative offices, stock control offices and library.

Heating will be by means of a coalfired steam system using ceiling-mounted heaters. All areas will have fluorescent lighting. The entire building will be protected by an automatic wet-type sprinkler system. Extensive paved parking areas will be provided for employes outside a security fence surrounding the building and adjacent paved storage areas.

Total construction cost, exclusive of land, was estimated at \$2,300,000. Construction started in April 1952.

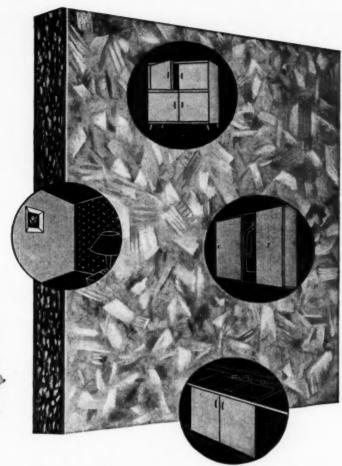
(More news on page 3/4)

Novoply*

WOOD MOSAIC PANEL

reflects the <u>care</u> you put into your homes!





New homes that say, "Open for Inspection" or "For Sale," do not stay on the market very long when beautiful Novoply has been used here and there around the building.

For versatile Novoply is a bit of a magician! It helps to make up an undecided home buyer's mind in favor of your house. And it sets off the spark that turns "lookers" into buyers, just like that! It reflects the care that has gone into the building of your houses.

So, consider Novoply in these ways:

First, Novoply's mosaic-wood-flake texture provides a *new kind* of beauty in good-looking natural colors; pine and redwood.

It combines a modern freshness with the traditional warmth of wood . . . making it *just* the material for exposed panels, for walls, screens, partitions, built-ins and fine furniture of many types.

Then consider its flatness! Novoply is remark-

ably warp-free, stays *permanently* flat. This makes it the number 1 material for many types of doors — especially sliding doors of closets, cupboards, cabinets and other interior uses.

Also, Novoply makes an ideal base for plastic laminates on counters and table tops.

And perhaps the most *surprising* thing about Novoply is its *low price!* This many-purpose material comes in 4'x8', 4'x6', 3'x8' and a wide range of smaller sizes in %" thickness, also 4'x8' in %" thickness. It can be easily worked by ordinary woodworking tools. Can be nailed, sawed, screwed, planed, drilled...stained, painted, veneered... or left natural.

Novoply is displayed in 60 United States Plywood and U.S.-Mengel Distribution units in principal cities. Or see this amazing material at your lumber dealer. Meanwhile, send the coupon for a free sample.

UNITED STATES PLYWOOD CORPORATION 55 West 44th Street, New York 36, N. Y.

Please send me a free sample of Novoply plus descriptive literature.

Address _____

State

Wildwige (

UNITED STATES PLYWOOD CORPORATION

World's Largest Plywood Organization

*Trade Mark Registered. Patented: other patents pending.

(Continued from page 342)

GOOD DESIGN IS CHEAP—AT PRATT STUDENT SHOW

One of the favorite cliches of the day took a vigorous beating from the secondyear design students of Pratt Institute's Interior Design Department in their recent exhibit "A Penny to a Dollar."

Good contemporary design can't be found at prices the "average" shopper





Most items in Pratt exhibit had cost far less than a dollar; none was more



In Canada—American Biltrite Rubber Co. (Canada) Ltd., Sherbrooke, Quebec

Affiliates . . . Biltrite Rubber Company, Chelsea 50, Mass. • American Tile & Rubber Co., Trenton 2, N. J. • Panther-Panco Rubber Co., Chelsea, Mass. • American Tile & Rubber Co. (Canada) Ltd., Sherbrooke, Quebec • Panther Rubber Co., Ltd., Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada.

Also makers of Biltrite NURON for Shoe Soles, Luggage and Accessories—and Biltrite Rubber Heels



26 COLOR SAMPLE KIT...YOURS ON REQUEST





can afford? Well, the Pratt students spent their spare time for a couple of weeks combing five-and-tens and hardware stores and department stores and came up with 160 items all costing less than a dollar and all having a perfect right to be in a "good design" show.

The collection ranged from kitchen utensils through glassware and dishes and knives and forks and spoons; it included ceramics, basketry and even such items as electric plugs and switch-plates.

The exhibit was arranged under the direction of Miss Eleanor Pepper, A.I.A., assistant professor and head of the Interior Design Department.

(More news on page 346)



Accurately rated, wind-driven Allen Turbine Ventilators are doing a note-Accurately rated, wind-driven Allen Turbine Ventilators are doing a note-worthy air-displacing job on commercial and industrial rooftops all over the country. Ruggedly built of prime sheets of heavy-gauge coated iron, (special, non-ferrous metals also available), these almost noiseless ventilators are in stock, ready for immediate delivery to you. Throat diameters, 6 to 48 inches. Economical to install and maintain, Allen Turbine Ventilators give maximum performance per dollar spent. Another type, motor-equipped Electro-Wind Turbine Ventilator, is available for use in areas where wind velocities are not always sufficient. Engineering assistance gladly furnished. Our repre-

sentatives are in most principal cities; names listed in our catalog in Sweet's Architectural File, Section 20b.



Write for catalog on complete line of roof ventilators.

RODUCTION PLANNING CO. ROCHESTER, MICHIGAN

Roof Ventilators for Every Commercial and Industrial Need

There is <u>no</u> substitute for



The Marble Institute of America protects your heritage in one of America's great industries. Each of its members is pledged to provide the finest of materials, finished in America, by Americans, no matter what its source. You can depend on the integrity of your local M.I.A. member.

Literature is available to assist you in your contact with clients. For this, or technical data, or for a complete list of M.I.A. members, write the Managing Director:

MARBLE MAIL NSTITUTE OF AMERICA, INC. 108 FORSTER AVENUE, MOUNT VERNON, N Y



It is accepted knowledge that poor acoustics and noise interference can strain even the best disposition.

FIR-TEX Perforated Acoustical Tile achieves "front row hearing for back row listeners" easily and economically. It is a finer material for sound control in church classrooms, libraries, gyms and auditoriums-engineered for quick, low-cost installation and maintenance. FIR-TEX Perforated Acoustical Tile traps noise like a blotter soaks up ink.

FIR-TEX Perforated Acoustical Tile is made of strong, tough wood fibers, felted together and pressed into a rigid tile in such a way as to preserve the natural air cells within the fibers and add millions more sound-absorbing cells between fibers. Exposed surface is then perforated for even greater sound absorption. Either ivory or white finish for maximum light reflection. It is also available with special

flame resistant surface at slight additional cost.

General Sales Office DANT & RUSSELL SALES CO. Equitable Bldg. Portland, Oregon

Eastern Sales Office DANT & RUSSELL SALES CO. 8 So. Michigan Ave. Chicago, Illinois





(Continued from page 344)

PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS OPENS NEW PAINT PLANT

The new paint manufacturing plant of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company in Atlanta is essentially a single-story structure on different levels — a radical departure from the multiple-story construction usually adopted for paint man-





Atlanta Plant, Pittsburgh Plate Glass; right, entrance; below: reception area



LUMBER COMPANY

3136 EAST WASHINGTON BOULEVARD . LOS ANGELES 23, CALIFORNIA

ANgelus 3-6931 • Cable Address: "ETCHWOOD" • Teletype: LA 642

CREATORS OF ORAMATIC, VERSATILE PRODUCTS!



ufacturing because of gravity flow requirements. Roberts & Company Associates of Atlanta were the architects; preliminary design was done by the design staff of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Paint Division under the supervision of Percy E. Knudsen.

The 130,000-sq-ft plant and office building is designed to provide several functional levels to speed indispensable gravity flow requirements in manufacturing operations. Railroad siding on the Central of Georgia is also provided on two levels to accelerate shipping and receiving.

A mezzanine floor is incorporated for grinding and straining. Ball and pebble mills are suspended on structural steel frames beneath the upper decking with easy access from above for charging raw materials. The plant is rated to produce 1,500,000 gallons annually and designed for future expansion without structural changes.

All office and laboratory space is air conditioned. All working areas are painted according to the Pittsburgh "Principles of Color Dynamics for Industry," which seek to utilize "the physiological and psychological factors of color energy . . . to promote . . . maximum efficiency as well as pleasant working conditions."

(More news on page 318)



Capacities from 1 to 3000 KVA

- . DISTRIBUTION . GENERAL PURPOSE
- DINIT SUBSTATION
 PHASE CHANGING
 ELECTRIC FURNACE
- RECTIFIER
 WELDING
 MOTOR STARTING
 SPECIAL



"Mark
of Quality

Piasecki Helicopter Corporation has installed Marcus dry type Transformers to do the vital power job in their big new plant at Morton, Pa.

They were selected because every detail of the Marcus dry type transformer is engineered for long life...and continuous, trouble-free performance. Latest contribution pioneered by Marcus for greater transformer durability is Hi-Heat, Hi-Dielectric Magnet Wire, insulated with DuPont's newest miracle polyester film "Mylar," combined with Johns-Manville "Quinterra" to reach insulation levels at least 10 times present industry standards.

MARCUS TRANSFORMER CO.
HILLSIDE 5 NEW JERSEY

ONE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF DRY TYPE TRANSFORMERS EXCLUSIVELY

See Sweet's Catalog for complete information on

Steeltex Lath

for stucco, masonry veneer, plaster and concrete floors

Pittsburgh Steel Products Company

a subsidiary of

Pittsburgh Steel Company

Grant Building

Pittsburgh 30, Pa.

LOOK AHEAD ... YEARS AHEAD!

Your customers will applaud your good judgment in selecting

CAST-IRON BURNHAM BASE-RAY

HERE'S WHY!

- 1. Only a fully waterbacked one piece casting like BASE-RAY° can deliver true radiant heat. No sheet metal false fronts or grilles to stop the true passage of radiant heat! Fully waterbacked°° BASE-RAY holds heat longer after burner goes off.
- 2. Only cast iron provides trouble-free service ... true long range economy. Sturdy cast iron is dent-proof and corrosion-proof. BASE-RAY'S permanent fins are cast as an integral part of the unit, will never jar loose.
- **3.** Only the smart streamlined appearance and minimum cross-section (2"x7") of BASE-RAY offers the ultimate in unobtrusiveness. That means better interior decor!



Whether it's a new installation or a modernization job, the pride, the comfort, and the satisfaction of your customer will best be served by this sturdy cast-iron BASE-RAY Radiant Baseboard installation. Standardize on BASE-RAY and your reputation for good judgment will never be in danger.

*Rev. U.S. Par. Off.

Burnham Corporation

BOILER DIVISION
IRVINGTON, NEW YORK
FIRST IN THE MANUFACTURE OF



Burnham Corporation Irvington, New York Please send me full information guide on BASE-RAY.	AR-43
Please send me full information guide on BASE-RAY.	and ratings
Name	
Address	
CityState	

(Continued from page 346)

17TH LINK-BELT PLANT OPENED AT COLMAR, PA.

Manufacture of custom-designed conveying and processing machinery has been put on a straight-line production basis in the new 300-sq-ft plant designed and built for Link-Belt Company by the Austin Company at Colmar, Pa.,



Link-Belt Company's 17th plant, near Colmar, Pa., 25 miles north of Philadelphia, puts manufacture of custom-designed conveying and processing machinery on a straight-line production basis

23 IN THE ENTRANCES TO STATLER CENTER

Los Angeles

the BALANCED DOOR



The Door that lets
TRAFFIC through QUICKLY

Ellison.

ELLISON BRONZE CO.

Jamestown, New York

representatives in 78 principal cities

the BALANCED DOOR

25 miles north of Philadelphia. The Colmar plant is Link-Belt's 17th.

The plant is 880 ft long, 300 ft wide, with a two-story office building. Craneways in four of five 60-ft production bays, with 32-ft clearances below trusses, extend under still higher transverse craneways in the receiving and shipping cross bays at either end.

Shipping Major Factor

Receiving and shipping areas are designed for efficient movement of truck and rail shipments. Reading Railway spurs run directly into the plant at each end. One of these sidings extends through the plant, enabling Link-Belt to store heavy materials in the graded area at the rear of the manufacturing plant.

The railroad sidings are set flush with the floors, permitting trucks as well as trains to use this space. Concrete roadways extend into the plant. In addition, depressed truck docks are provided at each end of the building.

Designed for Expansion

The layout, designed for an ultimate expansion to double the present manufacturing area, provides a plant with separate offices and toilet facilities and an office building including a cafeteria and medical dispensary.

The project also includes a complete sewage treatment plant, at the rear of the building site, with primary and secondary settling tanks and bio-filter. This equipment is manufactured by Link-Belt, and so it also serves as a laboratory and demonstration unit.

(More news on page 350)

mitchell lighting

easiest to install!

easiest to specify!



Save time, specify properly—
select MITCHELL quality lighting,
designed for time-saving
installation, low-cost maintenance, highest efficiency.
For easy planning, write for
these two data-packed
MITCHELL catalogs.



SEND FOR BOTH



"Dynalite" Lighting for Industry You'll find it easy to specify for any industrial installation. Choose from 82 *Bynalite* Job-Rated units...



Commercial Fluorescent Lighting More than 70 superb Commercial Luminaires, described in detail for quick, proper specification...

MITCHELL MANUFACTURING COMPANY

2525 N. Clybourn Ave. • Dept. 4-D • Chicago 14, Illinois

FOR BUILDINGS OF ALL TYPES

. . . first in efficiency, economy and client satisfaction



TODD BURNERS
GAS OR OIL



TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION

81-16 45th Avenue Elmhurst, Queens, N. Y.



BUYING

VENTILATORS? GET THE FACTS FIRST...

Ask for CERTIFIED Ratings...It's the only way you can be sure ventilator performance will measure up to the ratings claimed for it.

Ask for Ratings Based on VARIABLE Wind Conditions...if you want a ventilator that performs efficiently under all wind conditions. Ratings of most ventilators are based on horizontal wind tests only, or tests made at favorable angles. Many ventilators down-draft at other angles.

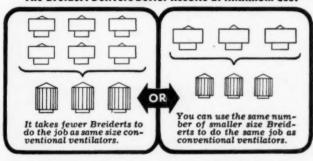


Patent No. 2269428

Certified tests show that the actual capacities of Breidert Air-X-Hausters are greater than published ratings (barring interior negative pressures). Stationary, no moving parts, nothing to jam or get out of order. The Breidert is the pioneer ventilator to publish certified ratings based on tests made with wind blowing in all directions.



The Breidert Delivers Better Results at Minimum Cost



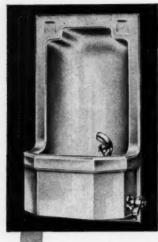
Get all the facts! Write today for complete Engineering Data Book, including certified capacity ratings. Address Dept. F

Every businessman should read "Plain Facts and Simple Figures," written by G. C. Breidert. This thought-provoking article pertains to the problems of every American businessman. The first twenty lines will open your eyes! Write for a free copy.

THE G. C. BREIDERT CO.

3129 San Fernando Road, Los Angeles 65, Calif.
Representatives in principal cities throughout the U.S.

*By Pittsburgh Testing Laboratories



Always Specify

for Highest Quality

A complete line of fountains, electric water coolers, faucets, filters and accessories. • Individual or multiple installations. A reputation for reliability since 1909. • Check in Sweet's or write for complete HAWS catalog.

HAWS DRINKING FAUCET CO.

1441 FOURTH STREET (Since 1909) BERKELEY 10, CALIFORNIA

PLANNING A HOSPITAL?

THIS FREE BOOKLET WILL PROVE VALUABLE TO YOU planning a hospital, Aloe Equipment Layout and Planning Service provides assistance in preparing layouts and detailed information concerning fixed equipment exclusively related to hospitals; i.e., cabinets and casework, sterilizers, operating lights, x-ray view boxes, central suction systems, etc. A. S. Aloe Company AND SUBSIDIARIES 1831 Olive St., St. Louis 3, Mo. mail Send your Free brochure: Hospital Equipment and Planning Service. today



THE MERCOID CORPORATION 4201 BELMONT AVE. CHICAGO 41, ILL



Hotel Pittsburgher_

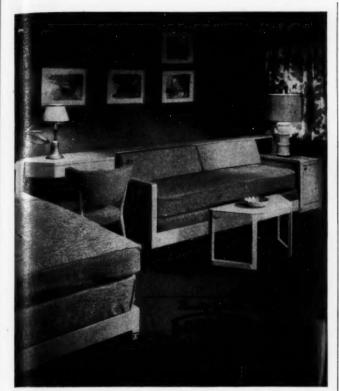


Right in the heart of town

Make the PITTSBURGHER your stopping place on every motor trip. Located right in the heart of town . . . easily reached from all major highways. Enjoy the finest in modern facilities, too . . . 400 rooms each with free radio, bath and circulating ice water; 125 rooms with televi-

sion. Garage service.

JOSEPH F. DUDDY, MANAGER



South Bend, Ind.: The Morris Inn is a new hotel on the Notre Dame Campus. Old grads being pretty much the same all over, furniture tops in the 92 rooms are beautiful and rugged Formica. Among its many other virtues, Formica is alcohol proof.

Holabird & Root & Burgee, Architects
Formica Furniture, Romweber Co. via B. Altman



Tilt-up, a fast, economical method of concrete construction, is adaptable to buildings of one story or more. It reduces form building to a minimum. Wall panels are cast flat on the concrete floor with simple edge forms, then tilted up into position with hoists or power cranes. Cast-in-place piers and beams tie the panels into one unit.

For more information, write for free technical bulletins. Distributed only in the U.S. and Canada.

PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION

Dept. A4-8, 33 W. Grand Ave., Chicago 10, III.

A national organization to improve and extend the uses of portland cement and concrete . . . through scientific research and engineering field work

THEY SAY: "It's Crir Conditioning at its very best"











Ready-Power air-conditioning is ideal for churches

Wherever used, Ready-Power has met the test of operating efficiency to the full satisfaction of the user.

Ready-Power air conditioning equipment is planned and designed to meet the most exacting requirements with the lowest possible operating costs.

Ready-Power design permits continuous operation at varying speeds, which is far superior to "on and off" types. This means that the air conditioning system performs at reduced capacity allowing for a constant dehumidification of the fresh air supply.

The dependable and economical performance of Ready-Power has been proved in hundreds of installations. Names of users will be furnished on request.

READY-POWER CO. DETROIT 14, MICH. 11231 FREUD AVE.

facturers of Gas and Diosel Engine Driven Generators and Air Condi-g Units; Gas and Diosel Electric Power Units for Industrial Trucks.

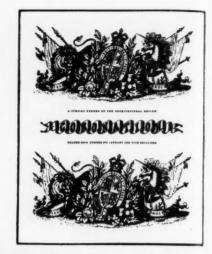
(Continued from page 348)

PERIODICAL REPORT

The Architectural Review

January 1953

A preview of things to come this June and a review of things that have been are both offered in a special Coronation issue of the Review. In fact, there is more of the latter than the former, for the editors of the magazine take the opportunity at the beginning of England's new Elizabethan era to take stock of the development of design in fields where the Crown has been directly concerned. As their foreword to the issue puts it: "As well as being an occasion for loyal celebrations of all kinds, the Coronation inaugurates a reign and thus a regime, and presents an opportunity of taking stock of many things that, under a changed regime, may themselves be expected to undergo changes." As the ed-



British Coat of Arms, with lion and unicorn, featured on cover of the Review's special Coronation issue

itors point out, some of these, such as stamps and coins, change automatically, since they must bear likenesses of the new sovereign; and other categories of design may be expected to be influenced by the fresh tastes of the younger generation of royalty. "By far the largest category, however, in architecture and the other applied arts," the foreword continues, "consists of those products which there is no compulsion to change unless it is realized how badly an improvement is needed. Many objects answer to this description, and the present issue . . . is in part a plea for celebrating the new reign by a great national effort to improve the design of everything which, directly or indirectly, is the responsibility of the Crown. Some things need attention more urgently than others; hence the present necessity of taking stock."

With this as their guiding principle, several authors examine particular aspects of the Crown's influence in design, tracing the history and development of the products in several design categories. Lionel Brett contributes an examination of recent official architecture. Misha Black examines official British taste in furniture and furnishings, comparing it with official taste in other countries, including the United States and Sweden, and with commercial practice. The development and decline of design of coats of arms, stamps and money is traced by Charles Hasler. Coronation celebrations and decorations are discussed in another article by Misha Black and illustrated with photographs of past Coronations and sketches and photographs of designs and decorations for the forthcoming ceremony. Finally, Barbara Jones contributes an article on royal trans-

(Continued on page 356)



Dramatic new designs with RILCO Laminated BEAMS and V COLUMNS

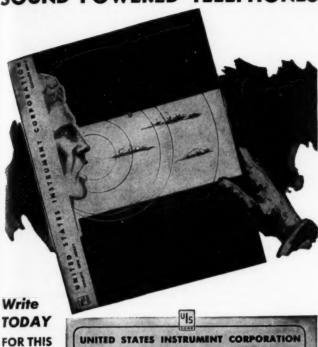
RILCO laminated beams and V columns LOOK expensive, so they're particularly valuable when you want a fine building at moderate cost. The richness of the wood warms and softens utilitarian structures . . . gives a luxurious, inviting atmosphere.

Yet the material cost is surprisingly low. And all members are smoothly-surfaced, precision cut and drilled for assembly hardware, to make erection fast and simple.

These custom fabricated beams and columns offer unlimited possibilities in designs of all types and costs. For information on specific installations, write for literature or see our 16-page catalog in Sweets.



modernize your communications . . . without batteries SOUND POWERED TELEPHONES



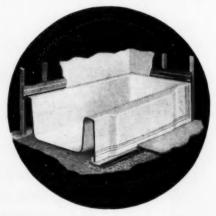
For further information, consult Sweet's file, or write: GLIDE WINDOWS, INC. 7453 VARNA AVENUE.

NORTH HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA

Glide is unequalled

YOU CAN THE This Leak Protection your bath at small additiona

CATALOG DEPT. S



No more cracks at tub rims. No more leaks. Guaranteed for the life of the building because Hanger is built into wall and holds tub securely for its entire length. No repair expense.

The exclusive leak-proof filler seals the tub edges, makes water penetration impossible.

THE LUCKE LEAK-PROOF BATH TUB HANGER

Designed, Manufactured, Patented exclusively by

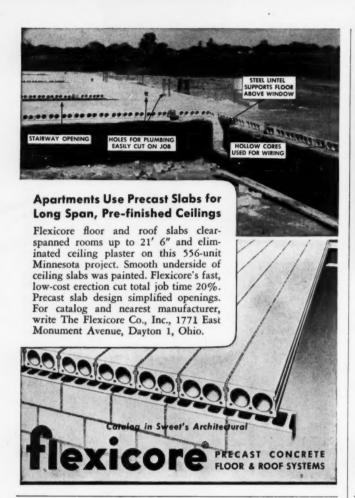
WILLIAM B. LUCKE, INC.

WILMETTE, ILL.

Minneapolis New Orleans

San Francisco Los Angeles

Glide is only horizontal sliding and commercial size for residential Testing Laboratories. Feature for feature, Air Infiltration test set up by the Pittsburgh unit that has passed the rigid sliding unit. Glide units are made in any required There is no equal to this packaged aluminum horizontal the original sliding aluminum windows and doors.



For
Air Conditioning
and Refrigeration
You Specify Satisfaction
When You Specify . . .



Curtis

PACKAGE and REMOTE UNITS

Information in SWEET'S

Backed by Almost a Century of Experience

For Your Copy of New Architect's Manual Write:

CURTIS REFRIGERATING MACHINE DIVISION
of Curtis Manufacturing Company 729

1986 KIENLEN AVENUE . ST. LOUIS 20, MISSOURI

21 Veteran Administration HOSPITALS



preferred AUTH signaling, communication and protective systems

AUTH signalling, communication and protective systems for Hospitals are backed by over 50 years experience in the field. Nurses' Call, Doctors' Paging and Staff Register Systems; Attendants Emergency Alarm Systems for Neuro-Psychiatric Patients; Centrally Controlled Clock Systems; Fire Alarm Systems; Inter-Communicating Telephones, Vocalcall Systems for voice communication between patient and nurse; Night Lights and Ground Detector Panels—this and other AUTH equipment has proven its value whenever comfort, safety and hospital efficiency are prime considerations.

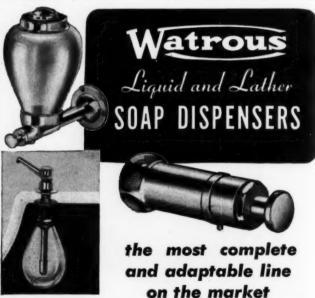


Write for FREE literature.

COMPLETE SYSTEMS ONE RESPONSIBILITY

UTH ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.

34-20 45th St., Long Island City 1, N.Y.



Long known and long respected, Watrous Soap Dispensers cover every need — from individual wall or lavatory dispensers to valves, tanks and fittings for gravity systems. Made of finest materials, and refined through years of experience, the Watrous line assures dependable, trouble-free service.

See our Catalog in Sweets Write for catalog. Your local Watrous representative will be glad to cooperate with you in any way possible.

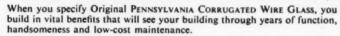
THE IMPERIAL BRASS MFG. CO. 1240 W. Harrison St., Chicago 7, III.

Made by the makers of WATROUS Flush Valves

lighten your overhead

with

CORRUGATED WIRE GLASS



- You build in Efficient Lighting .. softly diffused daylight in either white or heat absorbing actinic glass, eliminating harsh shadows, glare
- You build in Low Maintenance...a skylight with nothing to corrode, nothing to replace, nothing to re-paint
- You build in STRUCTURAL STRENGTH . . . heavy, corrugated glass, with wire encased, standing firm under the most punishing machinery vibrations

Original Pennsylvania Corrugated Wire Glass Construction is a complete unit of glass and sheet metal parts. Standard width sheets measure 27¾ Installation is made without supplementary frames—Corrugated Wire Glass is applied directly on wood, steel or concrete.



Write to Dep't. R43 for your FREE copy of Catalog 16A for illustrated suggestions on the use of Original Pennsyl-vania Corrugated Wire Glass in Skylights and Sawtooth Constructions. Or—send us a rough sketch of your problem. Our engineers will gladly suggest a solution.



PENNSYLVANIA WIRE GLASS COMPANY

5 1 2 MARKET ST.

Representatives in Principal Cities

YOUNG GAS UNIT HEATERS

FEATURING...ALUMINIZED STEEL COMBUSTION CHAMBER AND HEAT EXCHANGER



- Corrosion-resistant Heat Exchanger is one-piece welded aluminized steel construction with inter-changer tubes dimpled to stop warmup noises.
- Non-corrosive aluminized steel Combustion Chamber and interchanger are welded into a single, leakproof assembly.
- Aluminum four-bladed propeller type fan is accurately formed and balanced to deliver maximum volume of air quietly.

Designed for all-around heating comfort and maximum fuel economy, Young Gas-Fired Unit Heaters are available in seven popular sizes, ranging in capacities from 70,000 to 230,000 Btu/hr input. These light weight, modern Gas Unit Heaters feature all-welded, corrosion-resistant aluminized steel Combustion Chamber and Heat Exchanger.

Other Young Unit Heaters for steam or hot water systems include "Vertiflow," Horizontal and Cabinet models. For details or catalog, see your Young Representative.

Get This Book! Catalog No. 2752

Young

Dept. 613-D • Racine, Wisconsin Factories at Racine, Wis. and Mattoon, III. Sales and Engineering Representatives in



Beautiful - Versatile - Economical HASTANCE Studies alumitile

PLAIN AND MARBELIZED FINISH

No wonder more and more people are asking for this smart, modern metal wall tile. No wonder that more and more dealers, contractors and architects are recommending it daily.



22 DECORATOR COLORS

HASTINGS alumitile is supplied in over 25 different shapes and sizes with lustrous enamel finish permanently bonded to durable aircraft aluminum . . . fireproof, waterproof . . . won't crack, chip, peel or corrode. Easy to apply, easy to sell. Also a complete line of beautiful plastic tile available in lovely colors.

Write TODAY

for samples, prices and complete information on this attractive, scientifically tested, heavy duty wall facing. Compare its quality and cost with all others.



METAL TILE PRODUCTS, INC. Dept. 402 Hastings, Michigan Send samples and complete information on HASTINGS alumitile. I am DEALER DISTRIBUTOR CONTRACTOR ARCHITECT Name

where noise transmission must be controlled...let

RIVERBANK

SOUND DOORS

share your responsibility

With RIVERBANK DOORS, there's no need for "guessing" how much noise or sound you can eliminate from doorway openings. These sound insulating doors are pre-measured for sound reduction so that you know in advance just what the final noise factor of the room will be. RIVERBANK DOORS come in 35, 40 and 43 decibel degrees of transmission loss - For example, the noise level from a stenographic room of 70 decibels can be reduced to 30 decibels, or made practically inaudible, by using a RIVERBANK "40" door. Specified by leading architects and acoustical engineers for TV and radio studios, music and band rooms, schools, hospitals, doctors' and private business offices. Write for details or consult ARCHITECTURAL FILE 16c











STANDARD SOLID CORE DOORS, TOO!

In addition to RIVERBANK sound insulating Doors, we specialize in doors such as solid core flush doors, fire doors, X-ray and shielded doors for all types of private and public buildings. Most important to you — all HARD-WOOD DOORS are made-to-order for your job!



New Folder
Especially
prepared to
acquaint your
clients with
RIVERBANK
Doors is now
ready - Write
for Free copy.
OFFICES IN
NEW YORK
BOSTON

HARDWOOD

PRODUCTS
CORPORATION DOORS

HARDWOOD PRODUCTS CORPORATION . NEENAH . WISCONSIN

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 352)

port, in which the personal coaches, cars, ships, trains and airplanes of British royalty through the years are examined, illustrated and, again, compared with examples drawn from other countries.

"This issue," the foreword sums up. "frankly criticizes the low level of much design that is perpetrated in the name of the Crown, but it must not be inferred that attempts to improve design are not being made, equally in the name of the Crown. Indeed the last ten years have seen a concentration of official efforts to improve design on a scale not seen in this country since Prince Albert. . . . It is not, in fact, the will that is lacking but the way: the means of canalizing into the channels that need it most, the refreshing flow of skill and enthusiasm that contemporary designers undoubtedly possess. This is the process which the new era that will begin with the Coronation of Elizabeth II could most appropriately inaugurate."

AMERICANS ABROAD

• "V Ameriki Franka Lloyda Wrighta" (translation "In the America of"). Under this heading appears an article by Marjan Sorli in the No. 6, 1952, issue of Arhitekt, the Yugoslavian magazine of architecture, planning and applied arts. The author paid a visit to the illustrious American and here sets down his impressions, which, in the English summary, run as follows:

"The author enjoyed to be Mrs. and Mr. Wright's guest for some days. After being studying American housing production for some months, his stay in Taliesin West in Arizona was an opportunity to see American architecture from a different point of view. There is probably no better way to learn organic architecture as to be its inhabitant for a day or two to observe how Wright's ideas, as placement of the building in proper relation to its natural environment, use of materials respecting their nature, continuity of space and plasticity, human scale, and interpretation of life, are put into play." The article is illustrated with photographs of Taliesin West.

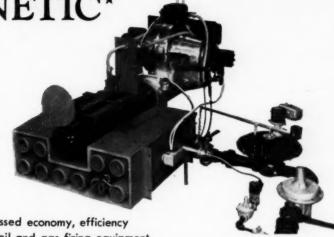
• In Edilizia Moderna No. 49, December 1952, an issue devoted entirely to office structures, appear two items of Ameri-

(Continued on page 360)

WEBSTER DUONETIC* BURNER

tor

DUAL **FUEL** FIRING



The WEBSTER DUONETIC* now offers unsurpassed economy, efficiency and trouble-free operation in the combination oil and gas firing equipment field. Never before have both fuels been burned so well so simply. You can rely on the usual WEBSTER quality to provide you with the best. Both burners employ electric ignition; constant electric ignition on the oil burner, and electric ignition for the gas burner safety pilot.

WRITE FOR LITERATURE

The WEBSTER ENGINEERING COMPANY

TULSA, OKLAHOMA Division of SURFACE COMBUSTION CORPORATION, Toledo, Ohio

SAVE Maintenance AND Towel Costs WITH



ELIMINATES

FIRE HAZARD!

MAINTENANCE permanent solution to washroom sanitation and drying problems—and SAVES UP to 85% of WASHROOM COSTSI All Sani-Dri Electric Dryers are GUARANTEED, and have carried the Underwriter's Seal of Approval for over 18 years!

SEND FOR NEW BROCHURE showing all models and installation pictures.

Distributors in Principal Cities

THE CHICAGO HARDWARE FOUNDRY CO.

"Dependable Since 1897" 8453 Commonwealth Ave. • North Chicago, Ill. In your specifications be sure to

Add Permanence with Construction with MARMET

ALUMINUM DELUXE RIBBON WINDOWS



and

GLASS BLOCK VENTILATORS

A PRACTICAL window that provides A ventilation and vision for glass block construction, Marmet Ventilators enhance beauty as well as utility of glass block panels and walls. They are sturdy, corrosion resistant, welded construction, weathertight, have removable sash, deep glass rabbett, fine hardware ... frames available in extruded aluminum, stainless steel and heavy gauge mild steel ... available in stock sizes, although special sizes may be built in quantity lots to meet your specifications.

Write for catalog No. 32 that gives complete details



NARMET Corporation
WAUSAU WISCONSIN

Design in-



Cooled, dehumidified air in summer . . . heated, humidified air in winter

plus

filtered, circulated air all year 'round-with

HEATING . AIR CONDITIONING for HOMES, BUSINESS, INDUSTRY

mp Division, Chrysler Corporation





Year 'Round Air Conditions

Don't leave your ...

BUILDINGS

GET THIS FREE **BOOKLET ON HOW TO** PROTECT AGAINST BACKWATER

In the buildings you plan, you provide proper protection against water on the roof, along the walls, at the foundation. It's just as vital to provide proper protection below ground level-against the hazards



of backwater which can cause thousands of dollars of damage to the building when sewers become flooded. Don't leave any building you plan "half-safe"—guard against the everpresent danger of backwater by installing Josam Backwater Valves! They provide permanent protection. Get complete details by sending the coupon below today.

JOSAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY Dept. AR, Michigan City, Indiana Representatives in Principal Cities



Please	send	free	literature	on	Backwate	er 🔻	
NAME							
FIRM							
ADDRESS							
CITY					ZONE	STATE	

APPROVED!!

It is a great satisfaction to us to note this one word stamped on details prepared by our Engineering Department featuring STORE FRONTS, DOORS AND EN-TRANCES or special work in fully Extruded Alumilited Aluminum.

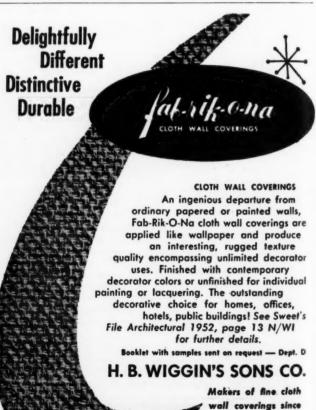
It must also be a great satisfaction to our customers.

Competitive in DESIGN Competitive in PRICE



a symbol of quality and service

TAUNTON, MASSACHUSETTS U. S. A.



Bloomfield, N. J.

HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS vs. RIVETS

High strength bolts are replacing rivets in modern construction. Field connections can be made more economically with high strength bolts. While the bolts cost more than rivets initially, the assembled cost is much lower.

Write RB&W for further information. Plants at: Port Chester, N. Y., Coraopolis, Pa., Rock Falls, Ill., Los Angeles, Calif. Sales offices at: Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Chicago, Dallas, San Francisco. Sales agents: Portland, Seattle.

RUSSELL, BURDSALL & WARD BOLT AND NUT COMPANY

RB&W 108 YEARS MAKING STRONG THE THINGS THAT MAKE AMERICA STRONG

TWO WIRING DEVICES

TO INCLUDE IN YOUR SPECIFICATIONS

FOR SAFE, NEAT, MODERN ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

REMEMBER THESE TWO



WIRING DEVICES

CLOCK HANGERS provide safe, sure electrical connections and mechanical supports in a single unit. The recessed receptacle eliminates dangling cords; permits the clock to hang flush over the outlet.

POLARIZED RANGE OUTLETS provide an added safety factor by insuring correct polarity at all times. Straight-in wiring with solderless connections makes wiring fast and easy.

easy.

Above devices are available in brown Bakelite or Ivorylite with matching wall plates
designed in the new Uniline design for complete architectural uniformity with wall
switch and receptacle.

For further information that will help make
your specifications easier and more complete,
send for the H & H Wiring Device Catalog,
Idea folder also available.

Just write to: 1904 Laurel Street, Hartford 6,

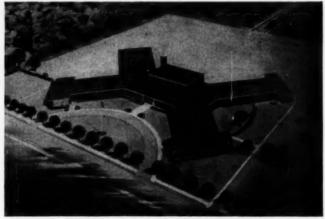


No. 7896-I

WIRING BEVICES

HART & HEGEMAN DIVISION THE ARROW-HART & HEGEMAN ELECTRIC CO. HARTFORD 6, CONNECTICUT

ENCLOSED SWITCHES



The Northside School at Levittown, New York, heated by radiant heat. Frederic P. Wiedersum, Architect; Courter & Co., Heating Contractors; Piping by Carl Pipe Bending Corporation.

RADIANT HEAT PIPING "A PACKAGED JOB" IN NORTHSIDE SCHOOL

Architect saves money, gets better heating by having all pipe fabricated in one shop

Packaged jobs like this saved time and money for Frederic P. Wiedersum of New York City and Valley Stream, Long Island, in the Northside School and a number of other important Long Island schools. In every case the pipe was fabricated and furnished by Carl Pipe Bending Corporation, specialists in bending and welding pipe for modern radiant heating systems.

Architects all over the country are taking advantage of the special techniques developed by Carl Pipe Bending Corporation. They know that on-thejob fabrication costs more and is less reliable. Standardize your radiant heat installations on a quality plane . . . have coils fabricated with as few radii as possible by taking advantage of the Carl Pipe Bending packaged system and save substantial sums.

A file-size booklet, giving concise, basic information to enable you to design economical, uniformbend, trouble-free radiant heat installations, has been prepared by Carl Pipe Bending Corporation. It is yours for the asking. Use coupon below.

ARI	PIPE BENDING
	CORPORATION
	LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.
	Pipe technologists and fabricators

CARL PIPE BENDING CORPORATION 43-50 Tenth Street, Long Island City; N. Y.
Please sand me booklet on radiant heat pipe layout.
###
Tity Side

TO COMBAT CORROSION

Specify

TAPECOAT

...the Original Coal Tar
Tape Protection for Pipe,
Pipe Joints, Couplings
and Tanks



TAPECOAT is a coal tar coating with a tar-saturated, close-woven fabric as a carrier for easy application, providing a *natural* protection against corrosion.

TAPECOAT serves as both bond and protection...requires no foreign adhesive.

TAPECOAT resists moisture, acids, alkalis, soil stress, electrolysis, chemical fumes, fly ash, salt water, salt-laden air, barnacles and other severe corrosive and abrasive conditions.

TAPECOAT is clean to handle and easy to apply by spiral or "cigarette" wrapping with the use of a torch to bleed the coating for a bond to the surface. It cuts maintenance and replacement costs.

SIZED TO THE JOB

TAPECOAT comes in rolls of 2", 3", 4", 6", 18" and 24" widths to meet varying requirements.

TAPECOAT has proved its dependability for gas and oil companies, railroads, telephone companies, air lines, ship builders and operators, water and sewage works, chemical and industriel plants, engineers and contractors... in combating corrosion both underground and above ground.

PROVED IN SERVICE SINCE 1941

Write for descriptive brochure and prices

The TAPECOAT Company

Originators of Coal Tar Tape Protection

1547 Lyons Street, Evanston, Illinois

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 356)

cana. The first is a brief discussion by Richard Neutra of office architecture in the United States. Part of Mr. Neutra's article is a description of the planning and construction of his office building for the Northwestern Mutual Fire Association in Seattle. The article is generously illustrated with photographs of the building. The other American structure presented in the magazine is Lever House, Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Architects, which is the subject of an illustrated six-page article by Bice Crova. Also of special interest to American architects is a presentation of the new office building in Rome for the Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations.

- · The Architect's Journal for January 15. 1953, features a roundup review of architecture abroad (abroad from Britain, that is) by Fello Atkinson. Buildings in Finland, Italy, Germany, Holland, Brazil, Mexico, the United States, the British West Indies, British Guiana, Kenya and Niger are included. American structures described and pictured: Lever House, Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Architects; United Nations Secretariat and Assembly Hall, Wallace K. Harrison, Director of Planning; a house in New Canaan, Conn., Marcel Breuer, Architect; a house on the Hudson River, Philip Johnson, Architect; chapel at the Illinois Institute of Technology and Lakeshore Apartments, both in Chicago and both by Mies Van der Rohe.
- The Alcoa Building, Harrison & Abramovitz, Architects, is given a four-page presentation in the January 1953 issue of the Japanese magazine Sinkentiku. The article is substantially a reprint of the presentation which appeared in Architectural Record, August 1952, pages 120–127. Another feature in the magazine is a residence designed for the Reader's Digest in Tokyo by Antonin Raymond and L. L. Rado, and David L. Leavitt.
- Lever House again. This time the much-published Skidmore, Owings & Merrill structure receives a four-page presentation in the No. 73, 1952, issue of the Spanish Magazine Cortijos Y Rascacielos. The magazine also features on its cover a color photograph of the Prudential Building in Los Angeles, Wurdeman & Becket, Architects.

(More news on page 364)

LOOKING



FOR TOP QUALITY DOORS?





are all-metal, weatherproof, economical and practical.

BILCO WATERPROOF SIDEWALK DOORS

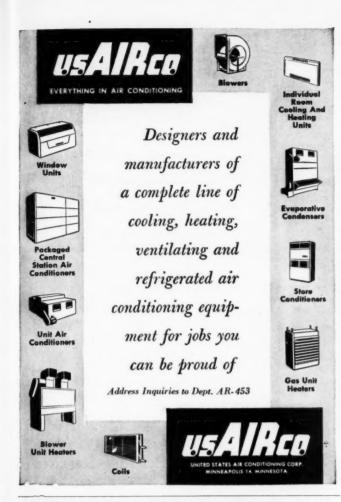


have concealed lifting springs to give easy, one hand operation.

Look to BILCO for outstanding quality of workmanship and finest materials. BILCO superiority is recognized by leading architects everywhere.

For more information see Sweet's Catalog or write direct to the BILCO CO., 106 Hallock Ave., New Haven, Conn.

Bilco





JUST A SECOND

TO LOAD



AND LOADED WITH SAVINGS!

Built for quick, easy and less frequent servicing, this handsome Nibroc towel cabinet is cutting maintenance costs in many of America's finest buildings. It holds up to 50% more towels and can be mounted to practically any wall surface without drilling.

Nibroc towels pull costs down even further because one towel dries thoroughly—fewer are used. They are soft, lint-free, highly absorbent and unusually strong when wet. Nibroc cabinets and towels are distributed nationally—coast to coast.

For samples and detailed information write Dept. NH4, Boston.

NIBROC TOWELS Dry Drier—Faster!

BROWN



COMPANY, Berlin, New Hampshire CORPORATION, La Tuque, Quebec

General Sales Offices:

150 Causeway Street, Boston 14, Mass. Dominion Square Building, Montreal, Quebec

SOLKA & CELLATE PULPS • SOLKA-FLOC • NIBROC PAPERS NIBROC TOWELS • NIBROC KOWTOWLS • BERMICO SEWER PIPE, CONDUIT & CORES • ONCO INSOLES • CHEMICALS



Write for complete catalogs to: Prescolite, 2229 Fourth Street, Berkeley 10, California



- A 1 Architectural
- R-7 Recessed
- S-2 Swivel



PRESCOLITE MANUFACTURING CORPORATION Berkeley, Calif. Neshaminey, Pa.









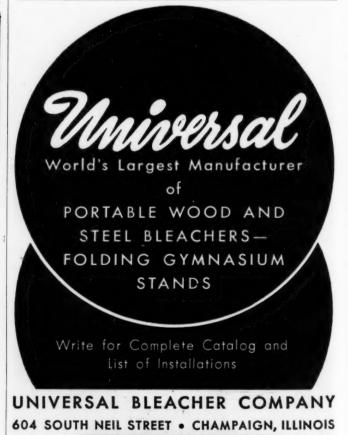
AS CLOSURE



LIGHT CONTROL

WRITE TODAY: for Swatches, Colors, Prices TROPICRAFT of San Francisco Dept. AR-4, 14 Sherwood Place, S. F. 3

in natural or painted to order.



NEW DESIGN!

THERMADOR

ELECTRIC HEATERS



BETTER THAN EVER. Smartly redesigned grille, top located switches, easy access oil duct, and neon on-off indicator are important new features in Thermador electric room heaters.

SIMPLIFIED HEAT PLANNING. Thermador heaters require no central heating plant, no ducts or flues. You can locate heaters anywhere you like.

EASY HEAT INSTALLATION. Unit installs easily between standard 16" O.C. studs without extra framing ... requires no special job preparation except adequate wiring...grille can be painted on the job to match any finish.

be painted on the job to make any the state of the temperature in every room. The fan provides rapid dispersion of heat...cools during summer.



Safe, clean, comfortable and surprisingly inexpensive write us for full information.



THERMADOR ELECTRICAL MFG. CO. 5119 District Boulevard · Los Angeles 22, California





for the MAN ON THE JOB!

84 pages crammed with ideas, pictures and data on how to frame, hang, support and mount all kinds of mechanical and electrical equipment.



Perfect for the man on the job—most useful, too, for the engineer, architect, draftsman, contractor or builder. Just pocket size, easy to handle, always within reach when you want it. Order your free copy of the New Unistrut Catalog No. 800 today—no obligation!

UNISTRUT PRODUCTS COMPANY

1013 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago 7, Illinois

Finished Designs

CRSI

DESIGN HANDBOOK

OF REINFORCED CONCRETE MEMBERS

All Worked Out!

NO FORMULAS NO CALCULATING

Start with
Load and
Span Data—
Read Off
Finished
Designs
Directly!

CONCRETE REINFORCING STEEL INSTITUTE PAGES

5.00

PARTIAL CONTENTS

- FLOOR SYSTEMS
 Solid slabs stair
 slabs beams •
 concrete joists twoway flat slabs (square
 panels)
- COLUMNS Square tied • round and square spirally reinforced
- FOOTINGS Square footings • pile footings
 combined footings
- RETAINING WALLS and AREAWAYS Earth and water pressures • cantilever retaining walls • basement walls
- MISCELLANEOUS TABLES
 Bars—weights and areas, combinations, etc. slab areas wire mesh design constants beam tables uniform loads rigid frame values contents of warehouses accessories, etc.

Here is a "must" book for every engineer and designer working with reinforced concrete. It reduces design of members to simple table references, and eliminates time-consuming calculations.

"CRSI Design Handbook"
has tables covering every type
of reinforced concrete member, including floor systems,
columns, footings, etc. You
just apply load and span
figures to the correct tables, then read off directly your concrete dimensions and steel data.
Latest building codes
followed. A valuable
designing tool!

Prepared under the direction of the Committee on Engineering Practice

SEND FOR YOUR COPY . . . TODAY!

Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute

38 South Dearborn St., Chicago 3, Ill.

I am enclosing \$5.00. Please send me a copy of "CRSI Design Handbook." If not completely satisfied, I will return the book within ten days for a full refund. (No C. O. D. orders accepted.)

NAME_

ADDRESS

CITY_

STATE



A NEW DOUBLE PURPOSE TOILET STALL DOOR LOCK AND AUTOMATIC SELF - CLEANING CIGARETTE SHELF & ASH TRAY





PUSH TO LOCK . . . the clean cigarette shelf drops automatically, ready for use.

RAISE SHELF TO OPEN
. . . ashes and butts are automatically emptied into large concealed continuous

- by insuring security and cleanliness in one compact unit.
- SAVES COSTLY MAN HOURS—in the time and labor spent in cleaning public washrooms.
- REDUCES REPLACEMENT COSTS—by eliminating the replacing or repainting of fixtures marred by lighted cigarettes.
- CEE-LOC IS THEFT-PROOF— though easily installed, not one screw can be seen or located by the public.
- GUARANTEED—Every CEE-LOC, when installed according to directions, is guaranteed for one year against both BREAKAGE and THEFT.

Manufactured by the Electric-Aire Engineering Corp., specialists with 31 years of experience in the research, engineering and development of washroom service products.

AVAILABLE ON REQUEST—Cee-Loc Brochure, Specifications and Prices.

WRITE DIRECT TO DEPT. AR

ELECTRIC-AIRE ENGINEERING CORP.

209 W JACKSON BLVD. • CHICAGO 6 ILL

ELECTRIC AIRE Co. of CANADA
664 IALBOT STREET ST THOMAS ONTARIO

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 360)

NEW MURAL TECHNIQUE: STEEL WOOL ON METAL

Nikos Bel-Jon, Greek-born San Francisco artist, uses steel wool on sheet metal — usually aluminum or tin — to do murals which have the appearance of reliefs and which are both pliable and movable.

A drawing the exact size of the mural is perforated so the design can be traced on the metal by dusting it with charcoal. Then comes the steel wool, which BelJon uses with a wide variety of strokes as he would use different colors and shades in doing an oil painting.

Two Bel-Jon murals hang in St. Francis Hospital Pharmacy in San Francisco; one decorates the door of the pilot's cabin on an airplane; four have been done for Henry J. Kaiser.



Muralist at work: Bel-Jon and steel wool; below: one of his murals



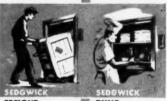
ifting loads for 60 years

SEDGWICK vertical transportation equipment has been specified by three generations of architects — to move loads from floor to floor—to make better use of space — to give one-floor convenience in dwellings. Sedgwick safety, dependability and economy are the result of six decades of technical improvement.



CORRESPOND-ENCE LIFTS for high-speed transmission of letters, orders, other light loads. Also parcel lifts for heavier loads.

SIDEWALK ELEVATORS dependable transportation of loads to and from basement, Standard capacity up to 2500 lbs.



FREIGHT-WAITERS for loads too heavy for dumb waiters, yet not heavy enough for expensive freight elevators.

WAITERS
for industry, hospitals, hotels, restaurants, schools, banks, stores, etc. Undercounter or regular.



RESIDENCE ELEVATORS often recommended by physicians. A basic consideration in remodeling older dwellings.

STAIR-TRAVELORS
a safe, economical way to avoid stair climbing. Widely used in homes with straight stairways.

when there's more than one floor...
think of
Sedgwick

For free specification service and engineering recommendations, write:

SEDGWICK MACHINE WORKS 142 W. 15th St., NEW YORK 11, N. Y.

lock specifications simplified

The new Schlage Specification Guide and Selector Chart indicates clearly which Schlage lock operation will best serve each door, and lists the equivalent federal specification number.

Write for this practical easy-to-use lock reference guide.

SCHLAGE®

SCHLAGE LOCK COMPANY, Bayshore Boulevard
San Francisco, California



FEDERAL Teatherweight STRUCTURAL CONCRETE PRECAST ROOF SLABS

Go On FAST — Go On FOREYER

- ▶ PERMANENT LIGHT WEIGHT 4
- ► FIRE SAFE NEVER DETERIORATE -
- ► NO PAINTING -NO MAINTENANCE ◀
- ► INSTALLED IN ANY WEATHER 4

Ideal for Industrial and Public Buildings of Any Size and for Every Purpose

CHANNEL ROOF DECK SLABS for use with composition covering.

NAILING CONCRETE SLABS to hold ornamental roof securely.

See Our Catalog in Sweet's or write ...

FEDERAL CEMENT TILE COMPANY 608 South Dearborn St. — Chicago 5, Illinois For Forty-five Years . . Scles Offices in Principal Cities



African mahogany, swirl

FINE

TENEERS

Beautiful, warm vene is are more and more being combined with glass, conclute and aluminum. The results are outstanding. There are to many types of hard and softwood veneers now available that the number of effects obtainable is limited on the by the architect's imagination. Should you have any veleer problems, contact us or one of our experienced representatives. There is one located in every major market. A modern mill and warehouse, operated by skilled workmen, assures the best in service and veneers.

CHESTER B. STEM, INC.

785 Grant Line Road New Albany, Ind.

Customers Expect More From STEM and They Get It



30 years of experience is your assurance that the veneers listed below are the finest.

American Walnut . . . Avodire Hard Maple . . . White Ash . . . Yellow Poplar . . . Cherry . . . Indiana Soft Textured White and Red Oak . . . Butternut . . . Prima Vera . . . Honduras and African Mahogany . . . Knotty Pine . . . Sapeli . . . Special logs for special places.



DOUBLE MAIL BOX Design 5104

QUALITY MAIL CHUTES & BOXES FOR 69 YEARS



Discover the Better LOW-COST WAY

to build masonry walls of Enduring Beauty

With custom-designed, butt welded Dur-O-wal. Because of the quality hardness of the steel and manufacturing precision, Dur-O-wal readily falls into place. Stiff, electrically-welded Dur-O-wal eliminates the wasteful inefficiency of unwieldy rods. Dur-O-wal's trussed design incorporates architecture's oldest reinforcing principle . . . provides both vertical and horizontal reinforcing of the highest rating. Avoid substitutes . . . insist on genuine Dur-O-waL for top per-



The backbone of steel for **EVERY** masonry wall. Write plant nearest you

Pur-Q-wal Products, Inc. P. O. Box 628 Syracuse 1, New York

SPEED WORK ON PROJECTS



contractor ingenuity—By using a suspension boom, here is how one contractor saved time by welding five 21-ft. Ric-wil. units together above-ground before lowering into trench.

WITH RIC-WIL PREFABRICATED INSULATED PIPING

SPEED "on-the-job" is a major factor in the installation of underground piping — from the standpoint of costs, man hours, and interruption of vital utility services.

Whether you are piping steam, hot water, oil, or process liquids, Ric-wiL prefabricated units are designed for quick, economical installation. Furnished in 21-ft. lengths, pipe and insulation per job specifications

are pre-assembled inside a heavy-duty conduit housing for permanent protection and high efficiency.

FORM 5205

will acquaint you with the complete range of Ric-wil piping systems and related products. related products. Furnished on request.



UNDERGROUND OR OVERHEAD

THE RIC-WIL COMPANY - CLEVELAND, O.

Give your designs WORKING WALLS with



PANELS and

METAL HANGERS



for complete descriptive literature write

B. BUTLER MFG. CO., INC., 3150 Randolph, Bellwood, Illinois

Doubly-Profitable Remodeling Tip:

install labor-saving

MATOT DUMB WAITERS

Help yourself and your clients in these days of high material handling costs by installing labor-saving Matot

Only MATOT offers extra automatic features for faster service and trouble-free operation.

Hotels, restaurants, institutions, schools, industry and commercial buildings will profit with MATOT installations. Obviously, there's profit in such installations for you too.

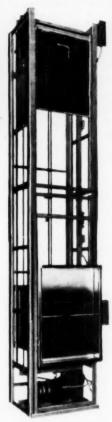
MATOT Equipment Includes:

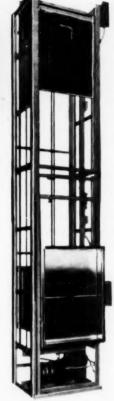
- Electric Dumb Waiters
- Hand Powered Dumb Waiters
- Hand Powered Elevators
- Invalid Elevators

See Sweet's File 33A for complete information, or write now for 8-page MATOT Catalog and Specification Guide.

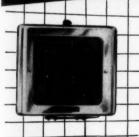
D. A. MATOT, INC.

1539 W. Altgeld St. . Chicago 14. III.









MODEL WJA

BATHROOM HEATER

For BEAUTIFUL BATHROOMS— that add sales-appeal to your houses— install Electromode Automatic Wall Heaters. Choice of gleaming chrome or baked-on white enamel finish to harmonize with other fix-tures. Also ideal for nursery or any small room.

- **►** AUTOMATIC
- MODERN DESIGNS
- ► CAPACITIES FOR ALL SIZES
- ► EFFICIENT
- ► QUIET, FAN-CIRCULATED HEAT
- ► QUICK, CLEAN, HEALTHFUL
- ► EASY-TO-INSTALL

Completely **SAFE**

Only Electromode has the sealed-in CAST-ALUMINUM HEAT-ING ELEMENT. No danger of fire, shock or burn. Automatic safety switch prevents overheat-ing.

For BIG COLD ROOMS

Model WA Electro-mode Automatic Down-Flo Wall Heat-ers. Handsome silver grey hammertone finish. 1500 to 4000



Approved by Underwriters' Laboratories

ELECTROMODE CORPORATION

DEPT. AR-43

45 CROUCH ST., ROCHESTER 3, N. Y.

Goosey Model **DUAL DRAINAGE CONTROL VALVE** HAS BOTH ... Manually Operated Gate Valve Swing Check Valve FASILY **ACCESSIBLE** FOR CLEANING

... To Protect Against Sewer Back Flooding!

Properly installed according to local building codes, the Boosey Model 109 will provide dependable protection for stored merchandise and valuables. Basement flood conditions due to back pressure flooding from the street sewer can now be controlled either manually or automatically with the Boosey Model 109.

Manufacturers of complete Boosey line of Floor, Shower, Urinal and Roof Drains-Grease Interceptors, Back-water Valves, Vacuum Breakers and Fixed Air Gaps. Send for complete literature.

SEND FOR SPECIAL LITERATURE ON **BASEMENT FLOOD PROTECTION**

NORMAN BOOSEY MFG. CO.

General Sales Office 5281 AVERY AVENUE

DETROIT & MICHIGAN



SAFETY STAIR NOSING

In all types of buildings . . . wherever there are stairs . . . you can eliminate slipping hazards, protect and preserve architectural beauty with TUFF-TRED Safety Stair Nosings. Made of polished extruded aluminum. Anti-slip, with semiresilient filler containing better than 60% abrasive grains. May be used with any resilient floor covering 1/8" thick, or over. Standard length 12 feet; colors-tile red, brown, gray and black. Investigate TUFF-TRED and you'll understand why this stair nosing is used so extensively ... for the extra margin of safety and durability so important today. A few choice distributorships and dealerships are available. Write, wire or 'phone ...

GOODLOE E. MOORE

INCORPORATED

DANVILLE, ILLINOIS

In Canada: W. D. ELMSLIE, Ltd. 409 Notre Dame St., West, Montreal 11, Quebec

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 12)

Cole and HHFA

He said he was convinced, at this stage, that decent and sanitary housing could be developed for more low-income people than at present, and be developed while at the same time meeting the objections he has to public housing in certain forms.

At another point in his testimony, Mr. Cole pretty well summed up his views. Answering Senator Ives' request for his definition of "discrimination" in housing, Mr. Cole said:

"... I have felt it (the program) provided certain people with privileged housing. That other people in exactly the same circumstances, with exactly the same need, with exactly the same requirements, were not privileged to enter these fine houses. I think it is a wonderful thing that those people who have them have been able to do so. But the other people have been unable to secure these houses.

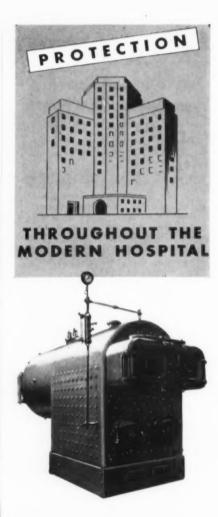
"Then the people say, 'Well, we must start someplace and we must begin today. We must build a house and other houses and add to them in order that we will meet the total need."

"The point I make is that the total need may be six million families in America. If we have six million families who may possibly require assistance because of their low incomes, that may mean that we have 15 to 18 million people housed by the government.

"As I see the program and the attitude of Congress toward it, . . . it does not occur to me that this Congress . . . in this session or the next session, either Republican-controlled or Democratic-controlled, will authorize sufficient houses for those six million families.

"I think it will take 100 to 200 years to do it in the manner in which we are now doing it. I believe that we can carry out an activity, we can develop a housing program which will give to more people a broader base; more people in the lower-income brackets more housing, more decent, safe and sanitary housing."

At one point during the hearing, Mr. Cole said he was convinced the government had been reactionary and static in its housing program: "I think we can go ahead with one of the greatest housing programs that this country has ever seen."



TITUSVILLE "WP" FIREBOX BOILERS All Welded—Any Fuel

Unfailing dependability in meeting hospital heat and power requirements around the calendar! That's the essential characteristic of the famous Titusville "WP" Firebox Boiler. With precision die-formed steel plates fusion-welded into a single structure, this boiler remains tight under all operating conditions—no overlapping seams, rivets or screwed stays to cause trouble. High in efficiency—low in maintenance—easy to clean . . . get detailed "WP" facts in our free Bulletin B-3030.





ARCHITECTURAL
HARDWARE
Manufacturers for 27 years

Manufacturers for 27 years of quality Specialty Builders Hardware Brass, Bronze, Aluminum and Stainless Steel. Originators of Packaged metal and Panelyte Kick and Push Plates.

Catalog on Request

CIPCO CORPORATION
22nd and COLE STREET . ST LOUIS 6 MISSOURI

When to specify a HEV-E-OIL® Burner

For original or conversion installations in buildings:

- 1. with more than 1500 sq. ft. of radiation
- 2. using 6000 gals. or more of oil per year
- 3. using 45 tons or more of coal per year

Simple to install, easy to maintain, HEV-E-OIL Burners are Underwriters approved; use nationally known, standard controls: meet all codes, Burn thrifty Nos. 4 or 5 heavy oils containing 8% to 10% more heat and costing 20% to 30% less than standard light oil. A low-pressure, airtatomizing burner designed especially to burn No. 5 oil without preheating. Equipped with automatic electric ignition (no gas-pilots required).

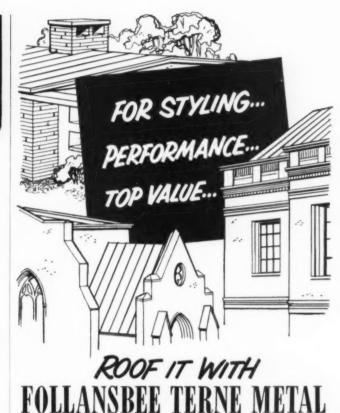
HEV-E-OIL Burners are available in oil, gas, and combination gas/oil fired models: sizes 1 to 60 gph. Get all the facts today.

New Bulletin AD-102 gives you complete facts on HEV-E-OIL Burners. Write for your capy NOW.



BURNER DIVISION CLEAVER-BROOKS COMPANY
Dept. D-387 E. Keefe Avenue, Milwaukee 12, Wisconsin





You get all of these advantages in one roofing material when you specify Follansbee Terne Metal

- Top Value. Follansbee Terne Metal is permanent, lifetime roofing.
- Client acceptance. Follansbee Terne Metal is always acceptable. It has been America's favorite metal roofing for more than a century.
- Unlimited design possibilities. Especially adaptable to flat or low pitch roofs. Unlimited roof and trim color combinations possible.
- Ductile, easy to install. Expansion and contraction are never a problem with Terne!
- Fireproof, windproof, weatherproof. Resists electrolysis . . . flashes with any metal.

On your proudest jobs, be sure of maximum, trouble-free roof protection. Specify Follansbee Terne Metal Roofing—tops in beauty...performance...value.



for your "big jobs"

Follansbee 40 lb. Coated Terne Metal is now available nationally through leading distributors.

FOLLANSBEE STEEL CORPORATION

GENERAL OFFICES, PITTSBURGH 30, PA.

POLISHED BLUE SHEETS AND COILS SEAMLESS TERNE ROLL ROOFING COLD ROLLED STRIP

Sales Ofices—New York, Philadelphia, Rochester, Cleveland, Detroit, Milwaukee. Sales Agents—Chicago, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Nashville, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle; Toronto and Montreal, Canada. Mills—Follansbee, West Virginia

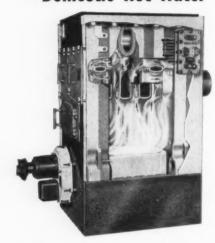
FOLLANSBEE METAL WAREHOUSES
Pittsburgh, Pa. Rochester, N.Y. Fairfield, Conn.



ED

EXTRA

- Heating Capacity
- Domestic Hot Water



THE H. B. SMITH "2,000" BOILER-BURNER UNIT

Take full advantage of forced hot water heat by planning to provide for heavy domestic hot water requirements with a tankless heater built in the boiler. This is the lowest first cost and lowest operating cost method of supplying hot water.

The new H. B. Smith "2000" boiler-burner unit with its over-size five gallon a minute heater is not only the finest boiler available for heating the larger home, but easily handles the hot water load for two or more baths, dishwasher, automatic clothes washer and other appliances. For that good house job that must be right, specify the H. B. Smith "2000"!



THE H. B. SMITH CO., INC. WESTFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 48)

caution urges the reader to consider accuracy, convenience, life expectancy and safety in selecting power tools. A savings of a few dollars cannot replace quality in a precision tool.

Next in the sequence is a list of the basic power tools as well as the order and reason for their purchase: the circular saw, jointer, jig or scroll saw, drill press, belt of disk sander, lather, grinder and shaper. To afford an efficient work area, a workshop plan is evolved. Offering no cut or dried rules, the author urges readers to fit their shops to individual needs. However, he does provide detailed drawings for building work benches and storage units, and he offers sound suggestions for storing hard-to-find parts.

Throughout the text, Mr, Hamilton consistently foresees and answers possible questions that might arise in the reader's mind. In the preliminary discussion of tools, he handles the problems of power output — a frequent source of trouble to the novice — explaining both power units for specific tools, and ways to get the best performance from motors. Later, he covers each tool in detail, discussing its component parts and various uses.

The book is illustrated with excellent photographs, drawings and diagrams, each found on the same page as the discussion of the operation it describes, thus eliminating the necessity of searching through the book for graphic evidence of a text passage.

Any novice, ready to set up shop, can help himself to a fine start by using "Power Tools for the Home Craftsman" as a working guide. For the experienced worker the book is well worth the moderate price, even if needed only to supply information on one of the nine tools discussed in detail. Richard W. Fiske.

BOOKS RECEIVED

The Architectufe of Baltimore, A Pictorial History. By Richard Hubbard Howland and Eleanor Patterson Spencer. Edited by Wilbur H. Hunter, Jr. Foreword by Henry-Russell Hitchcock. Sponsored by the Peale Museum. (The Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore, Md.) 1953. 8½ by 11¼ in. 149 pp., illus.

Industry in Towns. By Gordon Logie; preface by W. G. Halford. George Allen and Unwin Ltd. (London, England) 1952. 7½ by 10 in. 376 pp., illus.

Manual of Hospital Maintenance. Publication M 22–52. American Hospital Association. (18 E. Division St., Chicago 10, Ill.) 1952. 6 by 9 in. 116 pp.



Electronic Specialization



It's easy to include automatic ice machines in your planning IF you have the necessary facts and figures. These two bulletins, recently released by Vogt, list sizes and capacities, outline the operation principle and list such specifications as weight, water connections, the refrigerant and electric requirements, etc. Please write for your free copies.

HENRY VOGT MACHINE CO., Louisville, Ky. BRANCH OFFICES: New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cleveland St. Louis, Dallas, Charleston, W. Va.



make of Rolling Gymnasium Seating.

A look at the sight line drawing above will show you how Wayne Gymstands offer greater visibility— another reason why Wayne Gymstands offer

If you'd like more information about Rolling Gymstands or gymnasium planning assistance—write to us. We'll be glad to cooperate with you.



WAYNE IRON WORKS

148 N. PEMBROKE AVE. . WAYNE, PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF GYMSTANDS AND GRANDSTANDS

A STREET, STRE



Write 7oday!

for complete technical information on Alumiseal Insulation and Vapor Barrier Construction. Report of heat meter tests after 4 years' operation proves efficiency 3 to 5% better than initial published values. Engineering facts show reason for selection of Alumiseal Insulation and Vapor Barrier Construction by leading architects for:

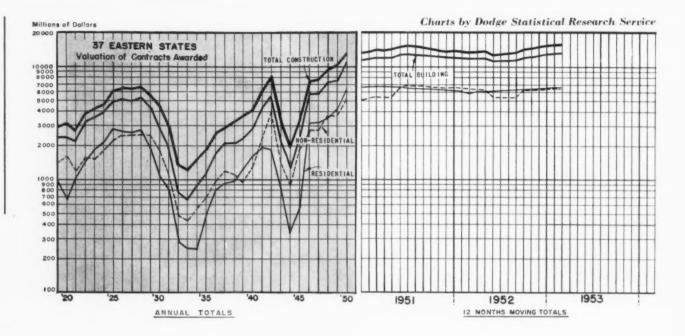
- · Hospitals and institutions
- · Humidity control and constant temperature rooms
- Bakeries, commissaries and restaurants
- Dairy and ice cream storage
- · Fruit storage
- · Fur storage
- Grocery and frozen food warehouses and super markets
- Low temperature test facilities

C. T. HOGAN and CO., Inc.

C. T. Hogan & C 383 Madison Av			k 17, N. Y		
Please send me tests:	your	Technical	Bulletins	and report	on heat meter
Name					
City					
State	****			******	

I

CURRENT TRENDS IN CONSTRUCTION



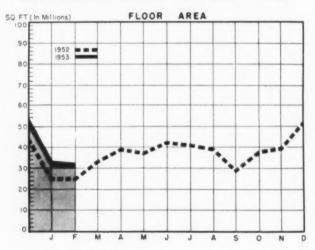
CONSTRUCTION UP 17% OVER 1952

Construction activity is continuing at a high level, with most types of work showing increases over 1952. Total valuation of contract awards in 37 Eastern states as reported by F. W. Dodge Corporation was up 17% over booming 1952 during the first two months. During this period commercial building valuation rose 59% over 1952, and residential was up 20%. The increase in residential contracts was running ahead of earlier predictions. The rise included both single family houses and apartments.

Effects of the reduction or elimination of controls were apparent in many types of architectural work. Social and recreational building contracts during the first two months increased from \$14,358,000 in '52 to \$24,027,000 in '53. Religious building contracts increased from \$24,667,000 to \$38,859,000. Both school and hospital work were slightly ahead of the record volume of last year. Hotel work increased sharply from \$3,853,000 to \$10,566,000. Heavy engineering contracts increased from \$394,058,000 to \$437,339,000.

Single Family Houses 1947–53 (37 Eastern States) (Contract Awards—Millions of Dollars)						
Year	Annual Total	Monthly Average	Year	Annual Total	Monthly	
1947	2,135	178	1950	5,073	423	
1948	2,611	218	1951	4,531	377	
1949	2,846	237	1952	5,070	422	
		Month	ly Totals			
	Monthly		Monthly		Monthl	
1952	Total	1952	Total	1953	Total	
Jan.	269	July	480	Jan.	324	
Feb.	298	Aug.	478	Feb.	324	
Mar.	400	Sept.	445			
Apr.	437	Oct.	490			
May	600	Nov.	406			
June	467	Dec.	300			
Year	5,070					

NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDING (37 EASTERN STATES)



RESIDENTIAL BUILDING (37 EASTERN STATES)

